IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS

—THE—

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"

CIRCULATES WIDELY

AMONG THE MONEYED CLASSES.

THE

Bombay Gazette.

No. 56,147.—NEW SERIES BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA

THE OFFICES OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" are now situated IN :: HOMJI :: STREET ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.

Where all communications must be Addressed.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. MAIL SERVICE.

BOMBAY to MARSEILLES in ... ... 13 DAYS

BOMBAY to LONDON vis MARSEILLES by rail in... 14 DAYS.

BOMBAY to PLYMOUTH by sea in ... ... 19 DAYS.

BOMBAY to LONDON by sea in ... ... 20 DAYS.

With liberty to call at Brindisi and Malta.

The abovementioned improved transit will commence from 1st January, 1914.

Date of Sailing	Steamers.	Tons	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1913				
27thDec.	PERSIA	8000	.....	..
1914				
3rd Jan.	SALSETTE ...	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
10th ,,	DELTA	8000	.....	...
17th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MALWA	11000
24th ,,	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
31st ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
7th Feb.	MANTUA ...	11000	.....	...
14th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MOREA	11000
21st ,,	CALEDONIA	8000	.....	...
28th ,,	MALOJA	12500	.....	...
7th Mar.	PERSIA ...	8000	.....	...
14th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MARMORA ...	10500
21st ,,	MACEDONIA	10500	.....	...
28th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MOLDAVIA ...	10000
1st Apl.	HIMALAYA	7000	.....	...
4th ,,	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
11th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MEDINA	12500
18th ,,	MANTUA ...	11000	.....	...
25th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MONGOLIA ...	10000
29th ,,	ARCADIA ...	7000	.....	..
2nd May	CALEDONIA	8000	.....	..
9th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MALWA	11000
16th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	..

All the above Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMERS.

The S.S. "HIMALAYA," 7,000 tons will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 1st APRIL, 1914:—

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 4 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, the 29th APRIL, 1914:—

Direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES as follows:—

	SINGLE.		RETURN.	
	"A" rate.	"B" rate.	"A" rate.	"B" rate.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To MARSEILLES.	594 or	445	891 or	742-8
To LONDON	627 or	523	940-8 or	792

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers, for the Straits, China and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

ELLERMAN'S CITY & HALL LINES

(JOINT SERVICE.)

SAILINGS. 1913-14.

TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay about	Leave Karachi about
¶Trafford Hall .....A	5321	....	30th Dec.
City of Athens.....A & C	6594	.....	7th Jan.
City of Poona .....A & C	7467	21st Jan.	...
City of BirminghamA & C	7475*	23rd Feb.	31st Feb
City of Calcutta A & C	7630*	12th Mar	19th Mar
Trafford Hall ... .A	5321	21st Mar.	...
City of Manchester. A & C	6661	....	25th Mar
City of Paris .....A & C	9232*	13th April	11th Apr
City of Karachi ....A & C	5466	.....	22nd Apr
City of Lahore ....A & C	6675	.....	2nd Apr
City of BirminghamA & C	7475	27th May	25th May

¶Calling at Genoa and Manchester.
*Calling at Bombay (for passengers only.

Excepting the Trafford Hall all other steamers carry 1st and 2nd Class Passengers.

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles ..	573	891	429	649
London via Marseilles..	653	1,091	489	809
Liverpool ..	605	957	462	704
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool..	..	999	..	737

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C Class steamers carry a duly-qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The fares advertised include Free passage by the B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and viceversa.

Through booking in connection with Norddeutscher Lloyd and Dutch Line.

Most of the above steamers are fitted with

"WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

Bombay:—Messrs. Edward Bates & Sons, Agency,

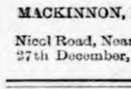
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,

Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd

JOB PRINTING—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, Homjee Street, Fort

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.



INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Docks.

Steamers Tons Sailing Date Time Route via.
Lunga.....2,185 Mon. 29th Dec. 11 a.m. P. D. & C.M.
Kola.....1,205 Thurs. 1st Jan. 9 a. m. † C.M.
Lhasa.....2,184 Friday 2nd Jan. ‡ 6 a. m. direct.

* Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.
† Cutch Mandvi.
‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly)

S. S. "Kola," 1,205 tons, on Thursday, 1st January, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly.)

S. S "Barjora," 3,164 tons, on Thursday, the 1st January, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Ling a Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on
†Purnea	3306	Thursday 8th Jan.
*Pentakota	3418	,, 22nd ,,
†Pundua	3305	,, 5th Feb.
*Palamcotta	3413	,, 19th ,,

† Calls at Lamoo, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.
*Calls at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings with onward connection to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.

Nicol Road, Near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.
27th December, 1913.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital .....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors .....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 17,450,000
Gold Reserve Fund .....£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

Advisory Committee in London.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Johore
Bangkok	Johora	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
		,, Hongkew.
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hankow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accured amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

40, Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... ,, 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... ,, 18,550,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antang-Hsien	Nagasaki
Bombay	Newchang
Calcutta	New York
Changchun	Osaka
Dairen (Dalny)	Pekin
Hankow	Ryojun (Port Arthur.)
Hongkong	San Francisco
Honolulu	Shanghai
Kobe	Tihling
Lioyaang	Tientsin
London	Tsingtau
Lyons	Tokyo
Los Angeles, Cal, U.S.A.	Harbin (North Manchuria).
Fengtien (Mukden)	

CURRENT DEPOSITS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed on two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay

SHIPPING.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD S. N. CO.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Semiramis	3999.	P. Pavisich	1st Jan. '14.
Cleopatra	4039.	R. Huber	16th Jan. ,,
Graz	3905 ,,	.....	1st Feb. ,,

Homeward Passenger Season 1914.

(ACCELERATED SERVICE.)

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich.	10th Feb.
*Semiramis	3999	P. Pavisich	20th Feb.
Cleopatra	4039	R. Huber	1st Mar.
Gablonz	8000	G. Gilhuber	10th Mar.
*Graz	05	.....	20th Mar.
Marienbad	8000	B. Bednarz	1st April.
Habsburg	3978	E. Seberich.	10th April
*Semiramis	4039	P. Pavisich	20th April.
Gablonz	8000	G. Gilhuber	1st May
Cleopatra	3999	R. Huber	10th May.
*Marienbad	8000	B. Bednarz	20th May.
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich.	1st June.

*Call at Karachi on the 22nd and leave on the 24th.

ORDINARY SERVICE *via* KARACHI

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
Nippon	6350	M. Franovich	28th Dec. 1914.
Fr. Ferdinand	6046	A. Leva	28th Jan.
China.	6017	E. Tarabochia	26th Feb
Vorwaerts	5990	S. Cliunak	28th Mar.
Austria	7588	D Cosulich	1st May.
Nippon	6350	M. Franovich	30th May.
Persia	5895	M. de Nardo	30th June.
Fr. Ferdinand.	6046	A. Leva	1st Aug.

All the above steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

FARES ACCELERATED LINE.

SALOON CLASS.

To Trieste or Venice .. ..Rs. 500
,, Trieste or Venice and back .. ,, 750
,, London via Trieste ..Rs. 579 to 644*
,, London via Trieste and back Rs. 908 to Rs. 1,038*

INTERMEDIATE CLASS.

To Trieste or Venice .. ..Rs. 350
,, Trieste or Venice and back .. ,, 525
,, London via Trieste Rs. 429 to 449†
,, London via Trieste and back Rs. 682 to 722†

*Fares according to class of Railway.
†Fares according to route on Railways.

FARES ORDINARY LINES.

SALOON CLASS

To Trieste or Venice .. ..Rs. 450
,, Trieste or Venice and back .. ,, 675
,, London via Trieste .. .. ,, 529 to 594†
,, London via Trieste and back . ,, 833 to 963†

† Fares according to Route and Class on Railways.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS.

ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON Single and return tickets are issued via Trieste, by the St. Gothards, Tauern, and other routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or by Marittima Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by Austrian Lloyd from Trieste to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about
Vorwaerts..	5990	S. Cliunak	6th Jany. 1914.

For further particulars regarding passages apply to—

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co.,
52, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

HAVE YOU GOT THAT "TIRED FEELING," "LACK OF ENERGY" AND "WEARINESS?"

Then surely it is the significance of poor appetite. The sure way to acquire a good appetite is to take the most healthful and up-building tonic,

ATANK NIGRAH PILLS

the best tonic digestive medicine yet known. They gently soothe the tired nerves, make digestion easy, give strength and vigour to the system, and impart youthful beauty.

Price Re. 1 for a tin of 32 Pills.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

VAIDYA SHASTRI

MANISHANKER GOVINDJI.

KALBADEVI, BOMBAY.

BRASSO

The Finest Polish FOR all metal works is

BRASSO

Stocked in all Bazars.

YULETIDE CLAIM.

From this day and to the end of December there will be a DISCOUNT of 20 per cent., or

RUPEES 2 IN EVERY 10
,, 4 ,, ,, 20
,, 10 ,, ,, 50
,, 20 ,, ,, 100

OF ALL MARCKS' JEWELRY, WATCHES, SILVER, ELECTRO-PLATE AND SOLID CUT GLASS PURCHASED FOR CASH.

The largest stock of desirable and most welcome Christmas and New Year gifts in Bombay marked in plain figures.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

BANKS.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies' (Consolidation) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP £450,000
RESERVE .....£ 80,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawalpindi, Muree, and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made. ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge

INSURANCE of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE, AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs Cox & Co, SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOKS supplied on application

A copy of the Half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S.W.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,700,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:

88, Bishopsgate London, E.C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Amritsar	Hongkong	New York
Bangkok	Iloilo	Penang
Batavia	Ipoh	Puket
Bombay	Karachi	Rangoon
Calcutta	Klang	Saigon
Canton	Kobe	Seremban
Cebu	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Colombo		Singapore
Delhi	Madras	Sourabaya
Foochow	Malacca	Taiping, (F.M.S.)
Hamburg	Manila	
Hankow	Medan	Tientsin
		Yokohama

Correspondents in all the principal city of the world.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS RECEIVED on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

Office Hours 10-30 a.m. to 4 p.m.
SATURDAY, 10-30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

JOHN GREIG,
Agent.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ....Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP .... ,, 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... ,, 5,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS & CASH CREDITS

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of the constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager,

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL £1,000,000
RESERVE FUND £1,040,000

HEAD OFFICE:—

26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta	Cochin	Zanzibar
Bombay	Chittagong	Mombassa
Madras	Rangoon	Nairobi
Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
Amritsar	Kandy	Jinja
Delhi	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits FIXED for one year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed, when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia, purchased and collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, and Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities.

Post Box No. 161, BOMBAY. RALPH KIDD, Acting Manager.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils,
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand,
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease,
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150o	in cases.
White Rose	150o	,, ,,
Chester	125o	,, ,,
Devoe's	125o	,, ,,
Monkey	125o	,, ,,

These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.

Elephant 125o in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT.

Retail Agents for Bombay.

Messrs. F. M. CHINOY & Co., DUNCAN ROAD.

LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS } SHELL SPIRIT IS IMPORTED INTO INDIA ONLY BY { LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO. (INDIA), LTD.,

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS AND KARACHI.

ORDERS FOR

THE NEW YEAR

NOW REGISTERED AT

MONGINI BROTHERS

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS.

A LARGE SELECTION OF BEAUTIFUL PRESENTATION BOXES OF CHOCOLATES.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S s.s. "NIPPON" from JAPAN and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of the arrival of the Steamer, and requested to take IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their (wooden planks) GOODS, landed at the Prince's Dock "H" Shed.

The Company's SURVEYOR, Captain METCALFE, will attend every morning to survey damages.

APPLICATIONS for SURVEYS must reach the Undersigned in time, so that the SURVEY can take place latest in the MORNING of the SEVENTH DAY.

ALL CLAIMS for shortages and damages must be sent in within ONE MONTH of the Steamer's arrival, or they WILL NOT BE PAID.

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO holding Austrian Lloyd's Bill of Lading per s.s. "ORSEOLO" of the Venice Steam Navigation Co., are hereby informed of the arrival of the Steamer, and requested to apply to this OFFICE for DELIVERY ORDERS and to take IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS, landed at the Victoria Dock, Shed No. 15.

The SURVEYOR, Captain HARDCASTALE, will attend every morning to survey damages. All claims must be sent in within THREE DAYS only after the final discharge of BAGS CARGO otherwise they will not be entertained.

APPLICATION for SURVEY must reach the AGENT of the VENEZIANA S. N. Company in time, so that the SURVEY can take place at latest on the MORNING of the THIRD DAY.

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Coy.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Venice Steam Navigation Coy.'s S. S. "ORSEOLO," from VENICE and INTERMEDIATE PORTS are hereby informed of the Vessel's arrival and requested to take immediate delivery of their Goods, landed at the Victoria Dock, No. 15 Shed.

The Company's Surveyor, Captain Hardcastle, will attend every morning to survey damages. No application for survey of Cargo in bags will be entertained THREE DAYS after the final discharge of bag Cargo; for other Cargo all claims must be adjusted within seven days after the discharge of the respective Cargo, otherwise they will not be entertained. No survey can be allowed seven days after landing or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

Applications for Survey must reach the Undersigned in time, so that the survey can take place at the latest on the morning of the third day for cargo and seventh for other cargo, respectively.

G. FERRERO,
Agent, Venice Steam Navigation Co.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED, on WEDNESDAY, and THURSDAY, the 31st instant and 1st proximo, being Public Holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ALTERATIONS OF TRAINS.

ON and from 1st January, 1914, the timings of the following Passenger Trains on the G.I.P. system will be ALTERED :—

205	Down Manmad Fast Passenger Train between Dhond and Manmad.
204	Up Dhond Fast Passenger Train between Manmad and Dhond.
206	Up Dhond Fast Passenger Train between Manmad and Dhond.
15	Down South East Passenger Train between Malthan and Pomalwadi.
725	Down Mixed Train between Betul and Itarsi.
726	Up Mixed Train between Itarsi and Betul.
15	Down B. B. and C. I. Railway Express Train between Muttra and Delhi.
20	Up Fast Passenger Train between Delhi Main and Asaoti.
709	Down Mixed Train between Agra Cantt. and Agra Fort.
712	Up Mixed Train between Agra Fort and Agra Cantt.
37	Down Sholapur Mixed between Poona and Dhond.
38	Up Mixed between Dhond and Poona.

For particulars see Sheet Time Table or apply to Station Masters or undersigned.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 24th December, 1913.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MESSRS. FAVRE-LEUBA AND CO., LTD., beg to notify that they are REMOVING TO BUDRI MAHAL, 217 and 219 Hornby Road, Bombay, and business will be carried on there from December 28th, 1913. The new premises are next to Messrs. Evans and Fraser, and opposite The Singer Sewing Machine Co.

WHISKY NOGGIN

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one of his exclusive town it becomes unnecessary to urge he importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obstrusive "half or full peg Sir?" sounds too business like.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA

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On account of the Underwriters 18 drums Genuine double boiled linseed oil and 5 keys paint.

AT 2 P. M. (S. T.)

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in very good order.
1 second-hand glass fronted miniature brougham.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 grey arab, quiet in harness.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

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On MONDAY, the 29th instant at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No 6, Grant Buildings, Colaba, the valuable handsome teakwood and blackwood, household furniture rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, dining table and chairs sideboard and dumbwaiters drawing-room sofas, chairs and easy chairs, drawing-room cabinet, glass door almyrahs, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, rich pictures and oleographs, marble top dressing and washhand tables, teapoys one large of wearing apparels brass and iron single and double bedsteads Hink's and Bitmar's table and hanging lamps, rich carpets one Zanzibar parrot with brass cage, etc, etc., the property of the late Mr. H. POOLE of Richardson and Cruddas and others.

The property is now on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On TUESDAY, the 30th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by public Auction at "The Cabin" Colaba, opposite the Post Office, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture by Roberts, Dewji Canji and others, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, dining table in 4 pieces, arms and without arm chairs, sideboard and dumbwaiters, one drawing room velvet lined set drawing room cabinets, chiffioneres glass door almyrahals, zoonda cubboard, China glass, tapestry door curtains, marble top pier tables with pier glass, one handsome sweettoned ebonised cottage piano, one revolving top office table, old China jars vases wall plates and figures, oil painting and water colours, blackwood carved furniture, one hand sewing machine, ladies' Devenport marble top dressing and washhand tables, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, 3 lighted bronze hanging lamps, Singapore cane furniture, elabaster vases, China and coir matting, copper utensils, Hyderabad carpets, a large collection of choice and rare plahts in tubs and pots with stands, etc., etc., the property of S. COLONNELLO, Esq.

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One rubber tyred low Buggy with hood and coupes English wire wheels suitable for 14-1 up to 15-1 hands horse in excellent condition built to order.

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The property will be on view three days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF PEARLS.

On MONDAY, the 5th January next at 4 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of Mr. Bapulal Lalloobhoy Javeri on account and risk of Mr. L. E. Neepy :—

12 Pearls, weighing about 46 chows.

The parcel which has been sealed will be open at the time of sale.

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The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Banca, 3,794 tons, Captain A. B. Garwood arrived in harbour on Friday from London, November 28, with a general cargo.

The steamer Rysbergen, 2,305 tons, Captain J. Burger, arrived here on Friday from Calcutta, December 15, with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Euphorbia, 2,444 tons, Captain W. T. Steven, which arrived here on Wednesday evening from Penarth, November 24, with a cargo of coal.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Palamcotta, 2,208 tons, Captain Eaton, sailed on Friday for Durban, etc., with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Hellas, 849 tons, Captain M. Berg; which arrived in harbour on Christmas Day from Baugkok December 4, brought a cargo of timber, and silk.

The Japan Line steamer Bombay Maru 3398 tons, Captaid M. Tozawa, arrived here on Thursday from Kobe, November 21, with a general cargo.

The P. and O. S. N. Company's steamer China 4161 tons, Captain C. H. Toeque, arrived here on Friday from London December 5 with mails a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Ikaura, 3362 tons Captain H. Chadley, arrived here on Thursday, from Port Lams December 13 with a cargo of sugar and 2 cabin and 44 deck passengers,

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Lhasa 951 tons, Captain H. Mauley, saield on Friday for Karachi with mails a general cargo and Passengers.

The steamer Inverness 2401 tons Captain J. E. Venus, arrived here on Thursday from Calcutta December 12 with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Gujarat 2867 tons Captain E N K Blackmore, arrived in harbour on Friday from London November 23 via Karachi with a general cargo and explosives.

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H. M. S. Swiftsure ..Comdr ..Royal Navy R A Nugent. Flagship
H M S Pelorus .....Comdr RN..... R Navy
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Arcadia ..... 3513 Barcham..... P & O Co
Begonia....2246 Hawes .....
Blenmoor ..... 2403 Blakal .....T M & Co
Baron Ardrossan....2774 Reid .....K N & Co
Blake .....2299 Hill.....A Yule & Co
Banca .....3794 Garwood .....P & O Co
Bombay Maru....3398 Tozawa....Banckok .....N Y Kaisha
Clan Mackintosh ...3043 Lisnox ..J Finlay&Co
City of Corinth ..3773 Gordon .....K N Co
China .....4151 Tooque.....P & O Co
Con of Ogil ....3616 Jarvis .....T M & Co
Euphorbia ..2444 Steven .....
Elr .....2748 Marenson.....W & A G & Co
Errington Court.....2782 Lewis .....
Gujarat .... 2367 Blackmore .....
Hellas .....849 Berg.....F F Campbell & Co
Hiroshco .....994 Fanning...T Morrison & Co
Inverness.... 2401 Venus.....
Ikaura.....3362 Chadley ..... M M & Co
India .....4198 Talbot.....P & O Co
Inverness.... ..3410 Venus .....W & A G & Co
Itonus.....3401 Figgots.....
Ittinda ..... 3397 McClelland.....M M Co
Khosrou.....2410 Hannah...Jed ... T M & Co
Kander .....1865 S Smith...Jeddah...W M K
Kasara .....504 King .....M M & Co
Kola .....810 Denne .....M M & Co
Kalibia .....3149 Stewart .....M M & Co
Nippon.....4015 Franovich.....A L S N Co
Ocean.....2460 Christiansen .....
Oreolo .....2815 Chiesa .....Venice S N Co
Pundua .....2126 Hancock .....M M & Co
Rysbergen.....2305 Burger.....
Rydal Hall.....2139 Leaf.....K N & Co
Saiyati .....1041 Kano .....A M Jivanji & Co
Weissenfels ..2438 Klatzenhoff...W & A G & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Dec. 26.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Biondo	2792	Chittoe	...Hull	27-12	J Finlay & Co
B Vassiello Constantino			Glentyles		Port Said
				23-12	Ralli Bros.
C&R Sangola	3649	Williar	...Calcutta	27-12	M M & Co
D&E Sebtan	2711	Forbes	...2-1-14		M M&Co
F Colaba	3999	Ross	...Antwerp	1-14	M M & Co
K Assaye	4359	Coldwell	...China		P & O Co
M S Stefel		3643	Kripgaar	...Hull	N F ... W & A G & Co
N Cressington Court		2716	Barcham	...Philadelphia	30-12 ..W & AG & Co
P Queen Empress		3810	Legg	...B'more	24-12 J F & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Calnhill ..3103 Modee ..W & A G & Co
2 Circassia ...4325 Osborne ... Liverpool ... W & A G & Co
3 Imani .....2979 Lyons ..Genoa ...27-12... K N & Co
4 Ashanee ..2476 Zarlies ...Hull ..27-12..... T M & Co
5 Rabenfels.....2892 Suni ..W & A G & Co
6 Garryvale...2455 McClore.....Middro 23-12 ..W & A G & Co
7 Trantenfels ..3329 Motze...Hamburg 24-12 ...W & A G & Co
8 Semiramis ....2553 Pavisich ...Trieste ... 1-14 A L S N Co
9 Ozarda ..2037 Mills...Antwerp ..MM & Co
10 & 11 Devanha....3785 Hicky...Shanghai... P & O Co
12 & 13 Persia ..4154 Bradshaw ...London... 27-12...P & O Co

H W P D

Saraswati.....443 Muram ..Ropg ...Bo S N Co
Irrawadi .....780 Goolam..... Bo S N Co

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
24	Euchorbia ...	Steven	Penteh Nov 24
25	Hellas	Berg	Kobe, Dec 4
	Bombay Maru	Tozawa ...	Kobe, Nov 21
	Inverness ...	Venus	Calcutta Dec 12
	Gujarat ...	Blackmore	London, Nov 23
	Ikaura	Chadley ...	P Louis Dec 18
26	China	Teeque	London Dec 5
	Elton Court..	Lewis	Cardiff Nov 24
	Banca	Garwood ...	London Nov 28
	Rysbergen ..	Berger	Calcutta Dec 15
	Armand Behic	...	Marseilles, &c

DEPARTURES.

Dec	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination
26	Lhasa	Manley ...	Karachi
	Palamcotta ..	Eaton	Durban

The following vessels began to load on Friday :—

Steamer Bombay Maru, for Kobe &c.
" Kola, (to arrive) for Basreh &c.
" Barjora, (to arrive) for Basreh &c.
" Herras, for Bangkok.

THE S. S, "ARMAND BEHIC,"

Passengers by the Messageries Maritime Co's P. S, "Armand Behic" must be present at Ballard Pier at 3-15 p. m. to-day for medical inspection Prior to embarkation Deck passengers must be present at the disink fection station, near Prince's Dock, at 1 p.m. with all their kits.

DAILY EXPORTS.—DEC. 26.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Rydal Hall s—205 cwts dill s eed, Baner and Krause.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Elr s—1,500 tons manganesoore. C I Minings and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Colaba s—880 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Trantenfels s—9 pots rosa oil, Baner and Krause.

FOR TRIESTE.

Semiramis s—220 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.
Nippon s—400 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 715 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR FIUME.

Nippon s—110 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR VENICE.

Nippon s—402 bales cotton, Ralli Bros:

FOR MESTRE.

Nippon s—509 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR KOBE

Cairnhill s—600 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
Bombay Maru s—500 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR OSAKA.

Cairnhill s—600 bales, cotton, Ralli Bros.

DAILY IMPORTS—DEC. 26.

S. S. Orsolo from Venice; Agents, Venios S N. Co.—5 bundles, cotton 61 cases cotton yarn, 208 cases goods, 1 case cotton and woollen goods, 1 case silk goods, 20 bundles hemp, 1 bundles coffee, 5 bundles skins, 5 bundles hides, 22 cases spun waste silk, 750 bags sulphur, 196 kegs, 17 cases chlorate of potash, 660 packages, 44 bags gum ineause, 474 bags gum olibanum, 28 bags gum arabic, 76 cases soap, 200 bags almonds, 2,108 pieces flooring tiles, 32 pieces marble slabs, 5 cases brassware, 278 cases, 20 kegs aniline dye. 4,000 bags sugar.

S. S. Itonus from Rangoon; Agents, M M and Co.—42,347 bags rice, 72 bags white beans, 200 bags millet, 988 casks lubricating oil, 7 pieces teak posts, 1,587 pieces teak squares, 2,589 pieces teak planks, 14,353 pieces, 2,885 bundles teak scantlings.

S. S. Ocean from Calcutta; Agents, The Bombay Co.—6,210 tons coal.

S. S. Nippon from Kobe; Agents, A. L. S. N. Co.—2 cases cigar, 276 bags sago, 102 bags sago flour, 101 bags pearl sago, 5,177 bags rice, 25 bags betel-nuts (split), 409 pieces sawn timber, 4,503 pieces planks, 1,702 pieces poona wood, 289 pieces poona rafters, 2,250 pieces poona timber.

S. S. Begonia from Calcutta; Agents, W and A Graham and Co.—5,421 tons coal.

S. S. Sultan van Langkat from Suez; Agents, W and A Graham and Co. —2,200 tons liquid fuel in bulk.

S. S. Euphorbia from Penarth; Agents Killick Nixon and Co.—5,405 tons coal.

S. S. Errington Court from Cardiff; Agents, P and O S N Co.—6,039 tons and 22 cwts coal, 105 tons and 13 cwts coke.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Meantime; Depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

HIGH WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.	
	December	h.	m.	ft.	in.
Fri	26	m 9	53	26	2
		11	9 a	29	5
Sat	27	m 10	42	26	3
		11	5 a	29	9
Sun	28	m 11	27	26	4
Mon.....	29	m 0	31	29	9
		0	10 a	26	2
Tues ...	30	m 1	7	29	5
		0	52 a	25	11
Wed.....	31	m 1	40	28	10
		1	33 a	25	7

LOW WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.	
	December	h.	m.	ft.	in
Fri	26	m 4	21	30	2
		4	0 a	15	0
Sat	27	m 5	9	19	9
		4	44 a	14	11
Sun	28	m 5	53	19	4
		5	26 a	15	2
Mon ...	29	m 6	34	19	1
		6	5 a	15	8
Tues ...	30	m 7	13	18	11
		6	40 a	18	5
Wed.....	31	m 7	51	18	11
		7	12 a	17	3

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week :—

Dec.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
26 (Friday)	do 7h. 9m.	do 6h. 9m.
27 (Saturday)	do 7h. 10m.	do 6h. 10m.
28 (Sunday)	do 7h. 10m.	do 6h. 11m.
29 (Monday)	do 7h. 11m.	do 6h. 11m.
30 (Tuesday)	do 7h. 11m.	do 6h. 11m.
31 (Wednesday)	do 7h. 11m.	do 6h. 12m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—New Moon, Dec. 27th, 8h. 28-7m. p.m.; First Quarter, Jan. 4th, 6h. 39 1m. p.m; Full moon, 12th, 10h. 39-0m. a.m.; Perigee, 15th, 11-7h. m.; Last Quarter, 19th 5h, 59-8m. a.m.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

Nine charges for announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTHS.

DON.—Dec. 6, at Ewell Court, Surrey, the wife of J. A. Don, Royal Horse Art. of a son.

FOLLIOTT.—Dec. 3, at 67 Weymouth Street, the wife of Fleet-Surg. E. Folliott R. N., his Majesty's ship *Iphigenia* of sons (twin).

PIKE.—Dec. 2, at Perkellis, near Helston, the wife of Major C. J. Pike of a son.

BOYLE.—Dec. 4, at Salisbury, the wife of the Hon. James Boyle, Royal Scots Fusiliers, of a daughter.

COLES.—Dec. 9, at 44, North Bar Without, Beverley, the wife of J. H. Coles, the East Yorkshire Regt. of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BAX IRONSIDE—JARDINE.—Dec. 9, at St. Martin's-in-the Fields, Henry George Outram Bax Ironside, his Majesty's Minister at Sofia, to Fanny Agnes Jardine, widow of James Jardine, K. C., and daughter of Lieut.-Gen. Michael Willoughby, C. S. I.

SCHWANN—PURVES.—Dec. 3, Commander Oliver Schwann, R. N., son of J. F. Schwann, of Oakfied Wimbledon, to Elizabeth, daughter of W. Laidlaw Purves, of Hardwicke Cottage, Wimbledon.

SLESSER—McHARDY.—At St. Columba's Church, Peshawar on the 13th November, by the Rev. G. R. M. Roche, of the Scotch Church, Rawal Pindi, William Duncan Vivian Slesser, Indian Police, to Alice Mary McHardy, third daughter of the late Charles McHardy, Esq., of 2 Polmuir Road, Aberdeen, Scotland.

DEATHS.

ARCHER.—Dec. 3, at Rudd Hall, Badale, Lieut.-Col. Fulbert Wright Archer, late 60th Rifles, aged 65.

BRERETON—Dec. 5, at Tunbridge Wells, Major-Gen. John Alfred Brereton, late Bengal Staff Corps, age 86.

GILBERT.—Dec. 1, at 1 Nelson Crescent, Ramsgate, Lieut-Col. Edward Wetherell Gilbert, late 5th batt, the Royal Fusiliers, Militia son of the late Rev. Edward Gilbert, of Hardingstone, Northamtonshire, aged 72.

GOSLING.—Dec. 7, at St. Swithins, Southsea, Sir Audley Gosling, K.C.M.G.

PREVOST.—Dec. 6, Sir Augustus Prevost, Baronet of 79 Westbourne, Terrace, W., aged 76.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road. America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st September, 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	17-25
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	12-30
Madras Mail	6-0	21-30
Poona Mail	11-10	14 45
Delhi Express (3rd and Inter. class)... ...	6-40	7-30
Poona Express ...	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express ...	11-30	14-35
Postal Express for Punjab.		*
do, do, for Calcutta.		*
do, do, for Madras ..		*

* Four hours after mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. Railway.

[In force from 1st December 1913.]

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express ...	8-50	21-0
Gujarat Mail	7-45	21-30
Third class Kathiawar Express & Delhi Fast Passenger 1st, 2ndand 3rd ...	6-55	21-45

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDEN.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. F. A. Smith and officers, the Band of the 2nd Q. V. O. Rajput L. Infantry will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. W. Maldggiani, bandmaster, commencing at 5-30 p.m. to-day :—

March.....	There are nice Girls everywhere..... Hume
Overture.....	Tancredi..... Rossini
Valse	Beautiful Danube.. Straus
Selection.....	The Merry Widow...Lehar
Serenade.....	Cornet Solo ..... Schubert
Dances.....	Three Irish Dances, Ansell
Fantasia	Denmark & Russia. Kuhner
Galop	Flick and Flock ...Hertel

MUSIC AT THE COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. T. W. Bonner, V.D., and officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m. to-day :—

Marcn.....	Europe United.....W. Zehle
Standchen.....	Op 204 A. .....Calbulka
Valse	Comedie d'Amour.....Colin
Selection ...	The Spring Chicken...Caryll
Song (Cornet Solo)	Rose in the Bud .....Dorothy Forster
Selection ...	The Arcadians .....Monckton
Ragtime Medley	Berlin, H & Co

MUSIC AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. R. M. Thomason, V. D., and officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., B. B. & C. I. Ry. Vols., will play the following programme, under the direction of Mr. Geo. W. Salter, commencing at 6 p.m. to-day :—

March	Entry of the Boyards. Rimmer
Overture.....	Light Cavilry..... Suppe
Waltz.....	Merry Widow ..... Lehar
Selection ...	Student's Songs ..... Douglis
Dance	In the Shadows ... Finck
Selection.....	Meldious Memories... Finck
Two Step Bustling billy	Ihurban

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE.—By kind permission of Col. W. S. Marshall and officers, the Band of the Sherwood Foresters, under the direction of Mr. A. H. Dews-ll, will play a programme of music, commencing at 5-45 p. m. (S. T.) to-day —

March	Military Mary Ann ...Hirsh (From Hullo! Ragtime).
Selection	Haddon Hall ..... Sullivan
Valse	Columbine .....Gardener
Overture	Thais .....Gilbert
Selection	Faust.....Gounod
Piccolo Solo..	The Wren .....Demare
Ai-de-Ballet	Lancelot ..... Adam
Excerpt (from) Suite	
Venezia	The Gondolier .....Nevin
Selection.....	The Marriage Market..Jacobi

POSTAL NOTICE.—The P. and O. steamer s. s. "China," with English Mail on board, was signalled at 6-53 a. m. The Mail will be delivered about 10 a. m.

ST. JOSEPH'S FOUNDLING HOME.—The Sister Superior of St. Joseph's Foundling Home, Mazagon, cordially invites the friends, well-wishers and benefactors of this Home to the laying of the foundationstone of the new St. Joseph's Foundling Home, at Reynolds-road, Agripada, to-morrow at 5 p.m. (S.T.) The ceremony will be performed by His Grace the Most Rev. H. Jurgens, S. J., Archbishop of Bombay.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon Singapore, China, Japan and Australia per s. s. "Armand Behic" will be closed at the General Post Office at 1 p.m., to-day, instead on yesterday as previously notified.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s. s. "Devanha" will be closed at the General Post Office at 10-30 a. m. on Wednesday, the 31st December. Parcel Mail for China closes at the same hour.

LORD AND LADY ROCKSAVAGE.—Bombay was much interested some months ago when a daughter of a well known Jewish family, which has close associations with this city, was married in London to a member of the nobility and well-known polo player. The bride was the daughter of Sir Jacob and Lady Sassoon and the bridegroom was the Earl of Rocksavage, the eldest son of the Marquis of Cholmondeley The couple are now touring in the East and doubtless will soon visit Bombay At present they are in Ceylon.

THE DISCOVERY OF DEAD BABIES.

INQUEST VERDICTS.

Dr. Nunan, Deputy Coroner, held an inquest on the bodies of the four newly-born babies discovered in Kamatipura on Wednesday morning.

The medical evidence showed that the death of the child whose body was found in Barti-street was due to strangulation.

The jury returned an open verdict.

In the case of the twins found tied in a bundle in a gutter, it was found that the deaths were due to natural causes.

In the case of the child found in Kamatipura Centre-lane, the body was so decomposed that the surgeon could not give the cause of death.

IN POSSESSION OF COCAINE.

One Abdul Rehman and three others including a woman named Doomarki were brought before Mr. G. R. Khairaz at Mazagon Police Court yesterday, by Excise Inspector Vaciawa, on a charge of being in possession of small quantities of cocaine.

The accused were arrested at Kumbharwada on Friday The first-named was sentenced to ten days' rigorous imprisonment; the second to seven days' imprisonment, the third man was fined Rs. 10, and the woman Rs. 5.

BRAKESMAN FOUND DEAD.

The body of a brakesman, named Vithoo Cheema, was found lying on the G. I. P. line between Dadar and Parel, yesterday morning. It is surmised that the man was knocked down on the previous night by a passing train.

HINDU LAD'S FATAL FALL.

Genu Maruti, a Hindu lad (15), died on Thursday night at G. T. Hospital, as a result of falling twenty-five feet, while whitewashing the new building on Waudby-road, which is being constructed for Mr. Ratan Tata.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

This popular places of entertainment opens the new year with a very interesting picture programme. The star drama to be presented this evening is "The Lion Hunters," a stirring story of the African forest in which are seen some exciting scenes in the life of a Colonial hunter. "An Elephant on His Hands" is a surprisingly novel kind of comedy in which an elephant takes the leading part, and is sure to evoke roars of laughter. Another notable picture shows "The Champion Wrestlers of the World" taking part in a friendly wrestling match with each other.

THE OPERA HOUSE.

Commencing from this evening there will be a season of ten days of cinematographic pictures at the Opera House. The principal film will be a long one depicting "the Famous Battles of Napoleon" and in the representation the real French and German troops have taken part.

THE OLYMPIA CINEMA.

The popular picture show at the Olympia has entered upon a new enterprise, and from to-night a purely Swadeshi programme of fully one hour with be shown, in which the star film is Mohan. This is a well-known Hindu mythological play and is expected to draw large audiences.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

BOMBAY CHURCHES.

1st Sunday after Christmas.

28th December, 1913.

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Cathedral (St. Thomas the Apostle), Church Gate Street 7 a. m. Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion, Choral—Hardwood in A. flat. Hymns 62, 58, 319, 558; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Canticles—Barnby in E.—Anthem "Bethlehem."—Gounod. Hymns 69, 60, 62. Collections for Church Expenses. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m. and Evensong at 5-15 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays Choral Evensong at 6-30 p. m.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.—Rev. C.E. de Coetlogon, Chaplain. 8 a.m. Holy Communion; 10 a.m. Parade Service; 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum.—8 a. m. Holy Communion; 11 a. m. Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon; 6-30 p.m. Evening Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon. Collections for Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi Service 9 a.m. Gujerathi Service 2-30 p.m.

Church of St. Mary the Virgin, Parel.—8 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8-30 a. m., Holy Communion; 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Preacher, Rev. H. Martindale.

St. Nicholas Church, opposite Prince's Dock.—Chaplain, Rev. G. Murray Wilson, M. A. 10 a. m., Sunday Morning Service and Holy Communion; 7 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon. Week days 9 p. m., Evening Prayer.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of Ease to S. Peter).—Clergy: Rev. Father Moore; Rev. J. H. Lord and Rev. J. Londhe. 6-30 a. m., Holy Communion (English); 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion and Sermon (Marathi); 9 a.m., Morning Prayer and Sermon (Gujerati); 6-30 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon (Marathi).

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi by Sion), (Chapel of Ease to S. Paul).—Service by the Clergy of St. Paul's, 7-30 a. m. Holy Communion or Matins alternately; 5-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Tamil Service conducted by Rev. J. Martyn.

St. Peter Mazagon.—6-30 a. m. Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8 a. m. Choral Eucharist; 6-30 p. m. Evensong and Sermon.

Christ Church, Byculla.—Chaplain, Rev. J. Aikman Wilson. 7-30 a. m. Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 5-15 p. m. Sunday School; 6-30 p m. Evensong and Sermon.

St. Stephen's Church, Bandra Hill.—Holy Communion and Sermon at 11 a.m. Rev. H. Martindale, Chaplain, will celebrate and preach. Evensong and Sermon at 6-30 p. m. Rev. Arthur French of the S. P. G. will preach. Collection for the Society for the Propogation of the Gospel.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church, Apollo St., Fort. Chaplain, Rev. W. Thomson, M.A. United Service, 9-30 a. m., Evening Service at 6-30 p.m., Collection for the Additional Clergy Society. Psalm 130 (Martyrdom), Hymns 438, 429, 306.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—9-30 a. m. United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p. m. Sunday School and Bible Classes. 6-30 p.m. Evening Service. Preacher: Rev. R MacOmish, M.A.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

Garrison Church (St. Joseph's), Colaba.—Chaplain, Rev. D. L. Lloyd-Thomas, M.A., (Oxon). Sundays, 8 a. m., Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p m., Service of Benediction. Daily Mass at 7 a.m.

R. C. Cathedral, Kalbadevie.—Vicar, Rev. Dr. B. De Monte.—7 and 8-30 a. m., Masses; 5-30 p. m., Evening Service.

Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers. 6 a.m., 7 a. m., 8 a.m., 9 a. m., 6-30 p. m.

St. Anne's, Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers. Vicar, Rev. Father Hutmachar, S. J.—6-30 a. m., 7-30 a. m., 8-30 a.m., 6-30 p. m.

Rosary Church, Mazagon.—Vicar, Rev. M. X. Gomes.—Sunday Service, 5-30 a. m., 7 a. m., 9 a. m., and 5-30 p. m. Week days, 6-45 a. m. and 7-15 a. m.

Gloria Church, Mazagon.—Vicar, Rev. L. C. Pera. Hours of Mass: 5-30, 7 and 9 a.m.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel.—Clergy: Rev. P. E. Saldanha and J. A. Gomes.—6 a. m. Mass; 8 a. m. High Mass; p. m. Benediction.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar.—Vicar, Rev. Thomas Henriques.—6-45 and 9 a. m., Low Masses.

Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health).—Vicar, Rev. M. D'Sa.—Mass 7 and 8-30 a. m.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra.—9-30 a. m., Mass.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul (Burrow's Lane), Girgaum Road.—Vicar, Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho.—5, 5-30, 6-30, 7-30, 8-30, 9-30 and 10-30 a. m., Masses; 6 p. m., Benediction.

Chapel—(Our Lady of Dolours), New Sonapur. Chaplain, Rev. Daniel X. Fernandes. 7 a. m., Daily Mass; and on Sundays, 6 and 8 a. m., with Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus.—Chaplain, Rev. D. Remedios 6-30 a.m., and 7-30 a.m.; Children's (Mass) 8-30 a. m.; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Chapel—(Our Lady of Dolours), New Sonapur, Chaplain, Rev. Daniel Fernandes. 7 a. m., Daily Mass; and on Saundays 6 and 8 a. m., with Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

METHODIST.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—Morning Service, 8-30 a.m., Preacher, Rev. A. Brown; Evening Service, 6-30 p.m., Preacher, Rev. Frank Hart.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—Morning Service, 10 a. m., Preacher, Rev. F. Hart. Evening Service, 6-30 p. m., Preacher, Rev. A. Brown.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla.—Pastor, Rev. W. H. Stephens, 5-15 a. m., Sunday School; 9-30 a. m., Morning Service; 6-30 p. m., Evening Service; 8-30 p. m. Men's Social Hour.

Bowen Memor

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MARKET REPORT.

REUTER'S COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, Dec. 24. BOMBAY, Dec. 26.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Fine.	Mines.
2½-2 per cent. Consols	72 1-16	1-8	
do. Rentes	85	1-1	
3½-3 do. Sterling Loan...	85 1-4	us	chgd
do. do. Gov. Securities...	63 7-8	us	chgd
Bar Silver in London Spot ...	26 11-16	1-16	
do. 2 months' hence ...	26 11-16	1-16	
Bar Silver in New York	57 1-2	us	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25·22	1-2	
do. do. at Berlin.	20·50	1-2	
do. do. New York	4·84 1-8		1-8
Discount Bank of England Rate ...	5	since	
do Short London Bills	2nd Oct.		
3 months' sight...	4 3-4		1-16
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight ...	4 3-8	us	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5 3-8		
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5 1-4		
Interest day-to-day Loans. ...	4 1-4	us	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans ...	4 1-2	us	chgd

Bar Gold ...77·9 unchgd.

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1s. 3 7-8d unchanged.

Closing tone of silver—China buying.

Selling,

COUNCIL BILLS—EXTRA ALLOTMENTS.

Bills on Bombay ...Rs. 20,000 at 1s. 4 3-32d.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay ..... £ 60,000
Gold to Bombay ..... £ 190,000
Gold Coin to Bombay ..... £ 10,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL.—

Spot	Fair demand—Firm
Futures ...	Steady.
Manchester	Quiet with a limited enquiry
Total Sales ...	8,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export ...	500
Imports ...	6,000
Mid-Americans ...	7·02+11
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown ...	9 95 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES.—

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
6·67 +04	6·69 +05	6·72 +06
March-April	**April-May**	**May-June**
6·74 +05	6·74 +07	6·73 +06
June-July	**July-Aug.**	**Aug.-Sept.**	**Sept.-Oct**
6·71 +07	6·68 +07	6·68 +07	6·41 +08

Liverpool market closed until Monday.

NEW YORK.—

New York 11 a.m., Mar. 12·30 May 12·26.
New York official noon call March 12·31 May 12·37.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Mar. 12·69 May 12·72.

Days' Receipts at U.S. Ports. ...	51,000	
Receipts at U. S. last year...	27,000	
Exports to Great Britain ...	...	
Exports to Continent ...	45,000	
Spot Cotton	12·40 unchgd	

Futures—Month of March 12·21—01
Futures—Month of May 12·18+19

Advanced early on favourable cables and declined later on fears of large notices.

NEW ORLEANS.—

Spot cotton	...12 11-16 +1-8
Futures month of March	...12·49—06
Futures month of May	...12 61—06
Tone of Spot Cotton	...Steady.

New York and New Orleans market, closed until Friday.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ...	Nominal.
Wheat White Karachi	...37 unchgd.
Do. Months	... Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Value.	
Wheat Red Karachi	...Nominal.
Do. Months	... .
Do. Name of Ports—	.....
Tone—Dull.	

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe	Nominal.
Barletta Rassa ...	33 3-4— Jan.-Feb. Sellers. Dull.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT.

South Australian } Victorian }	... .35 1-2 unchgd. Jan.-Feb. Sellers.
New South Wales }	... .

SEEDS.

RAPESEED.—

Yellow Dawnpore per 416 lbs.,
85 p.c. ex-ship ...54 1-4 unchgd.
Do. Months— ...Mar.-Apl.-May.
Do. Name of Ports—...Antwerp—Sellers.
Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs,
85 p. c. ex-ship ...54 1-2unchgd
Do. Months March-April. May
Do. Name of Ports Antwerp. Sellers.
Brown Dawnpore ...43 unchgd.
Do. Months— ...Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Port—Hamburg. Sellers.
Tone—Quiet

LINSEED.—

Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ...46 1-4
Do. Months— ...Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Jan.-Feb.
Tone—Quiet but steady.
Linseed Calcutta ... .
Do. Months ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Linseed Argentine—La Plata 44 1-4 unchgd.
Do. Months— ...Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp. Value—Quiet but steady.

COTTONSEED.—

Bombay Cottonseed Market ... 46-11-0 unchgd
Jan.-Feb. Bull—Value—Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE.—

In New York Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)...9 1-2 unchgd

RUBBER.—

Para Rubber ...3 0 3-4 unchgd. Dec.-Jan.—Buyers.

METALS.—

Standard Copper G M B...£64 3-4+1-2
Copper Braziers ...£81 1-4+1-2
Yellow Metal ... ...£8d. unchgd.

FREIGHTS.—

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay—11 6—Value.

ARRIVALS.—

"Sabine".

SUGAR.—

German granulated sugar
C & F India double bags..11 7 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months of Shipments ..Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.
Hungarian Crystal Sugar
C & F India ...11 7 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months of Shipments Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ... 8 11 unchgd
Months of Shipments ... Dec.—Sellers. 9 4 unchgd—May—Sellers.
S A R & Similar Crystals
C & F India ...13 1 1-2 unchgd
Months of Shipments ...Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.
Mauritius Crystal C and F
Calcutta ...10 10 1-2 unchgd
C and F Bombay Jan' ...10 9 unchgd
Month of Shipments—Value—Quiet unchgd
Holiday faling on market with practically nothing doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 26th 1913.

Owing to the Christmas holidays as report this week is much curtailed our as many of the markets are closed.

COUNCIL BILLS :—

At the weekly biddings on Sunday last for 80 lakhs allotments were made of 9·50 lakhs bills and 70·50 lakhs T. T. at 1s. 4 1-16d. 1s 43-32d. respectively tenderers receiving 95 per cent. The total amount sold during the week ending on Monday evening last was 73·60 lakhs, and for next week 80 lakhs is again to be offered. Nine lakhs extra T. T. was allotted after the sales at 1s. 4 1-8d. to Bombay.

The steamer which left London on the 5th December and comes with the mail of the 12th December brings £80,000 Silver, £170,000 bar gold and £20,000 Sovereigns, for Bombay, as also the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta ...	...Rs.	2,20,000
Bombay ...	... „	10,000
Madras ...	... „	40,000
Total...	„	2,70,000

The steamer which left London on the 12th December and comes with the mail of the 19th December brings £ 10,000 Silver £180,000 bar gold and £20,000 Sovereigns for Bombay as also the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta ...	...Rs.	4,00,000
Bombay ...	... „	60,000
Madras ...	... „	3,00,000
Total...	„	7,60,000

The steamer which left London on the 19th December and comes with the mails of the 26th December brings £10,000 Silver £200,000 bar gold and £20,000 sovereigns to Bombay, also the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta ...	...Rs.	20,000
Bombay ...	... „	8,40,000
Madras ...	... „	1,10,000
Total...	„	9,70,000

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales 1913.	Bales 1912.	Bales. Differences.
Receipts from 19th to23rdDec	76,810	59, 184	+ 17,626
Receipts from 1st Sept. to 23rd Dec. ...	795,106	431,191	+363915
Shipments from 19th to 23rdDec Europe ...	11,976	3,121	+ 8,755
China, Japan and Coast Ports ...	32,016	357	+27,659
Total ...	32,892	3,478	+29,414
Total Shipment from 1st Sep to 23rdDec Europe... ...	274,196	74,941	+199255
China ...	7,1[illegible]	1,014	+ 6,438
Japan ...	17[illegible]52	55,478	+121174
Coast Ports ...	5,898	5,610	+ 278
Total	464,13[illegible]	137,743	+327445
Afloat in harbour, Europe, China, Japan, and Coast Ports ...	8,246	3,998	+ 4,248
	8,806	15,825	+ 7,022

Total exports from Bombay by G. I. P. Railway from 1st Sept to 13th Dec. 1913 5,254 bales.

Total exports from Bombay by B. B. & C. I. Railway from 1st Sept to 13th Dec. 1913 2,942 bales.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

Owing to the Christmas holidays there is little fresh to report in the home markets. On the 24th instant. New York closed 1 to 2 points lower, total decline on the week being 38 and 44 points, White New Orleans futures are 45 and 43 points down. The market shows signs of steadiness after the recent heavy drop, and, and it is quite possible we may see a further reaction in reopening after the Christmas and New Year holidays.

In our local market we have seen some heavy fluctuations. Early in the week prices gave way about Rs. 14 to Rs. 16, but a reaction subsequently set in and we are now about Rs. 11 higher than the lowest point touched. A fair business has been done in Bengals and Khamgaon Akola, chiefly for March delivery. The market is now closed for the Christmas holidays, nominal rates to-day being Rs. 294 for good Broach, Rs. 252-2 for five Khamgaon Akola January and 216 for fine Bengal January.

FREIGHTS.

Market is little quiet following business has been reported during this week :—

HULL—4000 tons Jan-Mar. 1 s at 13.
GENOA—Feb. 1266 tons.
Mar. 1500 tons.
Apr. 1500 tons.
all 1s 14 s c—15.
RUSATTINO—Jan. abt 250 tons, seeds at 181—cotton at 19 c
HAVRE—Jan. abt 200 tons at 16s—6 cotton
LIVERPOOL—Jan. 308 tons. 1 s at 14 6
FIXTURES
S. S. "Queenmoor" Jan, 1 p p 18 2 p p at 18 6
S. S. "Cairngowan" Jan. two o p at 18 3.

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—

Small fluctuations have occurred but on the whole the tone of the market has been very steady and with a free enquiry for ready stuff to complete t is months, shipments rates have been will maintained. Speculators are operating in new crop to a moderate extent.

We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs. 7 14 0	B.T.
December ...	„ 8 8 0	R.T.
May. ...	„ 9 2 9	...

RAPESEED :—

Quiet with little doing.

We quote :—

	Rs. a. p.	
Ready Brown Cawnpore	7 13 0	B.T.
Ready Yellow Cawnpore	9 0 0	...
Brown Delhi May	9 0 3	R.T.

WHEAT :—

Crop accounts from up country are encouraging owing to the late rains. The market is quiet with little doing.

We quote :—

	Rs. a. p.	
Ready White Pissi ...	5 6 0	R.T.
White Delhi, May ...	5 12 6	—

GINGELLYSEED:—

The market is steady with a moderat business doing.

We quote :—

Bold White 85 per cent. Rs. 58 8 0
Black Kutni ... — „ 48 8 0

OTHERSEEDS :—

The remainder of the markets are quiet but steady and unchanged.

The Seeds and Wheat markets are closed for the Christmas Holidays.

SHARES.

Transactions in this market during the week under report were limited as the market was only open for two days owing to the Christmas holidays. The tone is healthy and rates improved in many cases. Bank of Bombay Shares are steady at Rs. 1582 1-2 Bank of Indias at Rs. 63. Eastern Bank at Rs. 73. In Mill Companies Ahmedabad advance have been put through at Rs. 770. Central Indias have kept steady at and about Rs. 1835 Standards have advanced to Rs. 1140. Swadeshies to Rs. 1445. Crescents are steady at 107 1-2 Currimbhais at Rs. 210 Kohinoors have improved to Rs. 715 Bombay United to Rs 460 Khattau Makanji to Rs. 1,350 Davids are steady at Rs. 442 1-2 Fazulbais at Rs. 420 Edward Sassoon have improved to Rs. 175 Finlays have changed hands at Rs. 297 1-2 Swans at 270 Jamsheds are steady at Rs. 85 Madewji Dharamsey are steady at Rs. 1,060 New Great Eastern have improved to Rs2127 2 New City of Bombay to Rs. 975 In misselleneous companies Bombay Burmah have advanced to Rs. 84 Bombay E. S. and Tramways Co. ordinary shares after touching Rs. 207 are quiet at Rs. 205 Preference shares are steady at Rs 171 Bombay Steam N. Co. ordinary shares have changed hands at Rs. 222 1-2 and Preference Shares at Rs. 262 1-2 Port Caming and L. I. Co. Shares are steady at Rs. 800 Colaba Land and Mill Co. Shares have improved to Rs. 1380 Shivrajpur are steady at Rs. 21 Tata and W. S. Co. ordinary shares have improved to Rs. 75 ; preference shares are unchanged at Rs. 166 c.d. and deferred shares have improved to Rs. 143; Tata Hydro E. P. S. Company ordinary shares are quiet at Rs. 965 ; and fully paid up preference shares have changed hands at Rs. 1,080 which Rs. 800 ; paid up preference shares are steady at Rs. 885 ; to 890. In Press Companies New Mofussils have changed hands at Rs. 765 ; Indian Cotton at Rs. 131 1-4 ; other keeping unchanged. In Railway Companies Tapti Valley after touching at Rs. 595 ; have declined to Rs. 590 Ahmedabad Prantej are steady at Rs. 665 ; Central Provinces have changed hands at Rs. 115; Gujerat Railway's are quiet at Rs. 109 ; Amritsar Pattis are in demand at 136 Sara Sirajganj have changed hands at Re. 1 premium and Mundra Bhon also at the same quotation. The rest are unchanged at previous quotations.

GRIFFITHS' COMMEROIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U S Ports ...	53,000 „
Exports to Great Britain ...	.....
Exports to Continent ...	45,000 „
Spot Cotton at New York ...	12 40
Future Mar...	12·21—1
„ May...	12·16—2
Spot closing tone	—Steady.
Futures closing tone ...	do.

General Tone of Market Opened.—Steady and advanced early on favorable cables, later declined on foreign selling.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 24.

Spot Cotton at New Orleans ...	12 11-16
Future Mar...	12·49—6
„ May...	12·61—6
Futures closing tone	...Steady.

Markets closed on Thursday and Friday.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 24.

COTTON.

Cotton.—The Liverpool market opened for spot— ... Steady and closed steady
Do. closed for future ... Steady
Do. for East Indian ... do.
Total Day's sales ... 8,000 bales
Sales on spec. and export ... 500 „
Sales of Surats ... .
Total Day's Imports ... 6,000
Oconada Fair Red O.I.F. Lon dod... 5 5-8
Oconada Ginned „ „ ... ...
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown ... 9 85
Good Bhownuggur ... 5 13-16d.
Good Bengal ... 5 3-16
F. G. Bengal ... 5 5-16
Fine Bengal ... 5 7-16
Good Madras Western London. 5 7-16
F. G. F. Tinnevelly L'pool C. I. F. ... ... 6 1-8 Steady
Geo Mayall's Yarns ... 10 7-8
40's Mule Twist (Bannerman's). 11

Weft 54 American...	— 12 5-8
Weft 80 Egyptian ...	... 15 5-8
Weft 32's do ...	... 13
Twist 36 do ...	... 10 5-8
Twist 42 do ...	... 11 5-8
Twist American 60	... 16 1-4
Twist Egyptian 60	... 17 1-4
Twist Egyptian 80	... 21 1-4
Tone Fine Yarns	... Quiet.
Tone of Coarse Yarns	... do
General Tone of Yarns Market	do
Mid-American at Liverpool—	7·02+11
Cotton Delay Mid Upland G.O.C. Liverpool,	plus
Dec.-Jan. ...	... 6·67+4
Jan.-Feb. ...	... 6·69+5
Feb.-Mar. ...	... 6·72+6
Mar.-Apl. ...	... 6·74+6
Apl.-May ...	... 6·74+7
May-June ...	... 6·73+6
June-July ...	... 6·71+7
July-Aug. ...	... 6 68+7
Aug.-Sept. ...	... 6·58+7

Manchester, Dec. 24.

Manchester Piece Goods Market:—Steady and moderate. Demand closed till Monday.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 24.

COTTON WEEKLY FIGURES.

	Bales.
Total quantity in sight American...	.....
Egyptian Visible supply ...	.....
East Indian Visible supply ...	.....
American Visible supply ...	.....
Visible supply other places ...	.....
Total week's Sales ...	24,000
Total Sold on Speculation ...	2,000
Total for Exportation	.....
Total amount forwarded to Consumers	78,000
Total Actual Exports	12,000
Total Week's Imports	112,000
Total Stock	911,000
Surats Week's Sales	.....
Surats Sold on speculation ...	.....
Surats Sold for exportation ...	.....
Surats Amount forwarded to Consumers	300
Surat Actual Exports	100
Surat Week's Imports	.....
Surat Stock	12,000
Afloat American	260,000
Afloat Indian	9,000
Total Afloat	327,000

LONDON, Dec. 24.

SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (p e r 410 lbs)...Dec.-Jan.— Ldn 47 3 „
Do, Bombay exship (per 416lbs) .....Dec.-Jan.—Dunkirk ... 48 3 „
Do, La Plata ...Dec.-Jan.—Hamburg ... 44 3 „
Do. Tone of Market at close... Steady.
Do. Tendency of the Market— do
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes...Dec.—£25-0-0
do ... Feb.-Mar— £25-0-0
Da. Tone of Market at close. Steady
Do. total afloat for U. K. ... .
Do. River Plate exports ... ...
Poppyseed Canal ...Dec.-Jan. Sellers —Dunkirk ... 63 „
Do. Tone of Market at close. Steady
Rapeseed Calcutta Brown Canal Dec.-Jan.—Antwerp 48 „
Do. Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 p.c. exship Dec.-Jan—Antwerp ... 54 3 „
Do. Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. exship Dec.-Jan—Antwerp ... 54 6 „
Do, Ferozepore usual bold .....
Do, Jamba Red— ... .
Do. Tone of Market at close.— Steady
Cotton Seed, Bombay parcels, Dec.-Jan—Hull... £6-11-0
Cotton Tone of Market at Close— Steady

LONDON, Dec. 24.

WHEAT.

Wheat, Choice white Karachi Dec.-Jan—London— 37 6
Wheat, F. A. Q. Red Karachi (per 492 lbs.)... Dec-Jan London— Nominal
Wheat, Club No. 2... Dec-Jan London— do
Wheat, Choice white Delhi... Nov.-Dec—London— do
Do. Tone of market at close. Steady
Do. South Australian Jan-Feb 36
Do. Rosario Santa Fe 62 lbs Jan.-Feb. No sellers
Do. do Tone of Market at close ... ...
Do. Red Graded American per cental— March... 7 2 3-8

LONDON, Dec. 24.

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average17) C. I. F., Calcutta Dec....11	Value. „
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) O. I. F., Calcutta Jan.-March ...11 3	„
JavaSugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi Dec....11 1	„
JavaSugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi Jan.-March...11 4 1-2	„
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ... Dec....12	„
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ... Jan.-March...12 3	„
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi Dec....12 1 1-2	„
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi Jan.-March...12 4 1-2	„
Closing Tone of Market	... Quiet. Un-
Special Feature ...	... changed.

LONDON, Dec. 24.

METALS.

Copper, Standard G M B	...£54 0 5
„ Best English Selected	...£67 0 5
„ Braziers ...	...£78 1 5
„ Tone of Market	... Steady
Hard Spelter ...	...£13 0 0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool	£173 0 0
Yellow Metal ...	... 6 13-16
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 G., G. O. B 1 p.s. F O B L'pool ...	... 11 5-0

LONDON, Dec. 24.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot	... 26 11-16
Silver 2 Months	... 26 11-16
Silver Closing Tone of Market	—Steady
Silver Tendency, etc. of the Market	„ China buying
Rentes 3 p. c....ex. div.	£ 85 1-4
Consols 2 1-2 p.c, Ex Div.	£ 72 1-16
Indian Stock 3 1-2 p. c....	£ 85 1-4
Sterling loan ...	...£
Govt. Securities 3 p. c.	...£ 74
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 p. c.	...£ 63 7-8
Bar Gold per oz. Sh	... 77·9
Opening Tone of Finance Market ...	... .
Closing Tone of Finance Market ...	... .
Bank of England Rate of Discount ...	... 5 p. cent.
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight ...	... 1 3 7-8
London at Paris Fcs.	... 25·32
Berlin cheques on London Mks ...	... 20·49 1-2
New York (Demand Bills) ills ...	... .
Interest day to day loans	4 1-4
Do. 7 days Market loans ...	... 4 1-2
Discount Bank Bills 3 months Sight	... 4 13-16
Discount Bank Bills 6 months Sight	... 4 3-8
Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 1-4
Fine Trade Bills 6 months	4 1-2

LONDON, Dec. 24.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for... ... ... Rs. 80,00,000
Rs. 20,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 8,20,000 do to Bombay.
„ 100,000 do to Madras.
Rs. 9,50,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 95 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-16d (Min. Rate) received 95 per cent above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·06.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS :—
Rs. 16,60,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
47,10,000 do to Bombay.
6,80,000 do to Madras.
Rs. 70,50,000

Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 95 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay, at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 95 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·09.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sale, Rs. 73 60,000.

Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 80,00,000

THE HONG-KONG MARKET.

Messrs. S. D. Setna's Hong-Kong market report, dated December 5, states :—

Bengal Opium:—Market ruled quiet. Owing to absence of buyers, no sales are reported during the past fortnight. Clearance of about 5 chests of Patna new, 26 chests of Patna old, 6 chests of Benares new, and 16 chests of Benares old, in all about 53 chests are reported. Unsold stock is estimated at about 1,517 chests, comprising of 180 chests of Patna new, 860 [Chests of Patna Old, 238 Chests of Benares New, and 239 chests of Benares Old. Sold but uncleared stock:—30 Chests of Patna New. 291 Chests of Patna Old, 53 chests of Benares New, and 64 Chests of Benares Old in all about 438 Chests. Closing reported (nominal) quotations are as under:—Patna few dols. 5925, Patna old dols. 5700, Benares New dols. 5,575 ; and Benares Old dols. 5350.

Malwa Opium:—In absence of buyers market ruled quiet, and no sales are reported during the past fortnight. Clearance are reported of about 282 Chests. Unsold stock is estimated at about 397 Chests. Sold but uncleared stock is about 312 Chests. Closing quotations (nominal) are as under:—Malwa Old dols. 4900 to 5000 (per Picul)

Cotton:—Nothing doing. Unsold Stock, about 400 Packages, Closing quotations:—dols. 24 to 30 (per Picul).

Indian Yarn:—Market ruled weak, and thovgh the rates of Exchange declined heavily, importers showed no inclination to hold.

HOME REMITTANCE.

The Treasury, Calcutta, December 20.

The Weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

Amount Estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1913-14 ...	£ 21,650,000
Remitted from 1st April, 1913 to 20th Dec. 1913, by Council Bills ...	£*19,411,772
Balance to be remitted from 21st Dec. 1913 to 31st Mar 1914 ...	£ 2,238,228

BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 24th Dec. 1913, as compared with the statement of 16th Dec. 1913 :—

Liabilities.	Dec. 16. Rs. a. p.	Dec. 20. Rs. a. p.
Capital paid up	20000000 0 0	20000000 0 0
Reserve Fund	18800000 0 0	18800000 0 0
Public Deposits at Head Office, &c. ..	30476610 3 2	28637039 2 10
Other Deposits, &c	175361356 4 10	176554112 3 4
Bank Post Bills, &c ...	1134471 7 10	718597 1 3
Sundries	3073349 4 1	3182488 13 5
	248345787 3 11	247942227 4 10
Assets.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.
Govt. Securities	21003815 0 0	19890145 0 0
Other authorized Investments ...	12058948 0 0	11930833 0 0
Loans on Govt & other authorized Securities	40678730 3 9	40753227 4 1
Accounts of Credit on do	62972100 2 7	62847218 6 11
Bills discounted, &c	29920102 4 11	28764096 2 10
Balances with other Banks.	1599529 12 3	1264496 8 10
Bullion	.....	.....
Dead Stock ..	2442631 5 11	2443211 8 7
Stamps ...	13739 7 4	14809 2 6
Sundries	355503 9 7	355856 1 7
Cash, &c.. at Head Office	171040199 14 4	168303903 3 4
Cash, &c., at Branches.	77305537 5 7	79638324 1 6
	248345787 3 11	247942227 4 10

LIABILITIES.

Govt. Balance at Head Office	2,97,757 Decrease.
Do. at Branches ...	15,61,815 Do.
Other Deposits	11,92,756 Increase
Post Bills	4,15,884 Decrease

ASSETS.

Bank's Investments ...	12,41,785 Decrease.
Loans	1,19,497 Increase.
Accounts of Credit ...	1,24,882 Decrease
Mercantile Bills	11,56,006 Do.
Cash at Head Office ...	3,95,356 Do.
Cash at Branches	22,28,093 Increase.

Percentage 38·07

YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other," would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper and thousands (Home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by chemists stores, grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-Street, London. Established over 35 years.

NOBEL'S NONEKA

A splendid sporting Cartridge of fine consistency. Never failing for quick shots. Loaded with care and preciseness. Of tremendous hitting force—yet minimum recoil. Great velocity and accuracy of pattern. Never any "blow-back." One of the best sporting cartridges on the market.

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EWART, LATHAM & Co., BOMBAY.
(Telegraphic Address "EWART").
and Retail from :—
TREACHER & Co., Ltd., BOMBAY and POONA.
Mahomedally Noorbhoy, Ammunition Dealers, Abdul Rehman St., Bombay.
Goolam Husein Allibhoy, ...
Abdulally Noorbhoy, ...
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BURGOYNE
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VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD

This remarkable compound, the latest discovery of modern times for all phases of brain and nerve wreckage and exhaustion, sleeplessness, trembligns, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, &c., whether induced by worry, overwork, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excesses, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to those who had so recently seemed played out, "used up," and valueless

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE

Never before was there anything like it, nor can it's marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the germs of disease, wherever or in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, blood poison, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground. Registered Trade Mark, "VETARZO."

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Legal proceedings will be taken against all persons infringing the Proprietors' rights.

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THE WORLD OF SPORT.

BOMBAY HUNT.

[WEDNESDAY.]

There was every prospect of a good hunting morning as a field of nearly 60 wended their way out to the meet on Wednesday, at Jackal Hill. A thin white mist had risen from the ground and was hanging about the tree tops.

The master moved off to draw the hill, but with no success, for not a sign of a jack was to be found, and going from cover to cover it was not until the pack had got as far back as Sahar Hill that they picked up a line.

They went away with a burst heading across the Bomanwadi Valley, but hardly had they got settled down than the jack turned and crossed Sahar Hill again. The pack followed him across the Melon Ground, and coming to the bund, near the graveyard they threw up. Time after time they got the same scent always throwing up at the same place, until the jack was eventually discovered down a well. The pack made him jump in, and he met an inglorious death by drowning.

Moving back towards Jackal Hill, the master crossed the Andheri Road, and shortly beyond the pack picked up the line of a jack, and to judge by the sounding music they gave in the thick undergrowth, they appeared to be at close quarters with him. But he set his mask for the Mango Tope, through which the pack pressed him. He was not to leave it so easily, but seeing in the dense copse his best chance of safety, was hard to get out. Once or twice we had hopes of the pack getting him out on the north side, in which case a splendid run over good country would have resulted, but he managed to get back again, and after trying for him as long as there was a chance of getting him out, the master called off the pack.

The dense undergrowth has been responsible for the end of several promising runs this season. It has seldom been known to be so thick, and until it gets dried up, the Mango Tope and the Powai Hill will be serious checks.

A LONG RUN.

[FRIDAY.]

The meet was at the Kennels yesterday, but only a small field of forty met the master, among which being two ladies. It was a cold, bleak morning, and we had to wait for some time for it to get light enough to start.

Moving off, the master took the pack towards Wahola, but before reaching there the pack owned to a jack, but took sometime picking up the scent. After skirting round a little they evidently got it fresher, for they all streamed off towards Sahar, giving vent to a fine chorus, over the melon grounds, to the Cross-road, and from there over more (and worse), melon ground to Sahar, where they ran into their jack inside the village. The brush was presented to Mrs. Birkett.

The master took the pack to the far side of the village and in the cover at the end soon found a jack out, and a fine straight-necked varmint he was. Disdaining cover, he made for the hills and took us over some fine bund country, across the Bomanwad Valley, a nullah being the only check to the field. He raced past Cruzola leaving us beaten for a while as the wee enclosure. Crossing the Andheri-road and setting his mark for Marol, the jack took us past the Church and over the Vihar-road. We got more good going from here to the backwater which eased us a bit, and then on, over the pipe and the road into the Powai Valley. Hounds being well ahead, the whole time, the pace was excellent. But even the pack could not keep close touch of him in the thick undergrowth, and he was evidently making way on them. More difficult was it for us to follow and one whip was down and his horse lame.

The back eventually brought us out on to the the Powai Lake, but the grass being so high there, made it impossible for the pack to track him, even had he been at close quarters, for the pack might have passed over him without knowing it.

Calling them off, the master gathered them together on the road by the Lake and a pretty sight it was with the well-mounted pack and the pink of the officials' coats and the background of the Lake and Hills beyond, while a dash of the town appeared in the shape of a motor-car.

Well pleased with the morning, we followed the pack homewards, including the two lady riders who were among the few to finish. Such a straight-necked jack deserved to have a longer lease of life than, for he had undoubtedly made the pack show off well, and we look forward to meeting many more of his type.

N. H.

£3,500 BAIL IN FOOTBALL BRIBERY CHARGE.

LEAGUE CAPTAIN'S STORY OF SIGNAL FROM FIELD.

The West Bromwich football bribery charge was in evil week again before the Smethwick Bench, who committed for trial a middle-aged man named Pascoe Bioletti, giving a London address, on the charge of attempting to bribe Jesse Pennington, captain of West Bromwich Albion Club, on the occasion of the recent match with Everton.

Mr. F. Champman, for the accused, said at the outset that he was reluctantly compelled to assent to the defendant going for trial.

Mr. J. S. Sharpe, who appeared for the club, said if the defendant were found guilty he would be liable to two years' imprisonment, or a fine of £500, or both.

It was alleged that on the eve of the match Pennington received a visit from the accused, who suggested that Pennington and his fellow-players should ensure that the Albion either drew or lost the match, agreeing in writing to pay £55. Pennington communicated with the club's chairman, but nothing was said to the other players.

Mr Sharpe declared that they now knew that Bioletti was the father of a man who carried on an extensive football coupon business in Geneva.

A number of further witnesses gave evidence and Pennington, who was recalled, said it was arranged with the defendant that before the match started Pennington should give a signal if all was right. He was to wipe his hands across his nose. After the match added the witness he went to defendant, who handed him a bag containing £55.

Defendant, who pleaded not guilty, and reserved his defence, was offered bail—himself in £1,500 and two sureties of £1,000 each.

HOME SPORTING SUMMARY.

RACING AT SANDOWN PARK.

At Sandown Park on Dec. 5 the Annual Handicap Hurdle Race was won by Mr. G. Parker's Bath, the Ewell Handicap Steeplechase by Baron de Forest's Lord Rivers, the Three-year-old Hurdle Race by Mr. C. Hince's Surge, and the Priory Steeplechase by Lady Nelson's Ally Sloper.

The Handicap Steeplechase which was the principal event at Sandown Park on Dec. 6, produced an interesting race, though the favourite, Mr. K. Malcomson's Ballyhackle, won pretty comfortably from Mr. P Whitaker's Rory O'Moore. A large field turned out for the December Handicap Hurdle Race, which was won by Mr. T. Hartington's Captain Dreyfus.

At Nottingham on Dec. 8 the Welbeck Handicap Hurdle Race was won by Mr. D. Clarke's Blind Hookey, the Mapperley Handicap Steeplechase by Mr. H. Young's Featherstone, and the Elvaston Steeplechase by Mr. E. Tyler's Sunloch. On Dec. 9 the chief event was the Midland Handicap Steeplechase Plate. It was won easily by Mr P. F. Gilbert's Hannibal, who started at 5 to 1 against.

At Windsor, on Dec. 10, the Clewer Handicap Steeplechase was won by Mr. W. Walker's Agnes M., the Windsor Maiden Hurdle Race by Mr. H. Chilcott's Tommy Hop, and the River Selling Handicap Steeplechase by Lady E. Gordon's Heather Lad.

FOOTBALL.

In the final round of the Torpid matches at Harrow School, on Dec. 6, Mr. E. Graham's House beat Mr. C. G. Pope's by 5 bases to 0.

RUGBY.

England beat the South, at Twickenham, on Dec. 6, in the first of this season's international trial games by 21 points to 12.—Rosslyn Park beat the Harlequins, at Richmond, by 10 points to 8.

The Midlands beat Kent, in the County Championship, at Blackheath, on Dec. 10, by 19 points to 8.—Dublin Hospitals beat London Hospitals, at Richmond, by 21 points to 3.

Lancashire beat Cumberland in the County Championship, at Kendal, on Dec. 6, by 1 penalty goal and 1 try (6 points) to 1 goal (5 points). The match between Durham and Cheshire, which should have been played at Durham, was postponed owing to frost.

Blackheath beat London Welsh, at Wandsworth, on Dec. 6, by 2 goals, and 6 tries (28 points) to 1 try (3 points).

Richmond beat Guy's Hospital, at Honor Oak Park, by 1 goal and 2 tries (11 points) to 1 try (3 points).

London Hospital beat London Scottish, at Richmond by 1 goal and 1 dropped goal (9 points) to 2 tries (6 points).

Old Leysians beat University College School Old Boys, at Wandsworth, by 3 goals and 6 tries (33 points) to 1 try (3 points).

Old Merchant Taylors beat Old Blues at Twickenham, by 3 tries (9 points) to 2 tries (6 points).

London Irish beat a combined team of R.M.A. and R.M.C., at Woolwich, by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 1 try (3 points).

Old Millhilians beat Old Alleynians, at Dulwich by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 0.

United Services beat Aldershot Command, at Aldershot, by 3 tries (9 points) to 0.

United Sevices (Portsmouth) beat Chatham Services, at Portsmouth, by 1 goal and 7 tries (26 points) to 0.

Exmouth, and Devonport Albion played a drawn game, at Exmouth, the former having scored 1 try (3 points) to 1 penalty goal (3 points).

Pontypool beat Bath, at Pontypool, by 1 goal, 1 penalty goal, and 1 try (11 points) to 0.

Weston-super-Mare beat Bristol, at Weston-super-Mare, by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 1 try (3 points).

Neath beat Northampton, at Northampton, by 1 dropped goal and 2 tries (10 points) to 2 tries (6 points).

Leicester beat Cardiff, at Leicester, by 1 dropped goal and 2 tries (10 points) to 1 try (3 points).

Cheltenham and Gloucester played a drawn game, at Cheltenham, neither side having scored.

Liverpool beat Headingley, at Liverpool, by 2 goals (10 points) to 1 goal and 1 try (8 points).

Glasgow and Edinburgh played a drawn game, at Glasgow, each side having scored 1 dropped goal (4 points).

Old Merchant Taylors' School beat Dover College, at Dover, by 4 goals and 6 tries (38 points) to 0.

Headingley beat Cardiff, at Kirkstall, on Dec. 8, by 1 goal and 3 tries (14 points) to 1 goal and 1 try (8 points).

ASSOCIATION.

The results of the matches in the second round of the Arthur Dunn Cup competition on Dec. 6 were as follows:—Old Reptonians 5 goals, Old Citizens 0, at Leyton; Old Brightonians 8, Old Bradford Boys 1, at Wembley; Old Malvernians 3, Old Cholmeleians 3, at Norbury; Old Aldenhamians 3, Old Felstedians 0, at Walthamstow; Old Wykehamists 2, Old Carthusians 1, at Cambridge; Lancing Old Boys 3, Old Harrovians 1, at Tottenham; Old Cranleighans 4, Old Bodleians 1, at Malden; Old Wellingburians 10, Old Etonians 0, at Merton.

Hampshire beat Sussex on Dec. 6 in the Southern Counties Amateur Championship, at Brighton, by 7 goals to 5.

The results of the matches in the League Championship on Dec. 6 were as follows:—Blackburn Rovers 3 goals, Chelsea 1, at Blackburn; Manchester United 2, Manchester City 0, at Manchester; Everton 1, Sheffield Wednesday 1, at Everton; Sheffield United 2, Preston North End 0, at Sheffield; Sunderland 3, Bolton Wanderers 2, at Sunderland; Aston Villa 2, Liverpool 1, at Birmingham; Derby County 3, Burnley 1, at Derby; Oldham Athletic 1, Bradford City 0, at Bradford; Middlesbrough 3, Newcastle United 0, at Middlesbrough; Tottenham Hotspur 3, West Bromwich Albion 0, at Tottenham.

The results of the matches in the second Division of the League on Dec. 6 were as follows:—Woolwich Arsenal 1 goal, Leeds City 0, at Highbury; Fulham 1, Birmingham 0, at Fulham; Notts Forest 1, Clapton Orient 1s at Nottingham; Bury 3, Nott, County 3 at Bury; Stockport 3, Lincoln City 0, at Lincoln; Grimsby Town 1, Bristol City 0, at Grimsby; Blackpool 2, Glossop 1, at Glossop; Bradford 1, Huddersfield Town 0, at Huddersfield; Barnsley 3, Leicester Fosse 0, at Barnsley: Hull City 7, Wolverhampton Wanderers 1, at Hull.

The results of the matches in the Southern League on Dec. 6 were as follows:—Swindon Town 2 goals, Millwall 0, at Swindon; Plymouth Argyle 2, Northampton 0, at Plymouth; Crystal Palace 3, Watford 0, at the Crystal Palace; Southend United 1, West Ham United 0, at Upton Park; Queen's Park Rangers 3, Coventry City 0, at Park Royal; Reading 3, Norwich City 2, at Reading; Brighton and Hove Albion 1, Merthyr Town 0, at Merthyr; Cardiff City 1, Exeter City 1, at Cardiff; Southampton 3, Gillingham 1, at Southampton; Bristol Rovers 3, Portsmouth 1, at Bristol

GOLF.

In the final round of the Oriel Foursomes Tournament at Oxford, on Dec. 5, Mr. A. G. Barry and Mr. H. B. Stokoe beat Mr. F. Grant and Mr. R Sinclair by 5 holes up and 4 to play.

A Cambridge University team led by Mr. R. G. C. Yerburgh beat the Golfers' Club by 3 1-4 points to 3 at Sandy Lodge, on Dec. 6. Mr. R. E. Wilson gained a quarter point for the bye of his match with Capt. J. S. Armstrong, and this decided the event in favour of Mr. Yerburgh's side. A drizzling rain fell, but the course was very dry.

The New Club, St. Andrews beat the Royal and Ancient Club, on Dec. 6, in a foursome contest over the old course, by 9 matches to 5. One match was halved.

In the final round of the Club Cup Competition at Stoke Poges on Dec 8, Mr. Lionel Cohen (handicap 5) beat Mr. R. H. J. Swann (8) by 2 holes up and 1 to play.

In the final round of the Foursome Tournament of the Ashford Manor Club, on Dec. 8, Mr. H. H. Hilton (+6) and Mr. E. F. Overbury (handicap 10) beat Mr. M. W. Mossop (+2) and Mr. J. Cairnes (12) by 3 holes up and 1 to play. The Lefevre Challenge Cup resulted in a victory for Mr. R. B. Avern (14), who beat Mr. H. Hucks (14) in the final round by 2 holes.

Capt. Wreford Brown beat Capt. Needham in the final round of the Royal Military College 36 holes competition at Woking, on Dec. 9, by 3 holes up and 2 to play.

In the final round of the competition for the Handel Cup (open to members of the West Herts, Edgware, and Stanmore clubs), at Stanmore, on Dec. 10, Mr. Forman (Stanmore) beat Mr. Oliphant (Stanmore).

Hockey.—The North of Scotland beat the East of Scotland in the first of the International Trial games at Aberdeen, on Dec. 6, by 2 goals to 1.

ARRIVALS.

PER S. S. "CHINA" DEC. 26.

The P. and O. S N. Company's steamer "China," (Captain C. H. Tocque, R. N. R.) arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday with the mails of 12th December, and brought the following passengers.

Abriner, Mr L J
Acree, Mr
Alexander, Mr A J
Allen, Mr H G
Altof, Mr A
Anderson, Mr James
Antobus, Mr H
Argenti, Mr
Arnold, Miss
Asquith, Miss V
Asquith, Mr C
Bannon, Mr R A
Beaument, Miss
Benain Mr E
Bernard, Mrs.
Berridge, Mr S C
Berridge, Mrs
Best, Mrs M
Bingell, Mrs
Birkmyre, Mr. Archy
Birkmyre, Mrs. and child
Birkmyre Miss
Bonnet, Mr Edgar
Bonnet, Mr George
Boyd Mr K T
Boyd Miss
Boyd, Miss Grace
Boyd, Miss Kathie
Boyes, Mr A E J
Brooke, Miss
Browne, Mr R T
Browne, Mr
Browne, Miss
Browne, Miss
Browne, Master B.
Browne, Capt P L
Bryce, Mr F
Bryce, Mrs
Bryce, Miss
Carling, Mr E W
Carling, Mr F
Carnochan, Miss M
Carter, Mr J N
Charrington, Mr Mowbray
Charrington, Mrs
Chicken, Mr A B G
Chicken, Mrs
Clarke, Miss
Cochrane, Miss E M
Cole, Canon W
Cole, Mrs
Cole, Miss
Googe Mr W W
Coote, Miss M
Crawford, Mr J
Creswell Master G
Cuthush, Mrs
Cunningham, Miss
Cunningham, Mr J J
Dallas, Mr J E
de la Court, Miss C
de Laveleye, Mrs M
de Lesseps, M le Comte Charles
de Lesseps, Mdme la Comtesse.
de Lesseps, Mr Victor
de Lesseps, Mrs
de Sorionne, Mdme la Comtesse
Des Voeux, Miss
Dilberogine, Mr R N
Donald, Mr J
Donnelly, Miss F M
Douglas Mr J H W
Drew Captain C M
Dumont Mr C
Dutton, Mr R M L
Edwards, Mr T E R
Elliott, Mrs Lucy A.
Larchin, Mrs child
Larsen, Miss A
Laurie Mr J W
Lees, F R G S Mrs H
Lemerie, Mr J R
Lister-Kaye, Mr.
Lister-Kaye, Mrs.
Longworth Mr R C
Longworth Mrs
Lowther Mr J G
Lowther, Mrs
Maclean Mr F
Maclean Miss
Madge Mr Edward D
Mahomoud, Mr H
Major Mrs A M
Major Miss
Major, Miss Olga
Marsden, Mr E
Marshall, Miss E
Marshall, Miss H
Martin Mr C A E
Maxwell, Mrs child infant
McCann, Mr G H
McCaw, Mr W J
McCaw, Miss
McCaw, Miss N
McDonnell Mr A G
Mervyen, Smith Mr.
Mervyn Smith, Mrs
Midye, Miss E
Mitchell, Miss
Moore, Mr H S
Neilson, Mr. Montgomerie
Neville Mr E H
Neville, Mrs
Nicholls, Miss E W
Oakes Mr. H L
Orr, Miss Jeannie
Ottley, Mrs E infant
Palmer, Col C H
Panday, Mr V S
Pearce, Mr G H
Perkins, Miss
Perkins, Master
Peters Miss L
Peters, Miss S H
Phillips, Miss
Pigott, Mrs
Pigott, Miss
Pigott, Bart., Sir Berkeley
Pomeroy, Mrs three children infant
Purves, Mr C H
Quinan, Mr G B
Quinan, Mr G E
Rais, Major J W F
Reilly, Lieut H L
Riley, Mrs. Jas
Ritchie, Miss Daisy
Richford, Mr G J D
Rose, Mr D
Rulcovins, Miss A.
Russel, Mr A Y
Ryder, Mr H
Scott, Mr W P
Scott, Mrs
Sells, Mr F
Sheer, Mr W H
Showers, Mr St G A
Showers, Mrs
Sidey, Mr R D
Singh, Mr J
Siotis, Mr A G
Smith, Mr E A
Smith, Mr R B
Smith, Mr H
Solente, Mr
Solente, Mrs
Somerville, Mr A
Somner, Mr
Spottiswood, Mr
Standage, I M S Major R F
Stansfield, Miss
Sterry, Rev F
Sterry, Mrs.
Stevenson Mr F J
Stewart, Mr F W
Stillwell, Rev J R
Sutherland, Mrs
Taylor Mr F H
Thachter, Mr T J B
Thatcher, Mrs T J B
Theobald, Mrs. and child
Theobald, Miss A G
Theobald Miss M B
Thomson, Miss M E
Tilsley, Mr H
Tomlinson, Mr R J
Topalian Mr A R
Topalian; Miss N K
Verney, Mrs Ralph infant
Vestey, Miss D
Waite, Mr R K
Walton, E C D.
Walton, Mrs. and infant
Watson, Mr W F J
Wentworth Capt.
Wilkinson, Mrs N and infant
Williams, Captain Gould.
Williams, Mrs
William, Miss H V
Wood, Mrs E A
Wyllarde, Mrs Dol
Xydes, Mrs two infants
Young, Miss D
Young, Miss V
Zenane, Mr N K
Zaporowitz, Mr

PER S. S. "CLEOPATRA."

The Austrian Lloyd s. s. "Cleopatra" from Trieste, left Aden on the 25th instant, and is due here on the 30th instant at 7 a.m.

Passengers will be landed at the Victoria Dock No. 8 at about 10 a.m.

Ancell Mr. & Mrs.
Ali Bey, Mr & Mrs
Annan, Mrs
Anastassiadi, Mr & Mrs S E
Bease, Miss
Bompass, Mr C H
Bosch, Mr
Channer, Capt
Clement, Mr
Curtis, Mrs Francis
Curtis Miss N
Donnenberg, Mrs & Child
Devna, Revd J
Dhondi, Mr
Evans, Major G P
Fitzpatrick, Mrs
Forbes, Mrs Percy
Fino, Mr F W
Flink, Mr
Gutmann Mr.
Gerard, Mr & Mrs J Child & Infant
Gillan, Mrs
Horsach, Dr W E
Hurlimann, Mr
Hussain, Mrs S H
Ibbetson, Mr
Johanson, Miss E
Khan, Mr A H
Kendrick, Mr
Kuker, Mr M
Kapur, Mr B N
Lorenzo, Mr G
Levi, Mr
Lyon, Capt O
Lunsden, Miss A E
Umzumdar Mr
Agnanini, Mr
Uller, Prof. & Mrs O V
Makenzie, Mr & Mrs
Nadkeolyar, Mr H I
Nadkeolyar, Mr J I
Nadkeolyar, Mr N I
Niemann, Mr
Nine Reverend Sisters
Pandit, Mr P S
Poley, Mrs C & Child
Palit, Mr & Mrs
Price, Mr R
Rawlinson, Mr & Mrs
Reynolds, Mrs
Rounds, Miss
Sebenschein, Mr
Schmidt, Mr
Schmidt, Mrs G & Child
Schmuck, Miss
Syed Mahomed, Mr
Sharp, Mr.
Sieson, Mr Ch J
Strebel, Miss R
Thomson, Miss L
Verma, Mr
Weitl, Mr
Wilkinson, Mr & Mrs H R
Winslow, Major H E
Wedel, Mrs & 2 Children.

DEPARTURES.

PER S. S. "PERSIA," DEC. 27.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Persia" sails to-day for Marseilles and London with the following passengers:—

Acworth, Mr E C B
Ball, Mr H V
Beaver, Mr H E C
Binning, Mr E
Black, Mr L C
Blundstone, Mr C R
Boy, Mr J
Bookless, Mrs
Burr, Mr J G
Burney, Mr
Carter, Major B C
Castillon, Mr A
Catlow, Mr J
Catlow, Mr J B
Chapman, Capt F H M
Crossle, Mr H. C
Cuffin, Mrs H A
Darke, Dr.(Miss) Joan
Edwards, Mr A R
Edye, Mrs
Endres, Mr C G
Fisher, Mrs H A L
Gerdan Walker, Mr A
Greer, Mrs E
Griawell, Mr H W
Gunn, Mr J A
Hore, Miss
Hill, Major F B
Hill, Mr Robert
Hull, Mr F J
James, Mr A
Keyser, Mr C W
Kilne, Mr. M F and Mrs
Konga, Mr B S
Lee, Col F
Lewis, Mr A E
Lucas, Mr A
Mo'ak, Mr
M'fin, Mr A G
Muno, Mjr R G
Murray, Capt A D
Murray, Mrs, child, and nurse
Musgrave, Mrs A D
Parker, Miss Ada
Riordan, Mr M
Rose, Mr R L
Ross, Miss F E
Sabihuddin, Haggi Mr M
Scott, Mr H E
Scott, Mrs and child
Sealy, Mr W A E
Seo, Mr V
Shaw, Mr D S
Smith, Mr H A
Smith, Mr Sydney
Webb, Mr A W
West, Mrs C H
Williamson Mrs
Wood, Mr P

S. S. "ARMAND BEHIC," DEC. 26.

The following passengers will proceed to Colombo, Australia, etc., by the Messageries Maritimes Company's steamer "Armand Behic" to-day, from the stream. The medical inspection of the saloon passengers will take place at Ballard Pier at 2-45 p.m. (S. T.) Native servants and ayahs and all deck passengers must be at the disinfection shed near Prince's Dock, at 12-30 p.m. sharp, with all baggage.

COLOMBO.

Brady, Mr. W H
Brett, Mrs H W & 2 daughters.
Claydon, Mr & Mrs. B C
Dwight Smith, Mr. and Mrs
Keystone, Mr J W
Keystone, Mr F B
Khambatta, Mr. S N
Khambatta, Mr. F N
Khambatta, Miss

SHANGHAI.

Sequeira, Mr J A
Sutton, Mr.

SINGAPORE.

Tiskin, Mr. Peter

FREMANTLE.

Boda, Mr V A
Idar, Mr

MELBOURNE.

Osborne, Color-Sergeant F, wife & two children.

SYDNEY.

Silva, Mr. F J

CHRISTMAS AT SEA.

ENJOYABLE TIME ON THE S.S. "CHINA."

BOMBAY CELEBRATIONS.

Christmas on board the P. and O. mail steamer "China" was a happy and enjoyable time. The ship was very full between Marseilles and Port Said, but a great many passengers bound for Cairo for the season left at that port, including the son and daughter of the Right Hon. H. H. Asquith, the Prime Minister. From Port Said to Bombay there were 80 first-class and 86 second-class passengers.

The Christmas festivities started on Wednesday. In the first saloon a Christmas tree for adults, arranged chiefly by Prince Emmanuel Bibesco of Roumania, provided pleasure for the passengers, and particularly for the ladies, each of whom received a gift which will serve as a pleasant reminder of a pleasant voyage. After the presentation of the gifts from the tree, there was an informal dance, and at midnight the passengers joined hands and sang "Auld Lang Syne."

On the same evening in the second saloon the prizes won at the sports were presented, and a hearty vote of thanks was passed to Mr. H. Smith, the organiser of a really interesting and enjoyable series of events.

Thursday was children's day, and the little ones had a great time. They were all gathered together in the first saloon, and given a tea at which cakes, fruit, sweets and other delicacies—which children love—were provided in great variety and profusion. Afterwards, a huge Christmas tree, laded with beautiful toys and gifts of both useful and ornamental nature, was stripped by one of the passengers got up as Father Christmas, and the little ones went back to their cabins rejoicing.

Good old English Christmas fare was provided at all the meals on Thursday, and the members of the ship's company did his and her best to make the passengers realise that though the sun was shining brightly, and the general weather conditions were very different to those usually prevailing at Home at the festive season, it really was Christmas. Moreover, "christmassy" spirit prevailed among the passengers, the result being a merry time in the best sense of the term, and one which will not soon be forgotten.

IN BOMBAY.

DINNER AT THE SAILORS' HOME.

Christmas day in Bombay passed quietly, but pleasantly. At the hotels the Christmas dinner was an enjoyable function, and there were large gatherings at all the principal hostelries.

At the Sailors Home the special dinner was attended by the the crew of H.M.S. "Pelorus" and those boarding at the Home, the party numbering 215, while 15 officers and men of the Mercantile Marine were entertained. The expenses were met from the Home funds. The premises were decorated with flags and buntings and wore a most cheery look, and the sailors were given an excellent dinner.

Rear-Admiral R. M. Pierse, Naval Commander-in-Chief of the East Indies Squadron with his staff, the Captain of the Flagship H.M.S. "Swiftsure" and the Captain of the H.M.S. "Pelorus" visited the Home and were shown round by Mr. Scott, Superintendent of the Home. His Excellency expressed himself thoroughly pleased with the arrangements.

Similar entertainments were given to the inmates of the Government Workhouse and of the Strangers' Home.

IN THE E. G. HOSPITAL.

Christmas day was spent as enjoyably as possible by the patients in the European General Hospital thanks to the kindness of relatives, friends, patrons, and the staff. A special dinner was provided and in the evening a concert was given by members of the Y. M. C. A.

The children especially fared well. A Christmas tree was provided for about 30 of them and for about 40 adults. Capt Harkness, the Resident Surgeon, made an excellent Santa Claus, and the children were evidently pleased with him. In fact the whole day, commencing with the youngsters waking up to find well filled stockings waiting for them, was made as jolly as it could be for them and for their seniors. Among those present to assist in providing the entertainment were Mrs. Collie, Major Carter and Mrs. Carter, Col Jackson, and Col. Burnett.

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Mr. Arnold Hills, well known as the former managing director of the Thames Ironworks, an energetic food reformer, and in his day an enthusiastic Varsity athlete, has set afoot a scheme for sending a team of vegetarians and fruitarians to the Berlin sports. Food reform has made such strides in recent years that little difficulty is anticipated in selecting a first-rate team.

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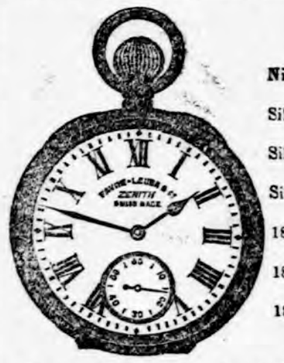

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THE
Bombay Gazette

Saturday, 27th December, 1913.

THE INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS.

LORD MORLEY'S Reforms have led to a great diminution in the interest in the proceedings of the Indian National Congress. Indian public men have now ample facilities for bringing forward questions in which they and their communities are concerned in the Imperial Legislative Council, as well as in the Provincial Councils, and the debates which have taken place on many important subjects show that they have fully availed themselves of their opportunities. This being so, the discussions in the Congress are in the main of academic interest, and are likely to continue so in future. It was natural that the President should deal at length with the South Africa question in his opening address. But it is to be regretted that he should have described the Imperial Government as "standing by while blow after blow is deliberately aimed at them (the Indian settlers in South Africa) with terrible precision and effect. This indifference" he went on to say, "has aggravated the situation, and has aroused bitter feeling between two countries of the Empire, and it is certainly derogatory to the high character of British statesman ship. Not only that, but it leads one to think that this indifference, in effect, encourages the South African Union to believe that their mistaken policy has the support of the Government at Home." The Imperial Government no doubt might have done more for the Indian settlers when they were granting self-government to South Africa, but it is admittedly the fact that for several years past they have actively essayed to bring about the removal of the Indian grievances. The President declared that he had more faith in retaliatory measures, such as the placing of an embargo on the importation of coal from Natal into this country, and the closing of the doors of competition for the Indian Civil Service against South Africans. He confessed that these measures would have the disadvantage of being merely irritating and that they would not inflict any real disability on the Colonists. This undoubtedly would be the case, and we believe that so, far as from having any moral effect, they would accentuate the existing difficulties and render the lot of the Indian in South Africa less bearable than it is to-day. At the moment the attitude of the Union Government is more conciliatory than it has been for some time past, and we believe that the interests of the Indian settler will better be served by recognising this change than by suggesting that the Government of India should "lose no time" in resorting to retaliatory measures. There is, indeed, as we have, on previous occasions pointed out, a danger of the Indian grievances being lost sight of in the waging of a political campaign. It is a noteworthy fact that many veteran Congress leaders are absent from this year's gathering. It has been stated that of all those who received threatening letters warning them not to attend Mr. Bhupendra Nath Basu alone has arrived at Karachi. The idea, that there is any connection between the threats and the absence of the leaders is absurd, but a Congress without Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, Mr. Surendranath Banerjea, Mr. Gokhale, and Mr. Malaviya will be shorn of a good deal of its oratorical attractions.

ANIMAL LIFE AND SANITATION.

THE resolution passed recently by the Ahmedabad Municipality, sanctioning the purchase of a lethal chamber for the speedy and painless destruction of stray dogs, may possibly mark a new epoch in the attitude of Indians towards animal life. It is true that at every meeting of the Municipality at which this subject has been discussed the Hindu and Jain members of the Committee of Management have voted solidly against the proposal. A rumour has also been current that a general strike is threatened at Ahmedabad against the use of the chamber. A stoppage of work of any duration is, however, improbable. Most of the millowners are Hindus, and the Mahajan and other Jain and Hindu organisations could not go on feeding the huge proletariat of Ahmedabad indefinitely. Still, even admitting that some kind of strike might be inaugurated, and again that the higher-class Hindus of Ahmedabad are keen adherents of the doctrine of "ahinsa," nevertheless the resolution referred to is of considerable importance. Commonsense must prevail in the end; and the attitude of the Jains cannot hold the field much longer. It is stated that in the great famine of 1899, the Jains and Hindus of Amedabad proceeded outside the city to distribute good cooked food to monkeys, while human beings were suffering from want. There is, we believe, nothing in the sacred books of Hinduism to sanction this. Since the great famine, moreover, there have been no further opportunities for such proceedings. But it appears that even to the present day, lakhs of maunds of grain are thrown into pans or on platforms to feed pigeons and also squirrels and other small animals, and several times a week, tongas go out from the city laden with "puris" and other delicacies for the monkeys. For this there is a certain amount to be said. It is better that rich men should feed these animals than that they should take their toll of the ears of grain in the poor man's field. But for the deliberate and carefully organised preservation of stray dogs no valid plea can be urged. While acting as scavengers, these animals probably cause as much dirt as they clear away, and they are the means of disseminating hydrophobia, the most appalling disease known. Covered often with the most excruciatingly painful mange, with limbs broken or torn, worried by their larger brethren, pounded with stones by human beings, they drag out their miserable existence. It is especially to be noted that the existence of these dogs is not a natural one. The nature of the dog is to roam in packs about the jungle, and all the mange and other afflictions to which the pariah dogs are liable are the results of unnatural food and surroundings. Dogs in towns should be either domesticated and privately owned, as in England, or not allowed to exist. To the horrors above described the Ahmedabad Mahajan, no doubt with blameless intentions, have, a correspondent informs us, recently added another. Rather than allow the lethal chamber to be purchased they undertook to capture the city dogs and keep them in cages. Several thousand dogs were caught and caged, and fed at a cost which would have been sufficient to build a new Club or a Town Hall or a hospital. Subsequently, after a considerable number of dogs had died, the remainder were removed elsewhere, and it is stated that many escaped and wandered back to the city. Contrast this with what happens in London. In the Battersea Dogs' Home, where the inmates are not herded together, but each one carefully tended and fed, stray dogs are not kept indefinitely, but if not claimed within a short time are destroyed by a painless method. That the doctrine of "ahinsa" has produced in India a greater degree of kindness towards animals than exists in Western countries we are unwilling to admit. And we believe that the doctrine is purely a principle of personal conduct forbidding the unnecessary and wanton destruction of life. It does not enjoin deliberate interference with others who for the good of the community may be preparing to take the lives of useless and dangerous animals.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette," with the homeward mails of the 20th instant, arrived at Aden at 2-30 p m. on Wednesday.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Maloja," with the outward mails of the 19th instant, passed Suez at 9-30 a. m. on Christmas Day.

Notes of the Day.

The old-fashioned English Christmas of frost and snow is not yet a mere tradition, only to be found in story-books and Christmas annuals. At Home they had a fine Christmas, with frost and bright exhilarating weather, while in places there was snow. How different this was from the Christmas of 1912 will be best appreciated by Londoners, who were simply deluged by rain last year.

It is evident from the mail papers that the boxing match between Wells and Carpentier aroused great interest in England and France. The match, which ended in such a decisive victory for the young Frenchman, was remarkable for the unanimity of opinion among the Press critics at Home. Wells, it would appear, was beaten before the fight started. To an interviewer he said that he did not understand his opponent's tactics, which hardly suggests a confident frame of mind. *The Times* sums up the contest in the criticism that once more the pugilist who liked boxing fell before a rival who loved fighting. "Wells was boo'd by a few souls who could not distinguish between lack of physical stamina and lack of courage."

The Calcutta papers continue to express themselves strongly in regard to the expense which the building of the new capital will involve. It is notorious that the schemes of the town-planners, if carried out, would lead to an expenditure far in excess of anything that was contemplated by the originators of the Delhi project. *Capital*, in discussing the question, remarks that unfortunately for Delhi the cost of its construction is likely to begin just at the time when, owing to the ebbing of trade prosperity, the country will insist on a policy of retrenchment. Whether we are on the eve of a serious trade reaction it is impossible to say, and this country certainly has no power to insist on a policy of retrenchment. But it is unquestionable that if a period of commercial depression did set in, bringing with it a large contraction of Indian revenue, the Government would hardly care to proceed with grandiose schemes of building at Delhi.

Among the features of the International Exhibition of Aerial Locomotion, which was opened on the 5th instant at Paris, was the display of military machines. The question of dropping bombs from airships is one which has attracted a great deal of attention, and the Paris show includes a Bristol bomb-dropping bi-plane, which is equipped with an ingenious aiming apparatus and carries twelve torpedo-shaped bombs. In illustration of the difficulty of hitting an object with a bomb it is mentioned that from a height of 3,000 feet, at a speed of sixty-five miles an hour in calm air, the bomb must be discharged nearly 1,500 feet before the machine is over the mark. It is said, however, though no details are given, that very good shooting has been made with the *camera obscura* sighting apparatus with which this machine is fitted.

The plan of the Commerce Committee of the American House of Representatives to meet the British objection to the breach of the Panama Canal Treaty is ingenious and is designed to exercise a sedative influence for the time being, the hope existing that some means may be found eventually by which Great Britain may be conciliated while the United States enjoy their monopoly. The clause of the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty, of 1901 between America and England provided that the canal "shall be free and open in time or war, as in time of peace, to the vessels of commerce and of war of all nations on terms of entire equality, so that there shall be no discrimination against any nation....." The proposal to suspend the provision which exempts American vessels from paying tolls and thus discriminates in their favour, is at any rate a move in the right direction.

The Salvation Army's efforts on behalf of silk culture in India are gratefully recognised by the official community. An excellent little pamphlet has been published which presents the subject to the rustic mind in the guise of a dialogue between the tahsildar, the headman, and certain villagers of the villages of Garibpur. The headman respectfully draws the attention of the tahsildar to the impoverished condition of his people and begs him to recommend Government to reduce their taxation permanently. The tahsildar replies that he can tell them of a method by which they will be able to meet their payments, and which will make the place so prosperous that its name will be changed to Daulatabad. "Is not your country," he says, "like that of Bengal and the Punjab and many parts of India, China and Persia, where the silkworm flourishes? Again let me tell you that in our warm climates instead of giving one crop during the year, as is the case in Kashmir and Europe, the silkworm will yield from four to eight harvests, as is the case in Mysore, Bengal, Indore and other parts of India." The dialogue is written in plain language with a wealth of suitable Indian imagery, and if printed in the vernaculars should appeal to the simple mind of the ryot.

OUR LONDON LETTER.

MR. ASQUITH'S WEEK.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Like all really great men, and unlike certain Cabinet Ministers, Mr. Asquith cares surprisingly little for what may be called the theatrical side of political polemics, but necessarily he has been very much in the lime-light since I last wrote; indeed, this may be described as Mr. Asquith's week. We have had no fewer than four important pronouncements from him within almost as many days, and all, as his opponents, including Mr. Bonar Law admit, distinguished by the lucid terseness that gives him his unique position among political orators of the present time and makes him the envy of the mighty army of the prolix. Mr. Lloyd George was not indulging in mere flattery when he said on Tuesday evening that the Prime Minister had told his hearers in one speech of about forty minutes as much as he himself had said in five speeches each of an hour and a half's duration—more than an hour and a half's duration, I should say. The first of Mr. Asquith's speeches, delivered at the Manchester Reform Club last Friday night, was devoted entirely to the Ulster problem. The second, which was made at Oldham on Saturday covered a variety of subjects, and included what looks like a forecast of coming changes in the incidence of the income tax to meet the country's growing expenditure. The occasion of the third speech was another gathering at Manchester the same afternoon, when in replying to an address from the local Liberal Association, the Premier chose as his principal theme the Parliament Act. "When we passed the Parliament Act," he said to the great delight of the stalwarts, "we meant to use it. It was not an idle and empty demonstration. It was not passed for ornament or for display. It was passed for use, and you may depend upon it, used it will be." The fourth and as fighting Liberals think the most pregnant of the whole series, was the speech at the dinner given to some 400 or more picked Liberals by the Chief Ministerial Whip, Mr. Percy Illingworth, to celebrate the opening of the raging, tearing agitation—"window-dressing" the Unionists call it—with which Mr. Asquith, as the unchallenged leader of the Liberal Party hopes to sweep the country at the next general election. I say unchallenged leader, for he is certainly that to-day whatever may or may not have been the case in the not very remote past. There is no doubt that Mr. Asquith's prestige has grown enormously of late and his speeches of the past week have strengthened still more his hold on the imagination of his followers, especially his provincial followers. Not so very long ago political journalists were fond of speculating as to the individual on whom Elijah's mantle would be cast. But there is no such speculation now; and Mr. Asquith at this moment in his public career probably is as powerful in the councils of the Liberal Party as Gladstone ever was at the height of his fame as political leader.

THE ULSTER PROBLEM.

We are all Federalists now, and at the Manchester Reform Club the Premier said nothing that contravenes the view reiterated almost daily by the most weighty of the Liberal organs, namely, that the Liberal Party in common with practically all parties, are ready for a new departure on the lines of what is popularly called Home Rule All Round. We move quickly in politics as in other things in these days. While Mr. Asquith insists that the peculiar conditions, economic, social, historical, of each part of the United Kingdom must be taken into account, he agrees with Sir Edward Carson that the treatment of Ireland must not be exceptional or different from that offered to the other parts of the Kingdom, and he declares that the Government are prepared to re-consider with an open mind any stipulations in their Bill which may be thought to have a Separatist or Anti-Federal tendency. "All this," says the *Times*, "is of good omen and we welcome it without reserve." Well, why are not real negotiations begun? Surely there has been enough talking on both sides. One is bored to death with the endless futilities and repetitions. The best thing would be for the spokesmen of the two camps to take what Mr. Churchill would call a political holiday and see if they can agree to some *modus vivendi*. Sir William Anson, M. P., who is a fair-minded and clear-headed man, is, I see, doubtful if the "essential condition" that the Bill should contain nothing incompatible with a Federal scheme will be acceptable to the Nationalists. Well, we shall see; and there are many reasons why Mr. Redmond would give a great deal to obtain an agreement. One of these is that the chances of the Duke of Connaught going to Ireland as Lord Lieutenant would be immensely increased if the new system can be started without civil commotion on a great scale. The intense desire of all Ireland, a few extremists excepted, to have a member of the Royal Family installed in Phœnix Park ought to be reassuring to the more timid in our midst.

A STRANGE EPISODE.

The trail of the serpent—I mean the Suffragette—is over them all. At Mr. Asquith's Oldham meeting the chair was taken by the much-respected senior local member, Mr. A. W. Barton, who directly after the proceedings created a sensation not only in Oldham but in political dovecots generally by cancelling all his engagements and severing his connection with the local Liberal Association. He followed this up by intimating his firm intention to resign his seat at the earliest possible moment, which means immediately Parliament reassembles. The Liberals have already lost one seat in a by-election at Oldham and naturally they are alarmed at the prospect of losing another. What led up to the *contretemps* may be explained in a few words. As generally happens nowadays at public gatherings addressed by Cabinet Ministers and especially anti-Suffragist Cabinet Ministers, it was decided to exclude what used to be called the fair sex. Subsequently through the obsequiousness of the local Liberal Association it was decided to provide seats on the platform for the ladies of the Alderley Park house-party, including Mrs. Asquith, and some lady friends of Lord Emmott. The Oldham Liberal women of course resented this and claimed that 15 of their number should be admitted. Mr. Barton agreed with this modest demand and put forward their application with a strong recommendation that it be granted. But no notice was taken of his wishes nor, it seems, was he favoured with the courtesy of a reply. He says he learnt "quite casually" just before the meeting this request had not been granted. His subsequent action though not unnatural in the circumstances seemed rather like personal pique, but Mr. Barton who is a keen Suffragist declares that he is fighting for a principle, and the *Manchester Guardian* together with many people who are not Suffragists, praise him for his spirit and courage. The columns of the *Manchester Guardian* are filled with correspondence on the subject, and Mr. Barton is the hero of the hour in Lancashire among all people who dislike servility, especially when it is indulged in by those who profess and call themselves Democrats In Wednesday's issue of the *Manchester Guardian* there is a frank letter signed "Ex-Agent," who describes what occurred on a previous occasion, apparently in the same neighbourhood, perhaps the same town, when Mr. Winston Churchill, the Home Secretary, was the "star" of a political demonstration. As at Oldham on Saturday, it had been decided for obvious reasons that women should not attend the meeting. Says "Ex-Agent": "I met the Home Secretary at the station, where he arrived by special train and the usual full blaze of limelight." The writer explains that he is now entirely out of political life "so can speak with some freedom. A telegram was handed to him (Mr. Churchill) by the stationmaster. It was from Mrs. Churchill, complaining that she and her hostess and some other ladies of the house-party had been told by the agent (that is by me) that no women were being admitted to the meeting and she would consequently not be there. Mr. Churchill immediately flew into a righteous passion and informed me with much emphasis that unless these ladies were admitted he would not speak." "Ex-Agent" adds:—"The ladies were telegraphed for, naturally. At the meeting scores of men whose wives and daughter were most valuable workers in the constituencies bitterly resented the differences made between these 'distinguished' ladies and their women relatives." The latest idea is that there will not be an election; that the Oldham Liberal Association will abase themselves before Mr. Barton, and that he will overlook the affront to himself and his lady workers. But I am not so sure.

THE EARL'S COURT PAGEANT.

The London Hindu Sabha, under the lead of Shri Thakur Jessrajshrinji Sessodia, has succeeded in its campaign against the Siva ritual-murder scene in the projected Indian Pageant at Earl's Court as pictured in the *Illustrated London News* of Saturday, November 1st. About three weeks ago an intimation appeared in an evening paper that offence had been given to Hindus in this country by the scene, and shortly afterward the *Times* announced that Sir George Birdwood was to preside at a meeting to protest publicly against the introduction of this particular scene. The attention of the Lord Chamberlain—Lord Sandhurst—having thus been called to the matter, he at once communicated with the India Office, which referred the matter to a special Committee appointed for the purpose, the members of which were Sir Krishna Gupta, Sir David Barr, both members of the India Council, Sir George Birdwood and Sir James Dunlop Smith, Political A. D. C. to Lord Crewe. The decision of the India Office, in accordance with the recommendation of this Committee, is that the scenario of the Pageant as revised by Mr. Caton Woodville is objectionable, and ought not to be sanctioned by the Lord Chamberlain. The Committee not only objected to the scene of the Siva ritual murder, as reproduced in the *Illustrated London News*, but to the whole Pageant even as altered after the objections to it of the London Hindu Sabha had become publicly known in London. In spite of Mr. Caton Woodville's defence of the scenario in the *Times* of November 29th the announcement on Monday of the final decision gave great satisfaction to many people, and their satisfaction was enhanced by the simultaneous publication in the *Times* of another letter on the subject by Sir George Birdwood. That letter while justifying the opposition to the Pageant, was very courteous in tone to Mr. Caton Woodville personally, so much so that the distinguished artist in announcing that he is preparing a revise of the revised and condemned scenario, thanks Sir George Birdwood for the interest show in the work, and expresses regret that he had not asked Sir George's advice and assistance when he first undertook the production of the spectacle. This is indeed a happy ending of the controversy. In the revised Pageant Mr. Caton Woodville has asked the cooperation of a well-known Hindu gentleman and there is every hope that the Pageant in its new form will be sanctioned by the Lord Chamberlain, and thus every one will be satisfied, and in especial the 2,000 performers who for the past week stood in daily peril of their engagement for the Christmas season. I am told, and readily believe, that no one is more glad that these good honest people have been saved from loss than those who thought it their duty to make the protest, which the result has justified. I myself thought that the same goal could have been reached by quite private remonstrances, but it is only fair to the London Hindu Sabha to say that their agitation was conducted with moderation.

SIR G. BIRDWOOD'S BIRTHDAY

On Monday our wonderfully vivacious old friend entered upon his eighty-second year and ever since he has been busily engaged in replying to the congratulations with which he has been almost overwhelmed. I hear that at the India Office last week he excelled himself by the fulness and the readiness of his information and that his energy was that of a man of 50 or 55 at the utmost.

"Nowadays Regent Street, Oxford Street and Bond Street are veritable international exhibitions in themselves" he remarked on Monday to the inevitable interviewer, who rightly observes that Sir George has taken part in every International Exhibition since the Great Exhibition of 1851 and that he is looking forward to the Dominion Exhibition at the Crystal Palace in 1915. I may add that in honour of Sir George's birthday Sir Shapurji Broacha gave a luncheon party at the Hotel Cecil and made a charming little speech in proposing the health of the principal guest. Sir George replied in equally felicitous terms, recalling some of his delightful memories of the city to which he is so devoted.

SOUTH AFRICAN COMMISSION.

LORD SYDENHAM AND THE PROTESTS.

NOTABLE REPLY TO INDIAN DEMANDS.

AN EARNEST APPEAL FOR RECONSIDERATION.

LONDON, Dec. 26.

Lord Sydenham, writing to *The Times*, says he can well understand that the proposed composition of the Commission to settle the dispute in South Africa may not be regarded as satisfactory from the Indian point of view; but that the Commission has, primarily, to ascertain the truth by taking evidence, and that there is no reason to suppose that it will fail in this plain duty.

He earnestly hopes that the leaders of the Indians in South Africa, and their advisers in India, will reconsider their attitude. It would be most unfortunate, Lord Sydenham points out, if the strong sympathy aroused in England and South Africa, which might count for much when present passions are calmed down, should be alienated by a tactical mistake.

DEMANDS REJECTED.

GEN. SMUT'S REASONS FOR THE DECISION.

DURBAN, Dec. 24.

The Government has rejected Mr. Gandhi's demands for the addition of representatives of Indian interests on the Natal Commission and for the release of all the imprisoned passive resisters.

PRETORIA, Dec. 24.

Replying to a letter of the Indian leaders to the Government, recapitulating their demands, General Smuts said he was unable to accept the conditions under which Mr. Gandhi and his colleagues proposed to give evidence before the Commission and suspend passive resistance, pending the Commission's finding, particularly the condition involving the appointment of additional members of the Commission in the interests of the Indian Community. The Commission was intended to have an impartial and judicial character, and in constituting it the Government consulted neither the Indian community, nor the coal-owners, nor the sugar-planters in Natal, nor could the Government for a moment follow the course proposed which would give colour to unwarranted reflections upon two of the members of the Commission.

The course proposed by the letter in the event of the Government's non-compliance was deeply regretted, not the least in the interests of the Indian community which could not but be profoundly affected by the lawless character of the leaders' procedure, the gratuitous infliction of grave sufferings on innocent people, both Whites and Indians, and the consequent exasperation of public opinion throughout the Union.

APPEAL FOR MORE AGITATION.

DURBAN, Dec. 25.

Mr. Gandhi and others telegraphed yesterday to Lord Ampthill declaring that the people are so indignant that if an attempt is made to advise acceptance of the present Commission they will kill their leaders. "Unless there is a very prompt agitation in England to support our demands," says the telegram, "the Government is not likely to accede to them."

MR. GANDHI'S CONCERN.

LONDON, Dec. 23.

In an interview with Reuter's representative regarding General Smuts' reply to the letter of the Indian leaders, Mr. Gandhi said he had privately communicated with the Government and he thought that a way out of the deadlock was possible. The Government could, without loss of prestige, respond to the prayer of the Indians for the representation of their interests on the Commission, and he would leave no stone unturned to prevent the renewal of passive resistance. He asserted his loyalty to the Imperial and Union Governments. He was deeply pained to learn that employers on the coast, for some of whom he entertained a high regard, had suffered losses.

It is understood that Mr. Gandhi has asked General Smuts for an interview. It is alleged that there are signs that the movement is weakening among the rank and file.—Reuter.

CRITICISM OF MR. GANDHI.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 26.

The London correspondent of the *Pioneer* states that the *Daily Telegraph's* Johannesburg correspondent says that the Volksrust Vigilance Committee is seeking co-operation with other municipalities with a view to securing *inter alia* the licenses and gradual repatriation as far as possible of Indians already in the Union. He adds that the whole of the Union Press are against Mr. Gandhi's latest fanatical methods and declare him incapable of approaching the issue in a spirit of constructive statesmanship. They think that, in time, more level-headed leaders with European sympathisers will intervene to prevent Mr. Gandhi plunging his compatriots into disaster. The South African question, says this correspondent, besides adding fuel to the revolutionary movement in India, is doing incalculable injury to the Imperial cause.

[Extended references to the South African problem will be found in the reports of the inaugural address delivered by the President of the Indian National Congress, yesterday, and of the reply made by H. E. the Viceroy to a series of addresses presented by Indian bodies in Calcutta.]

A CHANGING INDIA.

ANOTHER VIEW OF THE "PERIL."

LONDON, Dec. 24.

The *Westminster Gazette* devotes a leader to comment on the *Times'* articles on the Indian situation.

The journal says: "We shall be very easily satisfied if we permit ourselves to be assured that the state of unrest is all the fault of a handful of agitators, and that all will be well if we instruct the Government of India to administer strong doses of press laws and other specifics suited to a turbulent and ungrateful people. There are many men in the Government of India, including some of the most experienced administrators and most careful students of Indian character, who see that conditions in India are changing rapidly, and deplore the estrangement from the Government of the literate Indians, and believe that it can and must be cured by a constructive and sympathetic policy. Many literates who are, after all, our own products, are men of great intellectual ability and genuine patriotism. If the new wine of Western culture has gone to the head of some of them that is no peculiarity of India. In view of the rapid changes in India, there can be no safety for any Government which is not flexible, youthful and hopeful. The task is immensely complicated but of fascinating interest. We must not expect dumb admiration and acquiescence from active and intelligent men, to whom our rule is alien. We must make it as little alien as possible, and break down the racial estrangement which is a more fruitful cause of unrest than all other causes put together."—Reuter.

BRITAIN AND JAPAN.

THE MIKADO ON THE ALLIANCE.

TOKIO, Dec. 26.

In the course of his speech at the opening of the Diet, the Emperor said that the Alliance with Great Britain was continually growing firmer.—Reuter.

THE ZABERN AFFAIR.

BERLIN POLICE CHIEF'S PROTEST.

BERLIN, Dec. 25.

The semi-official *Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung* says that corrective measures may be necessary against Herr von Jagow, the Police President, on account of his protest against the Feerstnar sentence.—Reuter.

PANAMA CANAL TOLLS.

U. S. PROPOSALS FOR MEETING BRITISH OBJECTIONS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.

The Chairman of the Commerce Committee, to-day, introduced in the House of Representatives a resolution suspending the provision exempting the United States coasting vessels from Panama Canal tolls for two years, after which the President would have the right to enforce exemption if diplomatic questions were adjusted and the revenues from other vessels sufficed to defray the Canal expenses.

It is understood that President Wilson entirely approves of the resolution as an easier means of avoiding the difficulties than by the repeal of the existing provision.—Reuter.

HEROIC SIGNALMEN.

SCENES AT GREAT PORTSMOUTH FUNERAL.

LONDON, Dec. 26.

There were remarkable scenes at Portsmouth to-day, at the funeral of the two signalmen of the semaphore station, who lost their lives in the fire on the 20th inst. It is believed that one lost his life trying to save the most important signal-books which were in his charge.

The first part of the service was held in the Dockyard Church, after which an imposing procession went past the gutted buildings to the cemetery. A number of high officers together with crowds of sailors, workmen, etc., watched the funeral.—Reuter.

NORTH PERSIA.

A NUMBER OF RUSSIAN TROOPS TO BE WITHDRAWN.

TEHERAN, Dec. 26.

It is understood that Russia intends shortly to withdraw a considerable number of troops from North Persia as Persia has agreed to increase the Persian Cossack brigade at Tabriz from six hundred to twelve hundred, with four Russian officers and eight Russian noncommissioned officers.—Reuter.

DEATH OF A MUTINY VETERAN.

LONDON, Dec. 24.

The death is announced of Colonel Arthur Ford an Indian Mutiny veteran.—Reuter.

A Gas Cooking Stove will roast, bake, or boil, at the same time. It is always ready for use and is the cheapest, most reliable, and cleanest method of cooking.

SOME CHRISTMAS TRAGEDIES.

"JOKE" THAT KILLED 80 PEOPLE.

A TERRIBLE NARRATIVE.

ITALIAN FACTORY DISASTER.

DUTCH RAILWAY SMASH.

CALUMET (MICHIGAN), Dec. 25.

Eighty persons, mostly children, have been killed owing to a panic arising out of a false alarm of fire during a Christmas-tree celebration which was being held in aid of the Copper Miners out on strike. The victims were trampled to death in a corridor during the mad rush to escape from the building.

The children had finished their recitations and songs and were crowding towards the stage to receive presents, when a bearded man thrust his head in at the door and yelled "Fire!" Immediately, panic reigned and men, women and children rushed to the exits The weaker were thrown to the floor and those behind climbed over their prostrate bodies. The stairway was so completely blocked that egress or ingress for rescuers was impossible. When the panic subsided the stairway was completely choked, the heap extending from the steps to the ceiling. The dead included 37 girls, 19 boys, 13 women and 5 men. Other bodies were carried away before their sex or age was ascertained. Pitiful scenes followed the catastrophe, women and men rushing hither and thither calling in various foreign tongues the names of their missing children.

The originator of the panic escaped.

FIREWORKS EXPLOSION.

LONDON, Dec. 26.

Fourteen persons were killed and five injured through an explosion of fireworks in a factory at Torrea Annunziata, Naples.

DUTCH RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 26.

Five people were killed and twelve injured through the derailment of a train near Groningen to-day. The son of the Prime Minister was killed.—Reuter.

CHRISTMAS AT HOME.

FINEST & COLDEST WEATHER FOR YEARS.

LONDON, Dec. 26.

Yesterday was the finest and coldest Christmas for years. The weather was bright and dry and there was sharp frost in the early morning. Snowstorms occurred in the North of England and in Scotland.

Railways were over crowded owing to the rush to coast and continent, especially Switzerland.

Their Majesties spent a quiet Christmas Day at Sandringham. A big business was done in Oversea greetings by cable. The churches in London were crowded in the morning but in the evening the streets were deserted and only a very few motor-buses and taxi-cabs were running. There were, however, gay scenes at dinner-time in the hotels and restaurants, in most of which special entertainments were provided, and seats were at a premium.—Reuter.

[Reports of Christmas day on the mail steamer and of celebrations in Bombay will be found on page 5.]

CITY LINER GROUNDED.

REFLOATED AFTER LITTLE DAMAGE.

MARSEILLES, Dec. 26.

The "City of York," while leaving port, grounded on the new jetty foundations after dropping her pilot. She was refloated and proceeded to London, having sustained no serious damage.—Reuter.

The s.s. "City of York" left Karachi on December 4 with a general cargo and eight passengers. We are informed by the Bombay Office of the agents, Messrs Killick Nixon and Co., that she was not proceeding to London as stated by Reuter but to Liverpool.

STEAMER FIRED ON.

BRITISH VESSEL ASHORE ON MOORISH COAST.

GIBRALTAR, Dec. 26.

The British steamer "Ludgate" is ashore on the African coast opposite Tarifa. Moors have fired on the vessel, wounding seaman.

The cruiser "Roxburgh" and the Spanish battleship "Pelayo" are steaming to her assistance.

Salvage operations are suspended owing to the hostilities with the Moors. The salvage steamer "Rescue" has gone to the wreck with a british naval picket and two Gatling guns.

LATER.

Two British and two Spanish warships have arrived on the scene of the wreck. The Moors are now quiet.

The cargo of coal is being jettisoned.—Reuter.

COLLISION IN THE CHANNEL

PORT SAID, Dec. 26.

The Dutch steamer "Samarinda," bound from Batavia for Rotterdam, and the British steamer "Matheran", bound from Liverpool for Calcutta, collided in the Channel last night. Both were damaged.—Reuter.

MONEY MARKETS.

SIERRA LEON E LOAN FAILS.

SOME PARIS PROJECTS.

LONDON, Dec. 26.

Underwriters of the million sterling of the 4 per cent. Sierra Leone loan have been saddled with 93 per cent. of that amount.

PARIS, Dec. 24.

M. Caillaux announced to-day that the Government intends to issue a redeemable loan to cover extraordinary naval and military expenditure, exceeding thirty-six millions sterling.

The Government will authorize the issue in Paris of Servian and Russian loans promised by their predecessors.

It is believed that M. Caillaux will allow them to be issued before the French loan.—Reuter.

SIR LIONEL PHILLIPS.

REPORTED TO BE OUT OF DANGER.

JOHANNESBURG, Dec. 26.

Sir Lionel Phillips is out of danger and his improvement is expected to be progressive. He is gaining strength and is taking nourishment well.—Reuter.

[A full report of the attack on Sir Lionel Phillips, as received by the mail, will be found on page 9.]

AMERICAN CURRENCY ACT.

NOTABLE SPEECH BY THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.

The signing of the Currency Bill by President Wilson was received with enthusiastic applause.

The President said that the constructive measures of the Democrats would show that they knew how to serve the country.

The Tariff was a great piece of preparation for the achievements of American commerce and industry which were certain to follow the Currency Bill. It would furnish machinery for free, elastic and uncontrolled credits for the first time for fifty years. He emphasised the fact that business men were realising the necessity for readjustments of the nation's business. They were instituting what was characterised as a constitution of peace.—Reuter.

FREE PETROLEUM.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 26.

The Minister of Commerce has submitted to the Duma, a bill permitting all consumers of foreign petroleum to import it into Russia free of duty.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

THE VICEROY AT A SPECIAL CONVOCATION.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 26.

At a special Convocation of the Senate of the Calcutta University in the Throne Room of Government House, this afternoon, the Vice-Chancellor read an address to the Viceroy, Chancellor of the University and presented it in a silver casket. In the course of his address the Vice-Chancellor said that the University would have to appeal for financial assistance to Government for the development of the work of the University especially in regard to higher post-graduate study.

He then presented the following persons to His Excellency for the conferment of Honorary Degrees; Professor Vindgradoff, L.L. B., Professor Young D. Sc, Dr. Rashbehary Ghose, Ph. D., Mr. Rabindanath Tagore, D. Litt., and Mr. Hayden, D. Sc.

The Viceroy replied as follows:—

I think you will agree with me that this is a somewhat remarkable Convocation in the annals of the Calcutta University for we are met together with the purpose among others, of doing honour to a very distinguished group of persons. Knowledge and Science are cosmopolitan and we have exacted tribute from far distant and far different countries to secure for our young men the teaching and leading of scholars of acknowledged genius and world wide reputation, in the various subjects which they profess.

We have reason to be satisfied that our University should have been able to attract men of such brilliant accomplishments.

There is one who is giving the best years of his life to India and two who are Indian-born and bred whom we are proud to honour at the same time in recognition of their preeminence in the realms of science, law, and literature respectively.

DROWNING FATALITY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

RANGOON, Dec. 26.

Gunner Hoare of No. 64 Company R.G.A. was drowned last night at Syriam While on a pontoon with several comrades, he got on to one of the targets which were moored alongside it. A few minutes afterwards his comrades missed him. One of them, Gunner Potter, jumped into the river, but was unable to find the body, and it has not as yet been recovered.

PRIZE COMPETITION, FOR LADY READERS.

The "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is offering a valuable prize to its lady readers. Full details of the competition will be found on page 9

MEXICAN ENVOY TO JAPAN.

DEMONSTRATION IN TOKIO.

SEQUEL TO ANTI-AMERICAN FEELING.

TRIUMPH FOR PRESIDENT HUERTA.

TOKIO, Dec. 25.

Senor Dellabarra, the special envoy of President Huerta to thank Japan for participating in the Mexican centenary, is having an enthusiastic welcome in Tokio. He has agreed to accept, at a public reception, two swords of honour from the Japanese people. There was a mass meeting and lantern procession in his honour on Friday.

The demonstration undoubtedly possesses a political character. There has been considerable anti-American feeling in Japan lately.

TOKIO, Dec. 26.

Senor Delabarra was received in audience and dined with the Emperor yesterday.—Reuter.

BIG BATTLE IN MEXICO.

JUAREZ, Dec. 25.

The rebels have recaptured Torreon after heavy fighting in which 12,000 men were engaged. Many were killed.—Reuter.

BROWNSVILLE, TEXAS, Dec. 26.

It is officially announced at the Rebel Headquarters at Matamoros that the attack against Tampico has been abandoned.

The Rebels, who have been operating in the oil regions near Monterey, will invest the town after February 1st.—Reuter.

HARROW BOY'S DEATH.

WINDFALL FOR LONDON CHARITIES.

LONDON, Dec. 24.

A Harrow schoolboy aged 17, named Geoffrey Ansell, has just died as the result of injuries sustained while tobogganing on the Cresta Run two years ago. Under his father's will £250,000 out of the estate of £300,000 which Geoffrey would have inherited if he had attained his majority, goes to London charities, principally hospitals.—Reuter.

BAHAWALPUR AFFAIRS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

MULTAN, Dec. 26.

News from the Bahawalpul State says that although no deputation from the Ambala Hindu Conference formally visited the State, Rai Sahib Tunlidhar of Ambala, with Pandit Deo Ratan, went there and had an informal meeting with the President of the Council of Regency.

The sedition case was taken up on the 23rd instant before a special bench, and numbers of witnesses were examined, the evidence being mainly to the effect that the accused instigated other Hindus to forego the celebration of the national religious festivities. In the end the accused were released on bail of Rs. 10,000 each and were promised copies of the complaint the and proceedings, and the case was adjourned to the 5th January.

It is understood that the Lieutenant-Governor will pay a visit to Bahawalpur about the latter half of January.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

DELHI, Dec. 26.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. McKenna, Inspector-General of Agriculture, is appointed an Additional Member of Council.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Lieut.-Col. James, I. M. S., Civil Surgeon, Simla, has one month's leave.

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Alington, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Burma, is attached to the Forest College, Dhera Dun.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The appointment of Mr. James A. Smith as Consul for the United States of America is recognised. Sanction is given for the recognition of Mr. Dejean De La Batie as Consul-General for France at Calcutta.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Crofton, I. C. S., Accountant-General, Behar and Orissa, has three months' leave and thereafter reverts to the Madras Presidency.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

The services of Mr. H. F. Howard, I.C.S., Collector of Customs, are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Finance Department. Mr. R. W. Palmer is appointed Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey. Mr. Pope, of Messrs. Shaw Wallace and Company, is appointed a Member of the Tea Cess Committee, vice Mr. Kingsley.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Lieut.-Colonels C. H. Clay, H. C. Bermon, G. J. F. Soady, F. Murray and E. A. Gayn are promoted to the rank of Colonel. Major Hood, 7th Rajputs, becomes Lieut.-Colonel.

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 26.

With effect from June 17, 1913, Major H. W. Illius, I.M.S., Officiating Civil Surgeon, Second Class, to be substantive *pro empore* in that appointment vice Lieut.-Col. H. E. Melville, I.M.S.,

Mr. T. W. Bishop, Assistant Commissioner, from Lucknow to Sitapur, as a temporary measure.

TURKEY IN ASIA.

THE POWERS AND THE REFORMS.

RUSSO-GERMAN ACTION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 26.

The Russian and German Ambassadors jointly called upon the Grand Vizier, yesterday, to enquire regarding the progress of reforms in Asia Minor.

Turkish official circles are optimistic and hope that the matter will reach a satisfactory settlement in a few days.

It is believed that the difficulty will be surmounted by the Porte appointing two European inspectors-general for the six Eastern vilayets, thus obviating the possibility of the conflicts which might result from the appointment of a single European adviser with Ottoman inspectors.

FRENCH INTERESTS.

PARIS, Dec. 26.

In a statement before the Foreign Committee of Chamber, yesterday, M. Doumergue dwelt on the importance of continuity in foreign policy. He affirmed the Government's resolve to pursue the line of action of its predecessors in co-operating with Britain and Russia. He gave details of the Agreement which has just been concluded between France and Turkey assuring the security of French interests in the East, and recounted the measures taken to develop French culture in Syria. He mentioned that French contractors had obtained a promise for the building of important railways in Anatolia, Armenia and Syria, over 2,400 kilometres long; also for the construction and exploitation of the ports at Jaffa, Caiffa and Tripoli, in Syria, and Heraclea and Ineboli on the Black Sea.

He pointed out that the French capital invested in Turkey amounted to three thousand million francs, hence the French Government could not remain indifferent to the detatchment of several important provinces from the Empire.—Reuter.

PERAMBUR RIOTS.

DEATH OF ANOTHER WOUNDED WORKMAN.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

MADRAS, Dec. 26.

A man named Chalam, a workman at Perambur Railway Workshops, who was wounded in the recent riot, died on Wednesday from the effects of a bullet wound received on the left side of the thorax.

An inquest on the body was held by Rao Bahadur P. Parankusam Naidu, acting Deputy Commissioner of Police.

Evidence was given by the wife of deceased who identified the body. The following verdict was returned:—"Death was due to a gunshot wound received in the chest by the deceased. In our opinion the shooting was justifiable for protecting life and property."

SMUGGLED OLD MASTERS.

A STORY OF SIR JOSHUA REYNOLDS.

New light on the manner of smuggling Old Masters from Italy in the days of Sir Joshua Reynolds, and on the part which the great painter himself played in the schemes, is shed by a long and interesting article which appears in the *Morning Post*:—

There was no scruple, says the writer, at breaking the Italian law which forbade the transportation of works of art to foreign lands without the sanction of the authorities. Lord Cowper, when British Minister at Florence, carried out of the Tuscan city Raphael's beautiful painting known as the "Nicolini Madonna," which he hid in the lining of his carriage.

The picture is now in the National Loan Exhibition at the Grosvenor Gallery, and its companion, the smaller "Cowper Madonna," doubtless smuggled to England in a somewhat similar fashion, has been sold recently for an enormous sum.

This traffic in Old Masters aroused the indignation of the Papal Government, and they tried every expedient to prevent the despoliation. But they generally failed in their efforts. The British agent, aided and abetted by native owners and men like Sir Joshua Reynolds, James Byres, and Gavin Hamilton, upset all their plans by tricks as peculiar as those of Bret Harte's Heathen Chinee.

COPIES REPRODUCED.

Here is an important example of the means commonly employed to deceive, not only the Government and the public, but will ully to produce copies that may hang to-day in the galleries of Europe and America as original paintings. Sir Joshua was implicated in this particular *coup* the consequence of which Lady Spencer said "is now death to attempt sending pictures out of Rome without being first examined."

The transaction in question was the purchase from the Bonapaduli Palace at Rome of a series of pictures of the "Seven Sacraments," painted by Nicholas Poussin for the Cavaliere del Pozzo in 1636.

At one time Sir Robert Walpole purchased the paintings, but he was not allowed to remove them to England, and in 1777 James Byres sent a letter to the Duke of Rutland (then Marquess of Grany), who was anxious to acquire the "Seven Sacraments," intimating that he had failed to secure them.

Eight years passed, and on June 10, 1785, Byres wrote that he had "unexpectedly succeeded" in obtaining the "Sacraments" by substituting "copies of the originals." The "greatest secrecy" had to be observed. The Duke was implored not to refer to the affair until the pictures were in his possession or "it might bring me to some trouble here," in Rome, said Byres.

"NOT THE LEAST SCRUPLE."

And what did Sir Joshua think of the plan and its successful accomplishment? "He was in raptures at the intelligence," says Alleyne Fitzherbert, and Reynolds wrote: "I would, by all means, recommend your Grace to close" with the subject of Mr. Byres's letter—that is, Poussin's "Seven Sacraments."

"Poussin certainly rank amongst the first of the first rank of painters, and to have such a set of pictures of such an artist will really and truly enrich the nation. I have not the least scruple about the sending copies for originals .... I wish they were safe landed."

Then, on September 7, 1786, the Duke received a long letter from Sir Joshua, in which he expressed the greatest pleasure when the pictures arrived at his studio in Leicester Fields.

INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS.

PROCEEDINGS AT KARACHI.

ABSENCE OF SOME NOTABLE LEADERS.

THE PRESIDENT AND SOUTH AFRICA.

A VIGOROUS REVIEW OF THE YEAR.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

KARACHI, Dec. 26.

The twenty-eighth session of the Indian National Congress met this afternoon, and the number of delegates registered up to 2 o'clock was 420, of whom about one-fourth were Mahomedans.

Karachi people are sorely disappointed to learn that veteran Congress leaders such as Sir Pherozesha Mehta, Messrs. Surendranath Banerjea, Gokhale, Pundit Malaviya and Balu Ambica Charan Mazumdar and others are not present.

The proceedings began with the singing of three Sindhi songs, one welcoming the delegates and visitors, the second welcoming the President-elect, and the third a patriotic one especially composed for the occasion.

A DEFENCE OF THE CONGRESS.

After well-coming the delegates the Chairman of the Reception Committee remarked that the welcome was the more hearty because it had been ceaselessly dinned into their ears that after the Council reforms, the *raison d'etre* of the Congress had disappeared, its occupation gone, and that it had better pack up and depart, as its functions could be more effectively exercised through the Legislative Councils. Their replies to that unsolicited and disinterested advice were: "First, that to close the institution whose activities gave us the Council Reforms would be killing the means through which more reforms may be acquired: second, that, that is not the be-all and end-all of the Congress which has other purposes to serve besides. Here the Bengalee, the Parsi, the Madrasi, the Mahratta, the Punjabi, the Sindhi meet together year after year, thereby drawing closer the ties by which the Congress has knit them. They compare notes, take stock of the progress made and the aspirations unfulfilled, the grievances unredressed, consider the wants of individual Provinces as well as the interests of the whole country and plan out the action for the future. Besides, it is only through the weight and influence of this assembly that we can achieve some of the objects concerning our Nation as a whole. Take for example the acquisition by the Indian people of a status of equality with the other members of the British Empire, the importance of which has been only recently accentuated by the treatment of our South African brethren are receiving at the hands of the Union Government, and British Indian immigrants of other colonies are receiving there. Then again, it is only on this platform that we can achieve the ideal so dear to our heart, the value of which has been urged upon us by all well-wishers and friends, viz., the welding together of the different elements of our country into one homogenous whole.

SIND PROBLEMS.

Mr. Vishindas then proceeded to outline the many attempts that had been made to secure the holding of a session of the Congress in Sind, and discussed the special wants of that province. He observed that they were faced only by agrarian and irrigational problems, notably that concerned with the revisional settlement which, he said was liable to revision every ten years, unlike the rest of the Bombay Presidency, where an assessment on land held for thirty years. He stated a case against the ten years' arrangement.

Reviewing the affairs of the port of Karachi, he said the transfer of the capital from Calcutta to Delhi and the recently announced Trans-Persian Railway connecting Europe with India, had concentrated public attention upon the port. Being nearer to Europe by 200 miles than Bombay, its claims to be the base of the overland route to Europe are superior to Bombay, for provinces like the Punjab, Baluchistan, Rajputana, and the United Provinces, which can be more expeditiously served from Karachi than Bombay, whilst it has been projected as the Asiatic terminus of the Trans-Persian Railway.

There could, he said, scarcely be any doubt as to Karachi's incontestable claim to direct mail service to Europe "which has now been recognized on almost all hands, and which it is hoped will be conceded to her in no distant future. This, coupled with a direct broad-gauge railway to Delhi will not only be of incalculable advantage to Karachi and the hinterland, but bring the Imperial city and the neighbourhood much nearer to the British Isles and Western countries than they are at present."

The speaker then went on to deal with the question of the relations between Hindus and Mahomedans, welcoming the improvement that had been brought about, discussed the Indian Council reforms, the demand to separate judicial from executive functions, South African affairs, currency, the Educational policy, the Islington Commission, and in concluding, moved the formal election of the Hon. Nawab Sayed Mahomed to be President of the Congress.

The motion was carried with acclamation.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

THE CONGRESS AND THE NEW COUNCILS.

The Hon. Nawab Syed Mahomed Sahib Bahadur, Khan Bahadur, then delivered the inaugural address of the Congress.

Discussing the Congress as an institution, he said that, with the accomplishment of the more important reforms it had entered on a new phase of its existence. He admitted that the new Councils went a great way in exercising a real influence over, and

(Continued on page 8.)

INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS.

(Continued from page 7.)

taking a useful sh re in, the administration. But he differed from the view that the Congress had outlived its days for, he continued, "there are many questions requiring settlement in which we are deeply interested and which can be dealt with only by such an organisation as this."

The President then referred to the last speech delivered in Bombay by His Majesty the King-Emperor which, he said, won their admiration and respect and filled their hearts with gratitude. He continued :—

"It is abundantly clear that His Majesty is fully conscious of the responsibilities of his exalted position and should therefore be rightly regarded as the 'shadow of God" on earth. When we are the subjects of the same Sovereign, are living in the same country which is our home, are governed by the same laws, are desirous of making progress in all walks of life and have the same aspirations, then, may I venture to ask, what prevents us Mahomedans, Christians Parsis and Hindus of all classes from joining hands together for achieving the common object? It is my firm belief that our united a d joint action will prove more advantageous and beneficial to ourselves than making an advance by divisions. Whatever progress we have been able to make, and I may say we have made remarkable progress during the last thirty years, is largely due to the progressive tendency of our Government and their sympathy with the wants and aspirations of the people. And we look forward to the liberal instincts of our Government for granting to us from time to time concessions which we may claim that we deserve. It is a ma ter of common knowledge that the Brtish Government are always desirous of lifting up the people under their charge, and if we show that we deserve success by working on proper lines, 'there is no height to which, under the ægis of the British Crown, we may not rise.'"

INTER-COMMUNITY RELATIONS.

The Hon. Nawab then dealt with t e relations between the Indian communities, and noted with satisfaction the resolutions passed at meetings of the All India Moslem League as a result of which a *rapprochement* between the great Hindu and Mahomedan organisations was being effected.

He criticised those who continued to assert that the policy of Government was one of "divide and rule," and declared that "the observations of Mr. Montagu in the course of his Indian Budget Speech in the House of Commons in August last clearly show that the present Government at any rate are anxious that harmony and co-operation should exist between the various races professing different religions in India, especially Hindus and Mussulmans. Happily for us," continued the speaker, "th pol cy of Government at present is one of unite and rule and it would be a great m stake on our part if we do not take advantage of it and utilize it to our full benefit; for our doing so would not only conduce to the progress of our country but would be a solid contribution towards the stability of British Rule."

INDIANS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

The subject of the grievances of Indians in South Africa was then discussed at great length. The President made copious ex racts from speeches delivered by Lord Lansdowne, Lord Ampthill, Lord Selborne and Lord Morley all dealing with the position of Indians in South Africa, and then proceeded to deal with the present situation in the dominion.

He said:—"The position is now vastly worse than before, no merely from the point of view of the increasing disabilities and the intensity of suffering, but from the point of view of their moral effect. In the days of the Boer Government the Indian settlers had the feeling that their wrongs were due to an unjust and unsympathetic foreign state which only needed to be brought to the notice of their own Government to be remedied. But to-day they find the Imperial Govera ment standing by while blow after blow is deliberately aimed at them with terrible precision and effect. This indifference has aggravated the situation and has roused bitter feelings between the two countries of the Empire and is certainly derogatory to the high cha acter of British statesmanship. Not only that, it l ads on to think that this indifference in effect encourages the South African Union in the belief that their mistaken policy has the support of the Government at Home.

THE KING'S EQUAL SUBJECTS.

"It was Lord Morley who used for the first time in reference to Indians that happy phrase: 'The King's equal subjects' on a memorable occasion, and later on diagnosed the South African troubles as concerned with the 'bar sinister.' But by a curious irony of fate Lord Morley himself was a member of the Liberal Government which granted self-government to South Africa. It is in the highest degree surprising that the Liberal Government did not then bestow even a thought on the condition of thousands of Indian settlers there and did not reserve to themselves an express power of interference when an emergency arose in the broad interests of the Empire. It has been suggested in some quarters that a friendly conference of the representatives of India, England and South Africa might be held in London in order to discuss the situation and arrive at a satisfactory solution of this problem. But, gentlemen, I have no faith in such a conference. I believe the time has come when we have to ignore the South African Union and look up to the British Government and I appeal to them for intercession on our behalf. I say that we should ignore the Union for the simple reason that the Boers will never accept our claims for better treatment, because they are convinced that the war was mainly undertaken, as I have already shewn, for the sake of Indian settlers and that these have been the primary cause of the loss of their former independence.

A QUESTION OF RESPONSIBILITY.

"The Br tish Government are responsible for the present difficul ies which they could have easily foreseen and avoided by imposing conditions regarding the rights of Indian settlers at the time of granting self-government to South Africa. It is therefore that I say that we should look up and make an earnest appeal to them It is a pity that the Parliament had no hand in the matter otherwise I am sure our friends in Parliament would have raised their voice in support of our rights. I have more faith, I confess, in retaliatory measures, such as the placing of an embargo on the importation of coal from Natal into this country and the closing of the doors of competition for the Civil Service against the South African Whites. It seems to me that these are the only weapons at present available and the Government of India should lose no time in making use of them I am aware that these measures have the disadvantage of being merely irritating without being directly effective or inflicting any real disability on the Colonists. But their moral effect would, I am convinced, be very great on our people and will not be altogether lost on the Union Government. By having recourse to these retaliatory measures our Government would be showing before the whole world that they are in earnest and would not tolerate the ill-treatment of Indian subjects of His Majesty in any part of the Empire. We have to advocate retaliatory measures because we have been driven to do so much against our own will."

The speaker also paid a tribute to the sympathetic attitude of H. E. the Viceroy.

GENERAL REVIEW.

Passing from somewhat extended discussions of the India Council and the Reformed Councils, the President referred briefly to the Indians' ideal of local self-government, remarking that though five years had elapsed, the Government of India were "not yet maturing proposals to mature the idea expressed by Lord Morley that it is evidently desirable to present our reform of the Indian constitutional system as a whole and that from this point of view it seems necessary to attempt without delay an effectual advance in the direction of local self-government."

The subjects of Education, the Land Settlement, the Public Services Commission and Indians in the Army were all passed in review. In dealing with the Services Commission, he submitted that the Commission should lay down as a matter of principle that those colonies which do not treat Indians as equal subjects of the King will not have a share in the administration of India, and candidates from such colonies will be debarred from taking part in any competitive examination, or entering into any of the services of this country. In making an earnest appeal to Lord Islington and members of the Royal Commission to include this suggestion in their recommendations, I would like to point out that it is not only calculated to show to South Africa that the Commission wishes to maintain strict impartiality, but it will serve as a warning to other colonies and prevent them from following the example of the Union Government. It will also strengthen the hands of the Government of India and the Imperial Government in any action which they may contemplate to take in an emergency."

WANTED—AUTONOMY.

Concluding a long address the President said :—"Under the suzerainty of the most powerful and progressive of modern nations, our goal should be the attainment of autonomous government in India, as indicated in the memorable Delhi Despatch of our beloved Viceroy; and although it may not be within the reach of the generation I have now the privilege of addressing, still it should be the constant endeavour of all of us to secure it for posterity. Only by such endeavour shall we show that we have really profited by our contact with the British nation, its literature and civilisation, and that we are true to the traditions in which we have been nurtured. Let us strive for unity amongst us, for the advancement of the nation, and for bringing the forces of progress and of solidarity into line with our achievements in the past and of our expectations for the future. If these sentiments animate us, we must not lose a moment to take at the flood the tide of national unity which has in-flowed in this our motherland. That tide, by God's grace, will surely sweep away in its majestic, onward course the unnatural and artificial barriers of race, colour and religion."

After the President had concluded the Subjects Committee met, and the Congress adjourned till to-morrow.

THE INDUSTRIAL CONFERENCE.

MR. SAMALDAS ON THE BANK CRISIS.

[Associated Press.]

KARACHI, Dec. 25.

The ninth session of the Industrial Conference began at noon to-day. There was a large gathering of delegates from different parts of India, as well as a large number of visitors.

Those present included Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy Messrs. Jinnah and Wacha from Bombay, and Mr. Lajpat Rai from Lahore.

The proceedings began with the singing of hymns, after which Rai Bahadur Hiranand Khemaing, the Chairman of the Reception Committee, welcomed the delegates and dwelt on the present state of industries in the Province of Sind.

The Hon. Mr. R. N. Mudholkar, General Secretary of the Industrial Conference, proposed that the Hon. Lallubhai Samaldas do take the chair and the resolution being carried, Mr. Samaldas delivered his speech.

Mr. Samaldas opened his address with a reference to the banking crisis. They had met, he said, under the shadow of the gloom cast by the recent bank failures in the Punjab and in Bombay. As all the cases arising out of these were still *subjudice* they were precluded from discussing the detailed causes of these failures, nor could they pass a final judgment on the methods on which the several institutions had come to grief, were conducted. The prime cause appeared to be either vast speculation or the locking up of an unduly large amount of call and short-notice deposit money in long period loans which could not be realized when the depositors required the repayment of their monies. The natural result of the failures must be that the public will lose their faith to some extent in joint-stock concerns, and that a feeling of despondency will be created in the public mind about the success of similar institutions, especially as it was constantly dinned into their ears that they are inherently incapable of managing banking institutions on modern lines, and that they must restrict themselves to their old "Sarafi's" methods of banking. The speaker had noticed that such advice was being resented as coming from interested quarters, and attempts had been made to hit back by quoting instances of failures of banks promoted and managed by Europeans, not only in this country but in other countries also. They must not, however, allow their judgment to run away with their feelings in either of those directions, but must keep their heads cool, and direct their energies to finding out the good in the evil; "for," said he, "I sincerely believe that in the economy of Providence there is no single evil without its counterbalancing good."

WANTED—PRUDENT MANAGEMENT.

The Chairman then reviewed the history of Swadeshi banking which started on its present extensive scale in 1906, afterwards commenting on the demand for legislation to protect the interests of the shareholders and the investing public. He emphasised the point that there could be no panacea to replace prudent management, and declared that as 'long as there were shareholders indifferent to their real interests and clamouring for larger dividends, depositors who will not make inquiries into the stability of a concern if they get a larger percentage of interest, and bank managers, either weak enough to submit to the siren of ambition and invest their funds in second or third-class securities, or entirely careless of the interest of the shareholders, banks will continue to fail and spread misery all round."

These duties, he said, "were imposed for fiscal purposes only and not with the idea of protecting the mill industry of this country. In spite of this fact the British Government, which, by the way, did not levy an excise duty on wheat in England when a duty of 2 shillings was levied on the import of wheat, ordered the Government of India, in obedience to pressure from Manchester, to levy an excise duty on the production of cloth by Indian mills."

Concluding, the speaker said, "in spite of present gloom the future did not seem devoid of hope."

Mr. Mudholkar, General Secretary of the Conference, then presented the report for the past twelve months and the general record of industrial activity during the period. The report was adopted.

RESOLUTIONS.

The first resolution, which was moved by Mr. D E. Wacha, dealt with the questions raised by the Government of India as to whether there should be restrictions about the use of the terms 'banks" and "bankers," (a) that the use of the term bank should be restricted only to companies registered under the new Joint Stock Companies Act; (b) that all banks not registered in British India, having an office or branch in British India, should be registered under the proposed new Companies Act save and except the banks which are created by a statute; (c) that there need be no subscribed minimum capital but that paid-up capital should be one-third of the subscribed capital and it should be paid up within six months of registration; (d) that the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies be authorized to refuse to register as banks such companies whose memoranda of association provide for and warrant business other than banking business in the ordinary sense of the term, and that an appeal against the Registrar's decision should be allowed to the highest judicial authorities of the place where the registrar's office is situated; (e) that no bank shall be allowed to use the term "savings bank" to a department by a newly started bank except the Presidency Banks and Government Postal Department, unless the said department or the said newly started banks are made to invest two-thirds of the deposits in securities sanctioned by the Trust Act and are earmarked for that purpose.

Rai Bahadur Hiranand Khemsing seconded the resolution, and Mr. Samdasani, late manager of the Karachi branch of the Indian Specie Bank, supported.

The resolution was carried.

The second resolution moved by Mr. Jehangir Petit welcomed the scheme of the proposed All-India Commercial Congress formulated by Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim and appointed a Committee consisting of Messrs. Mudholkar, Lallubhai Samaldas, Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Sir R. N. Mookerji, Messrs. J. Chaudhuri, Goga Prasad Varma, Chintamani, Subbarao, Rajaratnam Mudaliyar, G. Chagla, Usufalli and Lala Lajpathrai to consider and report how this Conference can best co-operate with the proposed All-India Commercial Congress, in advancing the objects which it is intended to promote.

In explaining the resolution regarding the Industrial and Commercial Congress, Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy said it was surprising to him how the idea, that the aim of the proposed Commercial Congress was to undo the Industrial Conference, could have originated. The Commercial Congress, he said, is to be more in the nature of such an organisation as the Associated Chambers of Commerce having for their object the presentation of the collective views of the commercial community of India. The electorates entitled to send delegates would be recognised and well known public bodies, such as the Chambers of Commerce, Leagues, Associations and so forth, actively interested in Indian commerce and manufactures. It would be the mouth-piece of these classes in representing to Government their wants and wishes. The proposed Congress would be a means of creating and stimulating interest in the work of the Industrial Conference, among the classes who have not hitherto come within its influence.

Mr. C. Y. Chintamani proposed the third resolution which appealed for co-operation among Indian Chambers of Commerce. This resolution was a corrollary to the second resolution.

Mr. J. Chowdhury of Calcutta moved the fourth resolution on the subject of uniformity of weights and measures and the fifth resolution which deals with the necessity for encouraging the enlistment of apprentices was moved by the Hon. Mr. Gokhuldas Parekh.

The President moved resolutions reaffirming those passed at the last year's Conference regarding handloom weaving, Provincial Departments of Industry, Co-operative banks and Credit Societies, and railway rates; and Mr. Davadhar, of the Servants of India Society, moved a resolution appreciating the gift of Dr. Rash Behari Ghose to the Calcutta University for technical education and appealed to wealthy men in the country to follow his example.

After the Conference had adopted a resolution to create a fund in aid of the Industrial Conference, it rose.

MOSLEM EDUCATION.

THE 27TH ALL-INDIA CONFERENCE.

MR. JUSTICE SHAH-DIN ON COMMUNITY PROBLEMS.

[Associated Press.]

AGRA, Dec. 26.

The twenty-seventh session of the All-India Mahomedan Educational Conference was opened here to-day, Mr. Justice M. Shah-din of the Chief Court of the Punjab presiding. Sir T. Morison was among the visitors. H. H. the Aga Khan will arrive on the 29th.

Mr. Alay Nabi, Chairman of the Reception Committee, in a brief speech, mentioned that a number of letters and telegrams of sympathy had been received among which was one they would value more as it came from no less a person than the ruler of the Province.

The President, referring to progress achieved since 1894, in which year he presided at the ninth session of the Congress, made a special point of the Aligarh movement, and said the College at Aligarh must ever remain the Central national institution of Indian Mussalmans. He told the trustees and students of the ollege they would be guilty of betraying a great trust if they departed from the policy and the principles laid down by Sir Syed Ahmed Khan. One of the most pleasing results of the spread of the Aligarh movement was the projected Moslem University. He spoke at length of this scheme, and defended it against its opponents; but declared that Moslem educationists must train themselves assiduously, for if they failed to attain the requisite standard of efficiency the University would prove a doubtful boon.

THE MOST PRACTICAL WAY.

He also declared it was his firm conviction that the most practical way of fitting Mohamedan youths for the great struggle that lay before them in India is to let them rub shoulders with the more active and pushful young men of the other communities in mixed seminaries, so that their mental horizon should widen in early life and they should gain a deeper insight into the ideas, tastes and feelings of those with whom they would have to compete in later years.

In his judgment, the speaker said, the establishment of a national system of scholarships is the urgent need of the day. Such a scheme should include the periodical award of scholarships to promising young men to enable them to carry on their studies in foreign countries, more especially in technical subjects; and the general conditions laid down for the award of such scholarships should be similar to those that have yielded such splendid results in Bombay and in Calcutta, where the Tata Scholarships Committee and the Society for the Advancement of Scientific Knowledge, respectively, have been giving scholarships to deserving Indians to enable them to prosecute their higher studies in foreign lands.

FEMALE EDUCATION.

Dealing with the problem of female education the speaker said the march of events in India had brought them to a stage of progress at which it should be impossible for anyone but the most bigotted Mullah not to recognise the urgent need of an organised and sustained scheme for promoting sound education among women. No scheme of national education would be complete among Indian Mohamedans which did not make ample provision for the education of women on modern lines, with special reference to the peculiar needs of a progressive Islamic community. This did not imply the wholesale adoption of the methods of instruction and the standards of culture which have come to be associated with Western civilization; in the East they had their own distinctive traditions and predominant tendencies of thought, and must evolve a new type of culture as the result of a wholesome combination of the Asiatic and European systems of training. One thing was however, clear, that the purely Eastern modes of education would be as stale, insipid and unprofitable in the case of women as they had proved in the case of men, and the community must make up its mind once and for all to allow its girls to be instructed in the elements of knowledge according to the more scientific methods of the modern age.

SELF-DISCIPLINE.

"It seems to me" the speaker continued, "that we Mohamedans suffer, in a peculiar degree, from a lack of disciplinary *self*-restraint, and even our virtues are at times made to appear as serious faults because of this great defect in our national character.

"If we turn to the secular side of our life, we find that want of self-discipline is a great impediment in the path of Muslim progress. The tendency observable in the younger generation towards destructive criticism without a corresponding anxiety to show constructive work, is an illustration of this failing, and one result of this unhappy tendency has been a weakening of the sense of responsibility in our community which may do a great deal more harm than it has already done. Again, consider the utterly unmethodical way in which the very large funds collected from Indian Musalmans in aid of various movements have been administered in this country, and you will find that you have a great deal to learn from other communities as to how you should regulate your patriotic action by reference to business maxims in order both to prevent your resources being frittered away and also to apply your funds to their proper objects."

THE COMMUNITY AND URDU.

The want of a practical spirit in our community is shown by our treatment of the Urdu language, for the development of which a special section of the Conference was long ago constituted. The work of this section has been carried on in a most irregular manner, and the spasmodic efforts made by this Conference to promote the interests of Urdu are the least praiseworthy part of its annual proceedings. Urdu, popularly known as Hindustani, is the *lingua franca* of the Indian Musalmans —indeed of all classes of Indians in the greater part of India—and a most notable item of their educational programme is the literary and scientific development of this language. They had done very little in the way of discharging that obligation.

THE VICEROY.

SPEECH-MAKING IN CALCUTTA.

A TEMPERANCE LECTURE.

[Associated Press.]

CALCUTTA, Dec. 26.

A number of deputations waited on His Excellency the Viceroy in the Throne Room, at Government House, this morning. They were on behalf of the British Indian Association, the Bengal Presidency Muslim League, the Imperial League, the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce, the Marwari Association, the Indian Association and the Bengal Landholders' Association. A joint address, which was read by the Maharaja of Burdwan, referred in appreciative terms to the Viceroy's attitude on the South African question. They assured His Excellency of the whole-hearted and devoted loyalty of the people to the British Throne, and of their belief that the destinies of the country are indissolubly bound up with those of the Empire.

THE VICEROY'S REPLY.

His Excellency said:—Your address bears witness that you have come here to-day not to urge upon my attention any grievance, not to press upon me any request, and not to ask from me any promise; but just to welcome Lady Hardinge and me to Calcutta, to say you are pleased to see us, to congratulate me upon my providential escape last year and my restoration to health, and to thank me for the attitude I have adopted towards the aspirations and interests of the great country over whose destinies the King Emperor has sent me to rule. Nor again have you come as representing any particular section of the Indian community of Bengal and Calcutta, but I think I may claim with justice that your various associations represent all sections. Such a welcome as this is one which any man might well be proud to receive and I can only thank you from the bottom of my heart for thus uniting to give us so friendly a reception and for the kind and appreciative language in which you have couched your address.

SOUTH AFRICA.

I have still nearly two years before me, before my course in India is runs and in that period if the future may be judged by the present or the past I have many toilsome days before me, many difficulties to overcome and troublesome problems to solve. As you know there is at present one upon which we all feel deeply but for which I am still hopeful that an equitable solution may be found and I feel that I ought to take this opportunity of saying what great importance I attach to the recognition by the leaders of the Indians in South Africa of the Commission appointed by the Government of the Union. The fact that a public and a judicial enquiry will be held by a Commission of whom the President is a Judge of appeal and universally esteemed and respected to investigate the allegations that have been made to enquire into their causes and to make recommendations, presents an opportunity that the Indians have not had before to submit to the verdict of the world the justice of their grievances.

AN APPEAL TO REASON.

I cannot urge too strongly upon the leaders the urgency of accepting the commission and of resting to work at once to prepare their case for submission to it. The Government of India feel such deep interest in the result of this commission, that we have appointed a distinguished official, Sir Benjamin Robertson, whom I think many of you know, to be present before the commission as the representative of the Government of India. This is one of those anxious problems to which I have just referred. But all these difficulties and problems mean a just and right adjudication between conflicting interests in the decision of which in the very nature of things satisfaction cannot be given to all. But as in the past so in the future it will be my constant endeavour to bring to my task a spirit of fairness and just dealing with a true sense of duty and responsibility, and if when I can feel that your sentiments continue to be such as those you have expressed today I shall indeed be a happy man. I thank you very much warmly for your cordial words of welcome to Lady Hardinge and myself. I readily assure you that I shall always take deepest interest in your presidency and in this city where I have spent so many happy days and I shall not fail to communicate to His Most Gracious Majesty the King Emperor your expression of loyalty and devotion to his Throne.

TEMPERANCE AFFAIRS.

The members of the All-India Temperance League then waited on the Viceroy and were introduced by the Hon. Dr. Devaprasad Sarvadhikary.

His Excellency said in reply :—

"I thank you very cordially for the very kind reference to myself and my administration contained in your speeches introducing the deputation, and I can assure you that it gives me no little pleasure to receive your deputation today. The object which you have at heart is one which has my cordial sympathy and approval, and I should like at once to assure you that the Government of India, the Local Governments and Administrations, and their officials are unanimous with you in desiring to promote the cause of temperance in this country by all means within their powers.

"The Government of India will shortly be addressing the Secretary of State on the whole subject. Your deputation, therefore, has waited on me at a specially opportune moment.

"You call attention in the first place to the increase in revenue from excise duties and the increase in consumption of liquor and drugs which have taken place since 1905. I have carefully studied the portion of your memorial in which you deal with this aspect of the case, and I am sure you will not attribute to me any desire to minimise the possible dangers of the present situation if I suggest that you appear to attach an excessive importance to increase in revenue as an indication of increase in consumption. There are many factors which make fluctuations in revenue a misleading measure of fluctuations in consumption.

COMPARISONS.

An examination of statistics specially drawn up in this connection shows that during the last seven years, that is, in the period which has elapsed since the revision of our excise arrangements which followed the report of the Excise Committee of 1905-06, while the revenue per proof gallon or seer from country spirits, from opium and from hemp drugs has increased by 28, 26 and 46 per cent. respectively, the consumption of these articles per hundred of the population has in the case of country spirits increased by only 5 per cent., surely a comparatively insignificant figure. The consumption has remained stationary in the case of opium, and in the case of hemp drugs it has decreased by more than 8 per cent.

"Again, if we take the case of foreign liquors, while the total receipts from customs duty have increased by over 20 per cent., the total imports have fallen off by about 6 per cent. It is true that during this period the recorded consumption of country spirits shows an increase of nearly 41 per cent. but I desire to draw attention to the fact that this increase is largely misleading, since the recorded consumption increases with every increase in the substitution of our central distillery system, under which no record of consumption can be maintained.

"During the last seven years this process of substitution has occurred in every large area. You are doubtless aware also that the suppression of illicit manufacture, due to greater vigilance and more efficient control, necessarily leads to an increase in the total recorded consumption.

POSITION NOT ALARMING.

"I am inclined to think, therefore, that the general position we have attained in connection with the consumption of intoxicants in India is scarcely so alarming as your memorial would appear to suggest. At the same time, the matter undoubtedly merits the close attention of the Government with a view to measures being taken to prevent any undue expansion of consumption. Our chief means for the attainment of this end has been a steady and judicious raising of the duties on all classes of intoxicants accompanied by a reduction in the facilities for obtaining them. The duties have been substantially increased during the last seven years, and to this fact must, for the most part, be attributed the great rise in the excise revenue which you deplore. In fact, the rise of revenue is the effect of increased duties rather than the result of consumption. Large reductions have at the same time been made in the number of shops licensed to sell intoxicants; and, as her statistical tables will show you, the net number of shops abolished during the last seven years reaches the striking total of 11,500. These reductions have naturally caused an increase in the sales of shops, a fact to which you draw attention, though I am unable to discover that the increase is in any case as large as you suggest. But you will remember that an important result of these reductions is necessarily that besides offering less inducement to intemperance there is less competition between the shops, less tendency to force down prices in order to undersell rivals, fuller scope for the operation of high duties and fees as items in the cost of production, all of which lead to a general rise in the retail price and a corresponding discouragement of consumption. The local Governments are in fact constantly using their powers to increase the duties on intoxicants and to reduce the facilities for their sale.

DIFFICULTIES OF AUTHORITIES.

"It may indeed fairly be claimed that the settled policy of the Government of India of securing maximum taxation with a minimum of consumption has been steadily kept in view. At same time we cannot afford to forget that in India there is a particular limit to the amount by which the duties can be increased owing to the difficulty of preventing illicit manufacture and smuggling. It would be easy to do lip service to the cause of temperance by recklessly raising the duties and thus diminishing the recorded consumption, but it would be impossible in many areas to prevent the almost certain consequence of a more than corresponding increase in illicit consumption, which would be a far more serious evil in its effect on the health and morals of the people. The main requests affecting our excise administration which contained in your statements are that the licensing functions of the administrations should be separated from the revenue functions, that the powers and the functions entrusted to local advisory committees should be reconsidered, and that the fixed fee system or some similar system of licensing should be substituted for the action system of licenses. I entirely appreciate the spirit in which these suggestions have been put forward, and you need have no apprehension that I should misunderstand your action in stating your views to me with complete frankness.

A WRONG ASSUMPTION.

"One of my motives in having your deputation was that you should be enabled to do so. At the same time I cannot accept the assumption underlying the first of your proposals: namely, that the desire to secure large revenue is a paramount motive in the mind of revenue officers when dealing with questions of excise. Your contention is that such a result must follow as an inevitable consequence of combination of the dual functions in one officer. I think you overlook the high ideals which have always animated the officers of Government in their care for the true interests of the people entrusted to their charge. The collector is responsible as magistrate for the peace and sobriety of his district. This is his primary duty. The revenue interests of Government, important as they are, must come and do come after it. I can find no evidence that officers aim at securing a large excise revenue through an increased consumption of intoxicants or that they receive any encouragement to do so from their superiors. Such a procedure would be contrary to the whole spirit of British administration in India. I cannot, there ore, regard this objection to the present system as in itself a ground for the adoption of your second proposal that wider executive powers should be entrusted to advisory committees.

LOCAL CONTROL.

"Do not, however, think that I am not in sympathy with your desire to see an eventual development of local control. You will agree with me that the introduction of such an important change in our administration is one which requires very careful examination and should not be embarked upon by the Government unless they are very sure that the time is ripe. I doubt myself whether the moment has yet arrived, at least so far as the greater part of India is concerned, for entrusting wider executive control to local committees. At the same time I think it very necessary that the local Governments and administrations should make free use of these committees, and that they should be as representative as possible. Substantial progress has been made in achieving this ideal. In this connection I attach great importance to the interesting experiment initiated by the Government of Bengal, establishing licensing boards in Calcutta and its suburb in Howrah and Bally. The result of this experiment will be very carefully watched, and should it prove successful, I think the way will be cleared for similar experiments in other large towns also. Meanwhile, it seems to me that it would be unwise to attempt to hasten a movement which has developed and is developing naturally on healthy lines of its own. Such a course might lead to results very different to that which you desire.

AUCTION SYSTEM OF VEND.

"I have read with interest your remarks concerning the auction system of Vend. The main objection usually urged against the auction system is that it may result in the license fee being in effect too high and consequently forming an inducement to the licensee to press sales and to indulge in malpractices in order to increase consumption and recoup himself. The alternative, fixed-fee system on the other hand, while involving the acceptance of a lower license fee, tends to create vested interests.

"An experiment, however, is now in progress on a larger scale from which we may expect more conclusive results. The Government of India, on the representation of the Government of Bombay, sanctioned in 1911 the introduction of the fixed fee system in that Presidency as an experimental measure. And it is reported that the working of the system has so far been attended with a fair measure of success, but it is too early yet to draw a general and decisive conclusion. I cannot at the moment say more than that Government of India do not regard this question as closed. They are watching the Bombay experiment with close interest and should its results prove satisfactory, they will consider the advisability of suggesting to other local Governments that similar experiments might be initiated in suitable areas with their provinces.

"With regard to your complaint that drink and drug shops are occasionally located on undesirable sites, I would remind you that instructions have already been issued to the local authorities to adhere as closely as possible to the rules which have been laid down on the subject, and I see no reason to doubt that this will lead to the gradual abandonment of undesirable sites in the future.

HOURS OF SALE.

"You have very rightly drawn attention to the importance of restricting hours of sale to reasonable hours. There is no doubt that early opening and late closing tend to increased consumption but much has already been done by the local Governments to check this tendency by reducing the hours and such further measures as may be practicable, bearing in mind the reasonable needs of the people, will be taken to secure to still further reductions. In regard to your suggestion that influence of the Education Department should be utilized to secure temperance teaching in schools, I understand that in the majority of the larger provinces, school readers already contain such lessons, but as you observe, the necessity of temperance teaching in schools and colleges does not really exist in India. I am in sympathy with your suggestion to provide counter-attractions to intemperance and I am ready to bring your suggestion on this head to the notice of the local Governments for such action as may be feasible.

COCAINE.

"As to cocaine, I and my Government have for sometime past regarded the serious increase in the use of that dangerous drug with the gravest anxiety and we, together with the local administrations, have devoted much attention to the problem of its prevention within the last eighteen months. Legislation has been passed or initiated in several provinces greatly increasing the penalties for unlawful dealings in it with a view to render punishments more deterrent. Very special efforts have been made by our preventive officers to detect cocaine offences and in spite of the fact that the drug is capable of being very easily smuggled, these efforts have, I am glad to say, met with a considerable measure of success. But the most efficient method of checking the illicit trade in this drug, which unfortunately is now a feature of several great ports of India, lies in the imposition of control over its manufacture and sale in the countries of production. You are no doubt aware of the part which the Government of India have taken in the recent opium conference at the Hague with the object of designing international control over such manufacture and sale. It is hoped in this way to make it difficult to bring out to India large quantities of the drug which offers, owing to the very high price at which it sells, an irresistible temptation to smuggling and illicit possession The Government of India, I may add, have no revenue interest whatever in the traffic in cocaine, which can only be obtained from abroad.

LEVEE AT CALCUTTA.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 26.

A largely attended levee was held at Government House, Calcutta, to-night, at which Lord Hardinge presided, Lord Carmichael, Governor of Bengal, occupying a place beside His Excellency upon the dais.

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THE WEATHER

PREVALENCE OF TYPICAL COLD WEATHER CONDITIONS.

[Associated Press.]

Simla, Dec. 26.

No rain is reported this morning and typical cold weather conditions prevail.

Forecast :—No large change.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 25TH DEC. 1913.

Hansi.—Cloudy, but no rain. Absence of rain causing anxiety. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Hissar.—Cotton crop accounts satisfactory. Food-grains doing well. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Agra.—Mornings cold and dewy. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Cawnpore.—Bright, no sign of rain. Wheat requires rain.

Amraoti.—Seasonable. Kharif harvest in progress.

Khamgaon.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Dhulia.—Bright, no sign of rain.

Broach.—Bright, no sign of rain Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing, in flowers showing bolls. Cotton crop prospects improving and cotton crop making good progress.

Viramgam.—Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening.

Wadhwan.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening. Cotton crop accounts continue favourable.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Arrivals freely.

Surat.—Mornings cold and dewy.

Sholapur.—Mornings cold and dewy. Absence of rain causing anxiety.

Bellary.—Bright, no sign of Cotton plants in flower.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 26th December, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in defect in the south-west Punjab. Both maximum and minimum temperatures are in defect in the north Punjab. Minimum temperature is below normal in the east Punjab also.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or very light clouded. The air is drier than usual. Night temperature is in defect.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in in upper Sind and lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect in Rajputana. Minimum temperature is lower than usual at Bikaner and Jaipur.

Gujarat Kathiswar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is damper than usual in the western half of Kathiawar and drier in west Central India. Night temperature is in defect in west Central India, Gujrat and at Veraval and Bhavnagar-Para.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in defect. Minimum temperature is below normal at most stations.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear. The air is damper than usual. Temperature is in defect.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad,—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in defect in the northern half of the division.

General Remarks.—Weather has been dry and is likely to continue so generally.

BOMBAY CROP REPORTS.

The following "Preliminary Memoranda" on crops in the Bombay Presidency have been issued :—

Linseed Rapeseed (Estimates up to Dec. 5). —Information incomplete. Sowings still continue Total area so far sown and reported comes to :—

	Linseed. Acres.	Rapeseed. Acres.
British Districts ...	86,700	54,300
Native States ...	10,300	68,700
Total	97,000	123,000
10 per cent. over last year.	7 per cent. over last year;	
13 per cent. below the decennial average of corresponding forecasts.	1·5 per cent. above the decennial average of corresponding forecasts.	

Linseed.—Grown principally in Deccan and Karnatak. Late rains deficient particularly in East and South Deccan where area restricted. Elsewhere crop sown seasonably in first fortnight of October. Crop doing fairly well in North Deccan and Karnatak; but withering in East Deccan. Further rain needed everywhere.

Rapeseed.—Grown principally in Sind and Gujarat States. In Sind are extended in Karachi and Hyderabad owing to good rainfall and in Thar and Parkar and Upper Sind Frontier owing to favourable inundation. Sowings commenced normally from beginning of November and still continue in places. Crop fairly good at present. In Gujarat States crop sown under favourable conditions seasonably in second fortnight of October and is doing well at present

Wheat (Estimates up to Dec. 5).—Information incomplete. Sowings still continue in places. Total estimated area so far sown and reported comes to :—

	British Districts. Acres.	Native States. Acres.
Presidency ...	845,000	454,700
Sind ...	427,000	30,300
	1,272,000	485,000

Total 1,757,000 acres,

19 per cent. over corresponding area last year; and nearly 12 per cent. above decennial average at same date.

In Gujarat the break that followed the heavy September rains favoured wheat sowing which commenced seasonably in South in second fortnight of October and in North in first fortnight of November. But part of the usual wheat area had been placed under cotton and other kharif crops owing to favourable early rains, and appearance of rain restricted its cultivation in places in North and destruction of seedlings by insects in some of the area sown necessitated removal of crop in South. Condition of surviving crop generally good. Sowings of wet crop still continue in North In Deccan deficiency of late rains has restricted cultivation in East and South and delayed sowings by a fortnight. Elsewhere area extended and dry crop sown seasonably in first fortnight of October. Crop doing well in North and West; in East and South withering for want of sufficient moisture. Irrigated crop sown normally in first fortnight of November and doing well. In Karnatak rain for sowing deficient in East, where sowings began in second fortnight of October later than usual; elsewhere they were done timely early in October and the area sown larger than last year. Crop doing fairly well at present, but rain needed to ensure a good crop. In Sind cultivation extended in Karachi and Nawabshah owing to good rain and in Upper Sind Frontier owing to good water supply. In Hyderabad and Thar and Parkar area restricted owing to growth of weeds and in other districts owing to unfavourable inundation. Sowings began in first fortnight of November as usual and still continue in North. Condition of crop fairly good.

Cotton In Hyderabad.

The third forecast of the cotton crop in Hyderabad states :—The area under *kharif* has increased while the area under *rabi* has decreased by 105,550 acres. The total increase, however, amounts to 765,813 acres or about 26,52 per cent. The average for the last quinquennium comes to 3,238,087 as the area under the cotton crop this year has increased by 12·82 per cent. The increase in area this year is due to a better season than last year in the Aurangabad and Bir districts, which are some of the best cotton producing districts in the dominions. The shortage in the *rabi* area is accounted for by the fact that there were not timely and seasonable rains, especially in the district of Raichur which is the largest *rabi* cotton producing district.

According to the estimates of the district officers, the outturn this year comes to 770,257 bales of cotton. But the district figures cannot be absolutely relied upon. The actual outturn last year, according to the figures supplied by the Inspector-General of Customs, amounted to 373,197 bales, of which 223,626 were exported; 22,271 bales represent the quantity utilised in the three local mills and 27,300 bales represent the quantity otherwise locally utilised. But having regard to the favourable conditions that prevailed in some of the districts, the estimate for the present year may be taken at 420,000 bales.

NEW YORK CUSTOMS COMEDY.

DISPUTE OVER A DICKENS RELIC.

A lock of Charles Dickens's hair, which was obtained originally, it is said, from Georgina Hogarth, Dickens's sister-in-law, and which was sold by auction for £40, is detaining at the Custom-house a shipment of valuable books consigned by a London dealer to Messrs. Brentano, in New York. The Customs authorities refuse to release the books until £14 duty has been paid for the hair, which the consignee says was included without his knowledge and consent, and which he does not want since he possesses another lock.

To secure free entry articles of antiquity must be 100 years old; the Customs officials claim that the lock is not yet an antiquity, and must pay the regular *ad valorem* duty of 35 per cent, on hair.

THE WHEELER CASE IN JAPAN.

The appeal of Mr. W. A. Wheeler against the sentence of four years' penal servitude passed upon him in April last has been dismissed. The judgment gives no reasons for the failure of the appeal.

Mr. Wheeler, of the firm of Messrs. Genz, Wheeler, and Co., of Leicester, was arrested in January last "on suspicion of obtaining money under false pretences." At the conclusion of his trial he was found guilty of coming to Japan with the intention to defraud by selling knitting machines of an obsolete pattern at prices in excess of their value, and of having obtained by this means a sum of £10,000. Mr. Wheeler appealed on the ground that the verdict was against the weight of evidence, and technical objections were also raised.

THE CORFIELD MEMORIAL.

Lord Dundonald, at the conclusion on Dec. 10 of a meeting of the committee of the Corfield Memorial Fund, presented to Mrs. Corfield, mother of the late Mr. Richard Corfield an album in which were bound up the letters of admiration for her son's gallantry received by the committee of the fund.

Lord Dundonald said that the album contained letters from all parts of the world and from all classes of the British people expressing their admiration for the gallantry of her son. He wished to tell her how sincerely the members of the committee, joined in these feelings of admiration and at the same time to express their deep sympathy with her in her irreparable personal loss.

FOREIGN CABLES.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.
Via Teheran Perfect, Via Tuscany Indefinite, Via Odessa Indefinite.	Via Teheran Perfect Via Turkey Perfect Via Suez Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect. Via Valentia Perfect Via Direct Cable Perfect.
Asia	**China.**	**Africa.**
Via Penang Perfect. Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect. Via Amoor Perfect. Via Bhamo Perfect	Via Aden Perfect. Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Guayaquil in Ecuador are subject to Censorship (8-12-13).

Teheran route restored (22-12-13).

Both Ceylon wires Interrupted 5-15 one wire right 14-20 (25-12-13).

THE GERMAN CRISIS.

WORST OF IT PASSES.

RUMOUR OF FORSTNER'S RESIGNATION.

Germany has passed through a Constitutional crisis of considerable gravity, as a result of the Zabern affair.

For a few days the fate of the Government was very uncertain. The excitement, however, died down, and on Dec. 9 when the Imperial Chancellor made his first appearance in the Reichstag after his defeat, it was evident that the worst of the crisis was over.

The Chancellor referred to his own position and to the Alsatian incidents. The appointment and dismissal of an Imperial Chancellor lay with the Emperor, and the attempt to influence the exercise of these rights was opposed to the Constitution. "I have neither," said the Chancellor, "on account of the vote handed in my resignation, nor shall I, on account of this vote, hand in my resignation."

The *Times* Berlin Correspondent state when the mail left that general opinion seems to be that the acute stage of the crisis is now over, but it is still impossible to determine the probable course of events.

DEPARTURE OF THE 99TH REGIMENT.

The 99th Regiment of Infantry departed from Zabern on Dec. 6 by rail to the training grounds at Hagenau and Bitsch. The troops marched company by company to the railway station. The Colours company, with band playing, was led by Lieutenant Schadt. Colonel von Reuter did not lead the regiment, but joined it at the railway station. Lieutenant von Forstner had left Zabern earlier, and is said to have been put on the sick list. There is a report, at present unconfirmed, that Lieutenant von Forstner has resigned his commission. As regards the Statthalter's audience of the Emperor, it is announced that on his Majesty's instructions Count Wedel has taken measures to secure that the terms of the Constitution shall henceforward be better observed.

There seems to be no probability that there will be further trouble as regards Alsace-Lorraine itself.

THE REICHSTAG PROCEEDINGS.

There remain the constitutional and Parliamentary problems, especially as they affect the position of the Imperial Chancellor and the attitude of the Reichstag parties during the debates on the Estimates, which Herr von Bethmann Hollweg has to open on Dec. 9. The situation, which is already difficult enough, has been complicated by tactlessness and indiscretions. Efforts were made to attribute the disastrous course of the proceedings in the Reichstag on Dec. 10 and 11 to defects—especially sins of omission—in the Imperial Chancellor's speeches. The truth is that while Herr von Bethmann Hollweg was at Donaueschingen his subordinates here—presumably with his consent, however reluctantly it may have been given—were busily propagating this view of the matter and indicating, in particular, that while all the world was criticizing the Emperor for having seen only his military advisers and having accepted their point of view, the Imperial Chancellor had failed to explain fully the nature and extent of the Emperor's actions.

On Dec. 5 Herr Wahnschaffe, Under-Secretary in charge of the office of the Imperial Chancellor, whose function it is to act as a channel of communication between the Government and the Reichstag, had conversations with Conservative Centre Party, National Liberal and Radical Deputies. To everybody's astonishment the newspapers of Dec. 6 were full of reports of what he had said. The Chancellor had been, it seemed, "out of form" and had omitted to explain that long before the Reichstag debate the Emperor had clearly expressed his views and wishes to all the authorities concerned. In some quarters Herr Wahnschaffe was represented to have said that the Prussian Minister of War had also made a speech different from that which he intended. A semi-official *dementi* was issued and the Radical leader, Herr Payer, explained that an account of the conversations which had been attributed to him was "inaccurate"—especially as regarded the speech of the Minister of War. So careful and well-informed a writer, however, as the Berlin correspondent of the *Frankfurter Zeitung* had already confirmed the essential accuracy of the reports.

CRISIS DIMINISHING.

Berlin, Dec. 9.

The proceedings in the Reichstag today were upon the whole very quiet and indicated that although the Zabern incident is not yet disposed of immediate danger for the Government is diminishing.

Berlin, Dec. 10.

The Reichstag is now settling down to its ordinary ways and the party leaders are delivering, with their usual equanimity the annual discourses on domestic and foreign affairs to which very few people listen, but which the party newspapers expect at this time of year. So smoothly have things been going that before the House rose late this evening the Imperial Chancellor was able to deliver, with very little interruption a long speech on the right of coalition and the Brunswick question.

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RAND MILLIONAIRE SHOT.

ATTACK ON SIR LIONEL PHILLIPS.

SERIOUS INJURIES INFLICTED.

An attempt was made at Johannesburg, on Dec. 11, to assassinate Sir Lionel Phillips, head of the great mining group familiarly known as "The Corner House."

Sir Lionel was walking towards the Rand Club at the luncheon hour, when John L. Misnun, a young foreigner, and the owner of a Kaffir store at one of the mines, stepped up to him and fired three shots with a small revolver. One bullet hit Sir Lionel in the neck and another in the lower part of the body. Many people were in the street at the time, and Misnun was seized. He then fired a fourth shot, apparently at his own head, but missed.

Sir Lionel Phillips was attended by Sir Percy Fitzpatrick, Mr. Hermann Eckstein and others. He was placed in a taxicab and taken to hospital. He was conscious all the time.

Cries were raised for the lynching of Misnun, who was hurried to the police-station in a cab. He was perfectly calm on arrival there, and said to the inspector, "Here's a nice murderer for you." To a journalist he said, "I did it because the mining people have twice ruined me. There is even a case against me in the courts to-morrow, in which I am charged with trespassing on the mining property. They won't let me live, I won't let them live."

Misnun also asked for his revolver in order to "finish himself." on him was a letter headed, "Robbery or plunder," and addressed to the "Rand Daily Mail." He said it contained the whole history of the affair. The police took possession of the document. Misnun formerly had a store in one of the "Corner House" Mines, and induced the natives to cede their wages to him for goods. Litigation with the mining company resulted and Misnun ultimately lost an appeal. Since then he seems to have imagined that he has been persecuted by the "Corner House."

Apparently he meant to speak to Sir Lionel Phillips and when the latter refused to listen started shooting. A few days ago he threatened to shoot a high official at the "Corner House," and was turned out of the building. Misnun had worked for the Unionist Party in the elections, and seemed to think he would have received a substantial financial reward. This disappointment also preyed on his mind.

"PERFECTLY COOL."

Sir Percy Fitzpatrick, in an interview, said: "I was driving down Commissioner street in my motor-car going home to luncheon, and my man Anderson was sitting beside me, when I heard a report which I thought was that of a burst tyre on a passing motor-cycle. Then there was a second report, and I heard a bullet sing past in front of me. At that moment Anderson said to me: "It is Sir Lionel Phillips they are shooting." We both jumped out of the car and ran towards the man who was shooting. I saw him fire two shots, and when I got about three yards from him somebody had him up against a window. I saw Sir Lionel stagger and I caught him. Another man was helping him. We got Sir Lionel into a taxicab and took him to the hospital.

"He behaved perfectly splendidly. He said he was shot in the neck and the side and that he felt a pain in the neck first and was suffering a good deal of pain. He was perfectly cool and said nothing about his assailant. I cannot understand this attack on a man who has never in his life done an ungenerous or an unkind act to a living soul and I have known him intimately for more than twenty years."

SIKHS IN CANADA.

DETERMINED ATTITUDE OF SETTLERS.

The Hon. E. G. Prior, ex-Premier of British Columbia, interviewed by Reuter's representative with regard to the position of Indians in that province said:—The Indian question is one of the most serious that Canada or any other Dominion has to deal with. From one point of view it is very hard that Sikhs—men who have fought for us and as regards physique and other qualifications compare very favourably with many white immigrants—should be excluded, but it must be recognised that white people in the British Colonies will never submit to competition with Oriental labourers, whose standard is so entirely different. How an arrangement is to be arrived at will tax the best statesmanship, but certainly we in British Columbia have made up our minds to stand firm and to keep all Orientals out. I hear that a legal decision has been given which would seem to be against the exclusion of these people, but you may be assured if such is the case the people of British Columbia will appeal to a higher Court and, if necessary, go to the throne itself. The working classes of British Columbia are a very high type of manhood, and have a high standard of living, wages being good and work plentiful, and they regard it as a degradation to work on even terms with Orientals. To my mind they will never work on the question in any other way. Japanese immigrants are not coming so freely into British Columbia, but I hear that, notwithstanding the head tax of 500 dollars, Chinamen are arriving in greater numbers than ever. No statesman in Canada seems to know quite how we are to bring it about, but all are determined that Orintal immigration shall be stopped.

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS

Empress Pale

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Housewife's Friend

Fine Household Soaps.

Can be obtained everywhere

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS.

STEFANSSON ARCTIC EXPEDITION.

"KARLUK." ADRIFT IN THE ICE.

LOSS OF THE "MARY SACHS."

The Department of Marine and Fisheries has received a bare report from Mr Stefansson at Toronto from point Barrow Alaska, and is unaware of the whereabouts of his vessel, the Karluk. More detailed information has, however, been received by Mr. G. J. Desbarats, acting Deputy Minister of Naval Affairs, in a dispatch from Mr. Stefansson himself.

In brief Mr. Stefansson reports that it is believed that the Karluk is safe in the ice in longitide west 147. He took a party ashore with him to hunt. Next day came heavy gales with fog, and when the weather cleared the Karluk was not in sight. The vessel had undoubtedly been carried away by the wind which drove the ice pack off shore. So far the search for the vessel has been unsuccessful, but as there was a crew of 25 men on board, and plently of provisions, no serious anxiety is entertained about her safety.

The message received at Ottawa was dispatched from Point Barrow, Alaska, on October 30, and sent overland to Circle City, whence it was forwarded on December 5. The message reads :—

The Karluk was beset by heavy ice on August 12 in longitude west 147, 15 miles off shore. She was frozen in on August 17, and drifted with the ice until September 10, when the drift stopped. On September 20, believing that the ship was fast for the winter, and as it was necessary to secure fresh meat, I took Jennes, McConnell, Wilkins, and three Eskimos ashore to hunt. North-east gales sprang up on September 22 with snow and fog. When the storm cleared on the 24th the ice had gone and the Karluk with it. The ice undoubtedly went west before the wind. The Karluk may possibly have broken free and steamed east, but she probably remmained fast and drifted west with the ice. I followed the coast west to Point Barrow, but the Karluk has not been sighted.

The schooners Alaska and Sachs with the southern party are safe at Collinson Point. The Schooner Belvidere, with a cargo of freight and provisions, is wintering near the International Boundary. I am planning an ice expedition from the 145th meridian to the Mackenzie delta, making a survey and taking soundings for a steamer route. The Karluk has on board a company of 25, including Messrs, Beuchat, Mackay, Mamen McKinley, Murray, and Mallock, with the members of the crew and five Eskimos.

MR. STEFANSSON'S COMPANIONS.

The party now with Mr. Stefansson consists of Dr. D Jennes, of Wellington, New-Zealand, assistant anthropologist to the expedition; Mr. B. M. Wilkins, of Montreal, photographer; and Mr. B. M. McConnell of Los Angeles, California, assistant to Mr. Stefansson, and meteorologist. The other scientific men mentioned by Mr. Stefansson as being on board the Karluk are M. Henri Beuchat, anthropologist; Mr. A Forbes, Mackay, of Edinburgh, surgeon; Mr. Bjarme Mamen, of Christiania, assistant geologist; Mr. W. L. McKinley, of Glasgow, expert in terrestrial magnetism Mr. James Murray of Glasgow, oceanographer; and Mr George Mallock, of Ottawa, chief geologist and topographer. The Alaska and Sachs which Mr Stefansson mentions are the other vessels of the expedition and are manned by scientific parties.

The auxiliary schooner Mary Sachs, which Mr. Stefansson in his message of October 30 said was safe at Collinson Point, was wrecked in the ice off the Arctic coast of Alaska some time before November 28, the date on which a letter was received at Nome, Alaska, from Mr. Peter Barnard, captain of the vessel telling of her loss.

The schooner was caught in the ice and crushed to pieces and all the provisions and scientific instruments were lost.

SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE.—Dec. 12.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON

Lieut-Col W W G Griffith, 32 Lrs.
Lieut-Col G M Franks, Quetta Staff Coll.
Lieut-Col G W C Knatchbull, 120 Inf.
Lieut-Col J G Hulbert, I M S.
Lieut-Col H L Showers, C S I, C I E.
Major E A Swinhoe, S T C.
Major H E Hitchins, 1 Brahmins.
Major L S Logan, S T C.
Major R W Elliott, 7 G R.
Major A G Kemball, 31 Punj.
Major H A F Knapton.
Major D McCoy, I M S.
Capt J S Riccard, R A.
Capt G S Bull, 58 Rifles.
Capat H J Doveton, 21 Punj.
Capt R E T Hogg, C I H.
Capt T W Kirkwood, 17 Cav.
Capt A C B Mackinnon, 2-9 G R.
Capt D E Robertson, 11 Lrs.
Capt A C Bird, S T C.
Capt W G A Brett, 76 Punj.
Capt E D S Robertson, 21 Cav.
Capt G P O Carnegy 7 Lrs.
Capt E P Grant 25 Cav.
Capt H N Lee, 59 Rifles.
Capt C L Dunn, I M S.
Capt L C Thuillier, I A.
Capt F H Salisbury, I M S.
Lieut V H Hardy 1 York and Lancs
Lieut W A M Montgomery, 1 S Lancs.
Nursing Sister Miss P Exshaw, Q A M N S I.
Mr J Donald.
Dr E H Hankin.
Mr D R Lyle.
Mr L F Robertson.
Mr A V Nash.
Mr J W Rowland.
Mr F Norman.
Rev Canon W J M Kennelly.

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Lieut-Col C W G Richardson, to April 26, 1914.
Major F F Major, 95 Russell's Inf., 2 days.
Major J Hodgkinson, 5 Cav, 1 mo.
Major G H Taylor, 29 Garh R I mo M C.
Major F M Lane, 128 Prs, 6 mo M C.
Capt T W H Jones, 94 Russell's Inf, pending retirement.
Capt S E Apthorpe, 95 Inf, 1 mo.
Capt N N G C McVean, I M S, 4 mo M C.
Mr H L L Allanson, 1 mo M C.
Mr C C Sheridan, C I E, 2 mo.
Mr H E H Pratt, 2 days.
Mr H Dawson, 6 mo M C
Mr P Williams, 6 weeks M C.
Mr W H Luce, 2 mo 14 days.

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Major H H Cobbe, 13 Lrs.
Mr H T Hughes.
Mr H A Lane.
Mr J E Godfrey.
Mr J G Peters.

PRIZE COMPETITION

FOR LADY READERS OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

WE have decided to present a valuable SEWING MACHINE from the workshops of the famous SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY to the lady who forwards us by JANUARY 10th, 1914, the largest number of coupons taken from the daily issues of the "Bombay Gazette." The coupon will appear every day, and the final result will be published in our issue of January 14th. The first coupon will be found below.

The machine which will be handed to the winner of the competition is a 5 DRAWER DROP HEAD CABINET of the latest design, and the value of it is Rs. 165. The machine may be seen at the offices of the Singer Manufacturing Company, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Coupons may be sent in at once, but none will be accepted after the last postal delivery on JANUARY 10TH.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" PRIZE COUPON.

Name of competitor (Miss or Mrs.) _____

Address _____

This coupon must be forwarded in an unmutilated condition to reach the "Bombay Gazette" Office by January 10th, 1914, at the latest.

Envelopes containing coupons must be addressed :

"BOMBAY GAZETTE," Homji Street, Fort, BOMBAY, with the words "Prize Coupon Competition" on the outside.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

FROM this day to the end of December, 1913, we will give a discount of 20 per cent. if the coupon printed at the foot of this announcement accompanies order for Spectacles, Binoculars, &c., &c.

COWPER & CO., HORNBY ROAD, — BOMBAY. —

Near Fire Brigade Station.

X'MAS PRESENTS COUPON.

Name _____

Address _____

COWPER & CO., Hornby Road, Fort.

SUBMARINE SUNK.

COLLISION WITH A HOPPER AT PLYMOUTH.

Submarine C 14 was sunk in Plymouth Sound on Dec. 10, after being in collision with a hopper, but fortunately all the lives of those in her were saved.

C 14 returned to Plymouth with the Third Flotilla from Torbay to give Christmas leave, and the vessels were steaming into the harbour in line with the regulation lights burning, when the second of the line, C 14, was struck on the stern by one of several hoppers leaving the harbour. Ten of the ship's company below were thrown about and the vessel was severely shaken and a big hole made in the port side. Batteries were set working on the pumps, but the water gained so rapidly that the men clambered up the narrow ladders, and when the lieutenant on board under instruction, who was the last to ascend emerged on deck, the vessel was rapidly sinking. As the men were making their escape the fusing of a wire caused the interior of the craft to be filled with flames. The crew were all taken off in hoppers and coastguard boats, and awaited the sinking of the craft, which, 10 minutes after the accident, plunged stern first to the bottom.

The submarine was in command of Lieutenant Naper, who was on deck when the collision occurred.

All the belongings of those on board went down in the submarine, which sank between Drake's Island and Devil's Point at the entrance to Devonport Harbour. When the collision occurred, and subsequently when the submarine began to sink, good order prevailed on board, and this was maintained until the crew were taken off. The spot where C 14 foundered is in the fair way to the Hamoaze and as the channel is narrow it is presumed that an effort will be made to raise the sunken boat.

Submarine C 14 was commanded by Lieutenant George W. E. Naper and belonged to the Devonport (Third) Flotilla. Lieutenant Naper was appointed to her on September 10 last. This flotilla, consisting of five boats, with the mother-ship Forth, arrived in Torbay on December 4, and after exercises was to return to Devonport.

This is one of the few cases, if not the only case, in which the foundering of a submarine has not been attended with the loss of life.

RAILWAY RECEIPTS.

G. I. P. RY. COMPANY.

The following is the Comparative Statement of Traffic Earnings, for week ending 20th Dec. 1913 :—

	Miles open.	Total for the period.	Earnings for previous weeks.	Total to date.
Approximate Earnings for week ending 20th Dec 1913.				
G. I. P. Ry. ...	2855·31	2894300	17369203	19463503
A. D. C. Ry ...	125·88	55000	485879	540879
B.-Kotah Ry ...	40·29	4000	32751	36751
Total...	3021·48	2153000	17887833	20041133
Earnings for crdg. 7 days ending 20th Dec 1912				
G. I. P. Ry. ...	2790·61	1951709	15976801	17927909
A.D.C.Ry	125·88	53525	447670	501195
B.-Kotah Ry. ...	40·29	2741	32298	35039
Total...	2956·78	2007965	16456769	18464134
Increase or Decrease		1	2	3
G.I.P.Ry.	+ 64·70	+ 143200	+ 139340	+ 153360
A.D.CRy.	...	+ 1475	+ 33209	+ 39684
B.-Kotah Ry. ...	...	+ 1239	+ 453	+ 1712

NOTE.—Corrected with Audited figures upto 31st Oct. 1913.

LAND REFORM.

MR. ASQUITH'S EXPOSITION OF POLICY.

CENTRAL LAND AND HOUSING COUNCIL.

Mr Asquith spoke for the first time at any length, on Dec. 9 on the proposals of land and housing reform which have been laid before the country by Mr. Lloyd George, and gave them the weight of his sanction and authority as Prime Minister.

The occasion was a dinner given by Mr. Illingworth, M.P., the chief Liberal Whip, at the National Liberal Club, to celebrate the founding, earlier in the day, of a new political organization, the Central Land and Housing Council, which is to conduct the campaign in the country in support of the programme of the Government.

It was in reply to the toast of "The Prime Minister and his Majesty's Ministers," proposed by Lord Lincolnshire, the chairman of the Central Land and Housing Council, that Mr Asquith spoke. The object of his speech, as he himself said, was to summarize, "within the briefest possible compass," the intention and effect of the land and housing proposals of the Government. This he succeeded in doing in a speech of 50 minutes. Mr. Lloyd George, who is a consummate platform orator, but disposed to be prolix, humorously admitted in the unusually brief speech which he afterwards made that it had taken him five speeches, each of one and a half hours —(they were really more than that in length)— to do less than the Prime Minister had done in much less than an hour.

SUMMARY AMD COMMENDATION.

The Prime Minister's speech was therefore made up of a lucid summary and a warm commendation of the proposals with which Mr. Lloyd George has familiarized the country. But two things of importance he emphasized. One of these is the Liberal proposal to create a new Ministry of Lands which is to absorb many functions now scattered among other Departments of the Administration. This Ministry is also to have the power to purchase and acquire land and to reclaim land for the purposes of culture and afforestation. The other matter which Mr. Asquith made clear is that there is to be no confusion between judicial and administrative functions in the carrying out of their land and housing policy. The Commissioners they propose to create will be a judicial body who will exercise their power in complete independence of the Executive.

Dealing first with the rural side of of the land problem, Mr. Asquith said its most serious feature was the inadequate wages of the agricultural labourer. Taking the country as a whole, he said the wages received were totally inadequate to satisfy the conditions of decent and humane existence. The Government had therefore come to the conclusion that there was a case for the stepping in of the State to secure a minimum wage for the labourer which would enable him to enjoy reasonable conditions of life and pay a commercial or economic rent for the house in which he lived. If the farmer could show that the increase in the wages of the labourer meant an additional burden for him he could claim a reduction of rent. As regards the housing of labourers, it was calculated that 100,000 or 120,000 cottages were needed. Here again the State proposed to step in.

THE CASE FOR THE FARMER.

Turning to the case for the farmer, Mr. Asquith said the real grievance of the farmer was that he lacked adequate security for doing the best and making the most out of the land. The Land Commissioners were to be given power to revise rents and afford more adequate compensation for disturbance than was recognized by the existing law.

As regards the urban side of the problem, the Prime Minister said that the evils of the leasehold system, which dealt so hardly with the enterprising shopkeeper, are to be removed by the operations of the Land Commissioners.

When are these far-reaching proposal to be embodied in legislation and laid before Parliament? Evidently not in the course of the present Parliament. For the concluding words of the Prime Minister were that the Government intended in the new campaign to submit them to the sympathy and judgment of the electorate. Indeed the whole proceedings of the evening related to a future near or distant. Nothing was said to throw any light on the extraordinarily complicated political situation of the present time. There was no reference to the menace of Ulster save in a jest by the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Speaking after the Prime Minister Mr. Lloyd George said that in the land campaign he had only acted the part of a scout. He had located the enemy; he had drawn the enemy's fire; very mild and ineffective fire it was, and unless the enemy did better in Ulster they might well be left to the Home Secretary to deal with. There was great laughter at these jokes.

The Imperial Merchant Service Guild have been officially informed by Messrs Houlder Brothers and Co., Ltd., who own a large fleet of steamers sailing out of the principal ports in the United Kingdom, that substantial increases have been made in the pay of the chief, second and third officers throughout their fleet as well as other improvements, such as the provision of bedding and travelling expenses.

"THAT NO ONE CAN DENY" the popularity of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC is sufficiently proved in the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, where Justice Coram Hayward, I.C.S., in delivering judgment against an imitator of this famous preparation remarked, "In fact the sales and reputation of Squibb's Ague Specific are hardly denied even by the defendant's witnesses." There are no two opinions about Squibb's being the best cure for Malaria and other fevers—MADON SONS & CO., Crawford Market, Bombay. Phone No. 705.

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But the kidneys have to filter the blood, and drain out the liquid waste from our food and drink.

That is what the kidneys are for—to keep the blood pure. When they fail, the poisonous waste left in the blood makes you feel heavy, sleepy, and irritable; your back aches, you may get a touch of rhumatism, dropsical swellings appear under the eyes or in the ankles. The urinary system is affected, and you may suffer from gravel or stone.

Kidney and urinary disorders are a class of diseases by themselves, and treatment that is successful for other diseases may be *wrong* for the kidneys—only a kidney remedy can help them.

That is what Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are for. They are intended for the kidneys and urinary system and nothing else. If this remedy is started with in good time, before the kidneys are seriously diseased, the good results will be permanent. But do not neglect your kidneys too long.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are Rs. 2 per bottle; 6 for Rs. 10-8; obtainable from all dealers.

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Enough to kill and mummify 250 rats 4s. 3d. of Druggists and Stores or post free of—
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THE LONDON GAZETTE.

War Office, Dec. 9.

Regular Forces.

Cavalry.

1st (Royal) Dragoons—Sec. Lieut. J H Leckie to be Lieut. (Nov. 7.)

2nd Dragoons (Royal Scots Greys)—Capt. H B Towse retires on retired pay (Dec.-10).

3rd (King's Own) Hussar—Capt. H. Combe to be Major (Dec. 3.)

21st (Empress of India's) Lancers—Major R G Hooper, D S O., retires on retired pay (Dec. 10); Capt. R S Cecil to be Major (Dec. 10); Superny. Capt. C H Delmege is restored to the establishment (Dec 10).

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Capt. (District Officer) W MacDonald is placed on retired pay (Dec. 10); Lieut. (District Officer) D. Langston to be Capt. (District Officer) (Dec. 10); Sergt.-Major J W Tompkins to be Lieut. (District Officer) (Dec. 10).

Royal Horse and Royal Field Art.—The following Capts. are seconded:—H M Greaves, for service as an Adj., Territorial Force (Nov. 13); P A Meldon, for service with the Canadian Government (Nov. 22); Superny Capt. A C L Theobald is restored to the establishment (Nov. 21); Lieut. W A Clayton is seconded for service as an Adj., T F (Nov. 21); Sec. Lieut. K B Harbord to be Lieut. (Dec. 7).

Royal Garrison Art.—Superny, Major G. E. Tyrrell is restored to the establishment (Dec 4); Capt, J H Fateson is seconded for service as an Adj., T F Nov. 14; Superny. Capt. W H Macalpine-Leny is restored to the establishment (Nov. 14); Sec. Lieut. H A Shaw to be Lieut Dec. 7.

Foot Guards.

Coldstream Guards—Superny Lieut. A G Soames is restored to the establishment (Dec 7).

Guards Depot—Lieut J U F C Alexander Coldstream Guards, to be Adj. vice A G Soames Coldstream Guards (Dec. 7.)

Infantry

Cameronians Scottish Rifles—Major P B Robertson to be Lieut.-Col. vice C H P Carter, C B., C M G (Oct. 24); Capt J G Chaplain to be Major (Oct. 24).

Gloucestershire Regt.—Capt. F C Nisbet to be Major (Nov. 26).

Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regt).—Capt. P A Wilson retires on retired pay. Dec. 10.

Prince of Wales's (North Staffordshire Regt).—Capt. H C Tweedi, D S O., to be Major. (Dec. 6); Superny Capt. R J Armes is restored to the establishment (Dec. 6).

Princess Victoria's (Royal Irish Fusiliers)—Superny Capt. F W E Johnson is restored to the establishment (Nov. 25).

Royal Dublin Fusiliers—Sec. Lieut. R Bernard to be Lieut (Nov. 12).

First Appointments.

The following successful candidates at the competitive examination of officers of the Special Reserve, Militia, and Territorial Force, held in October last, to be Second Lieutenants dated Dec. 10, 1913:—

'Cavalry.

6th Dragoon Guards (Carabiniers)—Sec. Lieut St J R Pigot, from 3rd London Brigade Royal Field Art. T F.

7th Princess Royal's Dragoon Guards—Sec. Lieut J S Mellor, from 4th batt. Lincolnshire Regt.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Royal Horse and Royal Field Art.—Sec Lieut from Royal Field Art, Special Reserve:—A T Forman and P W Lee.

Royal Garrison Art.—Sec Lieut K C Holden, from Royal Garrison Art, Special Reserve; Lieut W H Coghlan, from 1st West Riding Brigade, Royal Field Art, T F; Sec Lieut G F Harvey, from Royal Field Art, Special Reserve; Sec Lieut A H Gull and from 5th London Brigade, Royal Field Art. T F; Sec Lieut P W Paskin, from Royal Field Art, Special Reserve; Lieut G S M Ashby, from Hampshire Royal Garrison Art. T F.

Foot Guards.

Grenadier Guards—Sec. Lieut. A K S., Cuninghame, from Granadier Guards Special Reserve.

Infantry.

Royal Scots Lothian Regt.—Lieut. N M Young, from 9th batt.; Sec. Lieut. W M Peareth, from Princess Louise's Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, Special Reserve.

Royal Warwickshire Regt.—Sec. Lieut. C E Dalton, from 3rd batt. Essex Regt.

Lincolnshire Regt.—Lieut. W M Robertson, from 3rd batt.

Prince Albert's Somerset Light Inf.—Sec Lieut C W P Ludlow, from 4th batt. Royal Warwickshire Reg.; Sec. Lieut. A S Read, from Prince Albert's Somerset Light Inf., Special Reserve.

East Yorks Regt.—Sec. Lieut. F Carruthers, from 3rd batt.

Leicestershire Regt.—Lieut. G N Wyker, from 3rd batt.

Cameronians Scottish Rifles.—Lieut. J P Bibby, from 3rd batt.

Gloucestershire Regt.—Lieut W G Chapman, from 3rd batt.

Worcestershire Regt.—Sec Lieut J F A Mervyn, from Royal Field Art, Special Reserve.

Hampshire Regt.—Lieut C J W Pakenham, from 3rd batt.

Dorset Regt.—Sec Lieut Humphrey John Baillie, from 3rd batt Devon Regt.

Prince of Wales's Volunteers (S Lancs Regt.)—Sec Lieut R A Sassom, from 3rd batt Royal Sussex Regt.

Welsh Regt.—Sec Lieut S T V B Hambrough, from 3rd batt Norfolk Regt.

Oxfordshire and Bucks Light Inf.—Sec Lieut J S Kearsley, from Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Inf), Special Reserve.

Sherwood Foresters (Notts and Derby Regt.)—Second Lieut J D'A Whiches, from 3rd batt Devon Regt.

Northamptonshire Regt.—Lieut E B L Rushton, from 3rd batt King's (Liverpool Regt.)

Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regt)—Lieut A G Balbernie, from 3rd batt.

King's (Shropshire Light Infl.)—Lieut. T D. Perkin, from 3rd batt.

Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regt.)—Lieut A Gordon Cade, from 11th (County of London) batt, London Regt (Finsbury Rifles); Lieut E Selfield, from 6th batt.

Duke of Edinburgh's (Wilts Regt.)—Sec Lieut R P Rogers, from 3rd batt Devon Regt.

Manchester Regt—Sec—Lieut C H Masse, from Royal Field Art, S R.

Prince of Wales's (North Staffs Regt)—Lieut F Hatton, from 3rd batt South Staffs Regt.

Princess Victoria's (Royal Irish Fusiliers)—Sec Lieut J F R Massy-Westripp, from 3rd batt Royal Munster Fusiliers.

Seaforth Highlanders (Ross-shire Buffs, Duke of Albany's) Lieut W G Ferrier-Kerr from 3rd batt. Devon Regt; Lieut J F Glass from 3rd batt. Queen's Own Cameronian Highlanders.

West India Regt.—Lieut V C Green, from 4th batt Cameronians Scottish Rifles.

Army Service Corps.

Lieut E D M Heriot Hill, from 4th batt Cameronians Scottish Rifles.

Memorandum.

Capt R C B Lethbridge, half pay list, is placed on retired pay (Dec. 9).

General Reserve of Officers.

Royal Regiment of Artillery—Capt J G Gavanagh Mainwaring having attained the age limit ceases to belong to the Reserve of Officers (Dec. 10).

Foot Guards—Capt. the Hon. G H W Walsh having attained the age limit ceases to belong to the Reserve of Officers (Dec. 10).

Infantry—The following to be Sec. Lieuts:—A Seymour Drew late Cadet Lance Corporal Reading University College O T C and N J Wragg late Cadet, Cambridge University O T C and N J Wragg, late Cadet, Cambridge University O T C Dec. 10

Indian Army—Major F J S Lowry resigns his commission Dec. 10.

Special Reserve of Officers.

Infantry.

3rd Batt Cheshire Regt—A B Hassall, late Cadet Sedbergh School O T C, to be Sec Lieut on probation (Dec. 10).

4th Batt Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers—Capt E H Jarvis to be Major Sept, 12.

3rd Batt South Staffs Regt—Sec Lieut (on probation G Archer-Shee is confirmed in his rank.

3rd Batt Duke of Edinburgh's Wiltshire Regt—Sec Lieut on probation D Blyth resigns his commission (Dec 10.)

Admiralty, 11th December, 1913.

In accordance with the provisions of Orders in Council of 13th May, 1901, and and 11th February, 1913—Arthur William Lancelot Brewill, formerly a Sub-Lieutenant in His Majesty's Navy, has been placed on the Emergency List as Lieutenant, with seniority of 30th July, 1909.

War Office 12th December 1913.

18th (Queen Mary's Own) Hussars.

Colonel and Honorary Major-General Sir John Palmer Brabazon, K. C. B., C. V. O., to be Colonel, vice Major-General T. Phillips, deceased. Dated 10th November, 1913.

Regular Forces.

Commands and Staff.

Colonel William B. Brown, to be a Chief Engineer, vice Colonel C. W. R. St. John. Dated 29th November, 1913. Lieutenant-Colonel Launcelot R. Carleton, D. S. O., from the Essex Regiment, to be a General Staff Officer, 1st Grade, whilst employed as Commandant, Royal Military College, Kingston, Canada. Dated 29th November, 1913. Captain Herbert G. Sargeaunt, Royal Artillery to be a Major Instructor in Gunnery to complete establishment, and to be seconded. Dated 22nd October, 1913.

Captain Walter J. Maxwell-Scott, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), from a General Staff Officers 3rd Grade at the War Office to be a Brigade Major vice Brevet Major C. H. Harington, D. S. O., The King's (Liverpool Regiment). Dated 1st December, 1913. Captain Herbert E. R. R. Brain, The Royal Munster Fusiliers, from attached to the General Staff (graded Bridgade Major), to be a General Staff Officer, 3rd Grade, at the War Office vice Captain W. J. Merwell-Scott. Dated 1st December 1913.

Establishments.

School of Gunnery, Captain Edward L. Hardeastle, Royal Artillery a Captain. Instructor in Gunnery, to be a Major-Instructor in Gunnery, vice Major L. E. B. Dykes. Dated 13th December, 1913.

Inspection Staff, Captain Kenrick C. Laurie, Royal Artillery, to be an Assistant Inspector, and to be seconded, vice Captain G. Ogilvie; Royal Artilley. Dated 6th December, 1913.

Royal Flying Corps.

Cavalry.

4th (Queen's Own) Hussars, Captain Neville O. Laing is seconded for service as an Adjutant, Territorial Force. Dated 21st November, 1913. Supernumerary Captain Bindon Blood is restored to the establishment. Dated 21st November 1913.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Royal Garrison Artillery, Major Lionel E. B. Dykes is placed temporarily on the half pay list, on account of ill-health. Dated 13th December, 1913. The undermentioned Captains retire on retired pay. Dated 13th December, 1913:—Allison H. Smith Edward A. Gainsford.

Infantary.

The Royal Irish Regiment; Captain William M. Acton is seconded for service as an Adjutant, Territorial Force. Dated 17th November, 1913. Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire Regiment), Lieutenant Cecil A. Bradford is seconded for service under the Colonial Office. Dated 26th November, 1913. The Worcestershire Regiment, Lieutenant George S. Briscoe is seconded for service as an Adjutant, Territorial Force. Dated 23rd November, 1913. The Hampshire Regiment Lieutenant William Fenn-Gaskell to be Captain. Dated 3rd December, 1913.

The Essex Regiment, Major Owen G. Godfrey-Faussett, D S O to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice L R Carleton. Dated 29th November, 1913. Captain Herbert J Sammut to be Major. Dated 29th November, 1913. The Northamptonshire Regiment, Captain Stuart H J Thunder is seconded for service as an Adjutant, Territorial Force. Dated 20th November, 1913. Supernumerary Captain Robert B Parker is restored to the establishment. Dated 26th November, 1913. Princess Charlotte of Wales's (Royal Berkshire Regiment), Second Lieutenant Kenneth J Hinde resigns his commission. Dated 13th December, 1913.

Army Veterinary Service.

Army Veterinary Corps, Captain Hector M. Durrant retires, receiving a gratuity. Dated 13th December, 1913. Lieutenant Frederick B. Sneyd resigns his commission. Dated 13th December, 1913,

Memoranda.

Lieutenant Charles H. Waring, half-pay list, resigns his commission. Dated 13th December, 1913.

The undermentioned Quartermasters and Honorary Lieutenants are granted the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 13th December, 1913:—Stephen Wright, Coldstream Guards. Harry S. Lickman, Princess Charlotte of Wales's (Royal Berkshire Regiment).

General Reserve of Officers.

Foot Guards.

Lieutenant the Honourable Edward Strachey, Captain 4th Battalion, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), resigns his commission. Dated 13th December, 1913.

Special Reserve of Officers.

Cavalry.

18th (Queen Mary's Own) Hussars, Charles Henry Waring, late Lieutenant, to be Lieutenant with seniority as from 19th July, 1911. Dated 13th December, 1913.

Infantry.

3rd Battalion The King's (Liverpool Regiment.) Harold Bruce Wallace, late Cadet Lance-Corporal, Dulwich College Contingent, Officers' Training Corps, to be Second Lieutenant on probation. Dated 13th December, 1913.

3rd Battalion, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), Montagu Percy Lothian, late Cadet, Edinburgh Academy Contingent, Officers' Training Corps, to be second Lieutenant (on probation). Dated 13th December, 1913. 4th Battalion The Royal Dublin Fusiliers, Lieutenant George B. Long, from 3rd Battalion, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, to be Lieutenant Dated 13th December, 1913. 5th Battalion, The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own), Duncan William Grinnell-Milne to be Second Lieutenant (on probation) Dated 13th December, 1913.

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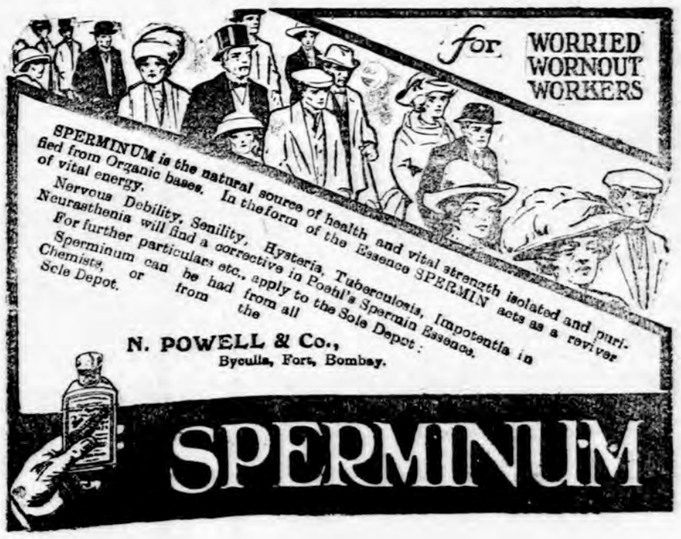

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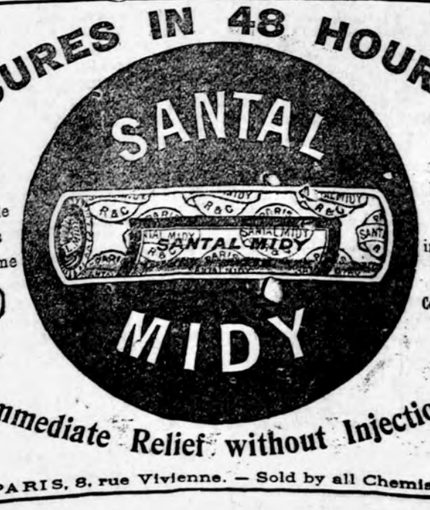

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